



GEORGE ALEXA FORTEATH, ESQ
NEWTON, ELGINSHIRE,

SCS #1287

Thomas F. Torrance

SCS #1287

Thomas F. Taranes.

THE

S C O T C H

MINISTER'S ASSISTANT,

Collection

O F

FORMS,

FOR

Celebrating the Ordinances of MARRIAGE, BAPTISM, and the LORD'S SUPPER, according to the Usage

OF THE

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND,

WITH

SUITABLE DEVOTIONS

FOR

CHURCH AND FAMILY WORSHIP.



Invernels:

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ADVERTISEMENT.

The Forms contained in the following collection, with a very few exceptions, were originally composed by the Author for his own use; and under the impression that they may be found calculated to assist the devotion of the well-disposed reader, and likewise to gratify the curiosity of those of a different communion, who may be desirous to know the religious forms of our church, they are now committed to the press.

It has often been complained of as a considerable disadvantage, that there are no Forms prescribed by the Church of Scotland for celebrating Marriage, Baptism and the Lord's Supper. Every Clergyman is left to exercise his own talents upon such occasions, with no

other assistance than a few general instructions laid down in the Directory annexed to the Confession of Faith.

As no attempt has hitherto been made by any Minister of the Church of Scotland to remedy this obvious inconvenience, the Author flatters himself that the following work, with all its imperfections, will be favourably received by his younger Brethren, for whose use it is chiefly intended. And since every subject in Divinity has been so often discussed by a variety of able writers, it would be unreasonable to expect that all the sentiments or even all the expressions in this work, should be new and original. The candid reader will be satisfied, if he shall find in this manual a selection of suitable matter arranged under proper heads.

It is by no means intended to obtrude these Forms upon those who are able to compose much better ones for themselves. On the contrary, it will afford sincere pleasure to the Author, to see a more perfect work soon published, on the plan which he has here attempted.

To the many respectable characters who have honoured this well-meant attempt with their patronage and support, much gratitude is justly due. It was certainly the intention of the Author to have prefixed their names to the work; but a correct list could not easily be procured for publication.

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JUNE TO THE

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FORMS

FOR MARRIAGE.



MARRIAGE.

FORM I,

PRAYER.

ALL our happiness proceeds from thee, O God, and unto thee our gratitude is ever due. For our past experience of thy goodness, for our present felicity, and for our future prospects, we desire to render unto thee, the Father of mercies, the tribute of our unseigned praise and thanksgiving. We beseech thee, O Lord, to cause the light of thy countenance to shine upon us at this time, and to bless the occasion of our meeting together, for the sake of Jesus Christ our Lord and Saviour. Amen.

THE EXHORTATION.

WE learn from facred scripture that marriage is a very ancient and honourable institution. Ever since the world existed, the conjugal state has been, not only the foundation, but also the chief bond and cement of human society. And when this connection is formed betwixt two persons possess of a competent share of good sense and discretion, it promises to produce as much happiness as this world can admit of. Married persons ought to look upon themselves as no longer twain but one: they are to consider themselves as more intimately connected to one another, than to the whole world besides. Indeed this relation implies and presupposes an union of hearts, a warm affection, and a hearty esteem for each other, which ought to be carefully cherished and preserved throughout their whole lives.

Further, as married persons can have only one interest, their joys and sorrows should always be one. And how comfortable is it to have a faithful friend, dear as our own soul, to whom we can freely disclose the secrets of our hearts, in sull considence that our friend will participate both in our pleasures and our pains, will divide our cares and double all our joys?!

It is even gratifying to those who look on, to see two persons of accomplished minds joined together in wedlock, discharging their respective duties with punctuality, and enjoying all the comforts of domestic life. What a pleasure is it to behold a happy pair, who are united not only in affection and interest, but also in their taste for the same improvements, the fame recreations and pleafures! while habitual complacence sweetens their satisfaction, while love and tenderness shine in their countenance, and every word and every action declares that they are mutually pleafed, and that it is their chief study to make each other happy! Such an amiable picture, will, I truft, always be exhibited in that family over which you are henceforth jointly to prefide.

(The Minister shall now desire the parties to join hands, and shall say to the man as follows.)

WILT thou have this woman to be thy married Wife, and dost thou, in the presence of God, and before these witnesses, promise

and covenant, to be a loving and faithful Hufband to her, till God shall separate you by death?

(To which the man must give his assent: Then the Minister shall say to the woman as follows.)

WILT thou have this man to be thy Hufband, and dost thou, in the presence of God, and before these witnesses, *promise* and *coven*ant to be a loving, faithful and obedient Wise to him, till God shall separate you by death?

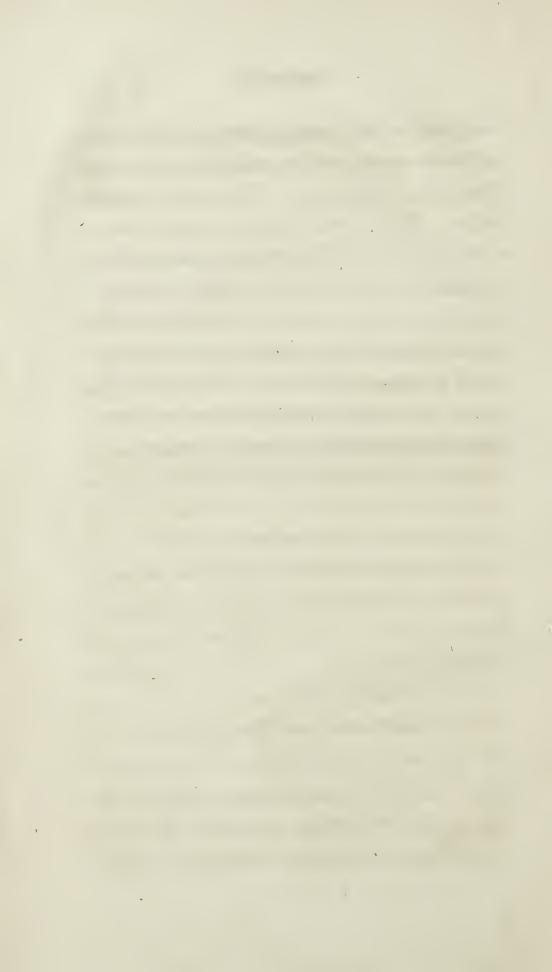
(To which the woman must give her assent. Then the Minister shall say as follows.)

I pronounce you to be Husband and Wife, according to God's ordinance. Whom God hath joined together, let no man put afunder.

CONCLUDING PRAYER.

Follow with thy bleffing O Lord that honourable inftitution which has now been celebrated according to thine appointment. Enable thy fervants who at this time have en-

fulfil their vows, and to perform the feveral duties which they owe to Thee, and to one another. With favour do thou compass them as with a shield. May the voice of joy and gladness be ever heard in their dwelling. Guide them by thy counsel through this life, and do thou finally receive them into thy blessed presence, where they shall obtain sulness of joy, and pleasures for ever more, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.



MARRIAGE.

FORM II.

PRAYER.

Ever glorious and adorable Lord our God! thou art infinitely bleffed and happy in thyfelf, and thou delightest to communicate happiness to thy creatures. We bless thee for all the comfortable accommodations which thou hast provided to sweeten our passage through this our pilgrimage state, but more especially for those spiritual blessings conferred upon us through Christ Jesus. Bless the Lord, O our souls, and forget not all his benefits. May we testify our gratitude not only by the praises of our lips, but by the obedience of our lives. By thy grace assisting, may we faithfully sulfil the duties belonging to our several places and stations. We pray O Lord, that thou

wouldst be graciously present with us at this time, and that thou wouldst bless that ordinance of thine appointment which we are now met to celebrate, for the sake of Jesus Christ our Lord and Saviour. Amen.

EXHORTATION.

MARRIAGE owes not its original institution to man's invention or device. When the Lord God created Adam and placed him in the garden of Eden, he faid it was not good for man to be alone, and therefore determined to make a help meet for him. And the Lord having formed woman out of a rib taken from the man's fide, brought her to the man, and the marriage of the first pair of the human race was celebrated by God himself in paradife, during their happy state of innocence; upon which occasion Adam is represented faying, this is now bone of my bone, and flesh of my flesh; therefore shall a man leave his father and mother, and cleave to his wife. In the fulness of time, when Christ the Son of God came to this lower world to accomplish the

work of our redemption, he gave his fanction to the original law of marriage, establishing its authority, and he honoured this institution by giving his own presence at a marriage in Cana of Gallilee, where he manifested his power and glory. The apostle Paul, as he pronounces marriage in general honourable, so speaking of the union that subsists betwixt Christ and the church, he compares it to the union that should take place betwixt married persons: "this is a great mystery," faith he, "but I speak concerning Christ and the church, "nevertheless let every one of you in particular fo love his wife even as himself, and let the "wife see that she reverence her husband."

As you, then, have your warrant and encouragement for entering into this state and relation in the word of God, so from thence you have your duty to learn; and as you would desire to prosper, to live in peace and comfort, and to die with well grounded hope, let the statutes of God be your counsellors, set the Lord before you, acknowledge him in all your ways, and he will direct your paths.

Love, which is declared to be the fulfilling of the law, comprehending the duties which we owe both to God and man, doth likewife comprehend the fum of the duties which married persons owe, one to another. And when this principle is feated in the heart, every duty belonging to the conjugal state, will naturally and eafily flow from it. It is running a dangerous risk to enter into the married state with one for whom we have not a fincere affection and esteem; nor is it enough that love should precede marriage, but there must be a mutual care and endeavour to preferve and cherish it afterwards: for love is a tender, delicate plant, that requires to be cultivated with care, and fenced from all inclement blasts, otherwise it will foon droop and die.

Married perfons must be particularly careful to maintain their fidelity to each other in preferving the marriage bed pure and undefiled: a wound given in this respect pierces deep, is most severely felt, and scarce curable.

Further, married perfons must be mutually affishing to each other in promoting their

worldly interest. It is the part of the husband to be active and industrious in making suitable provision for his family, nor must he waste and squander in dissipated courses what they have a right and title to. On the other hand, the wife must be frugal and industrious in managing her domestic concerns, that thus, she may deferve the amiable character which Solomon gives of the virtuous woman, "She looketh " well to the ways of her household, and eat-" eth not the bread of idleness, so that the " heart of her husband doth fafely trust in her." But while married persons are careful to discharge the duties of domestic life, they must be on their guard lest their hearts be too much attached to the world, and to fuch a degree as to cause them forget the one thing needful, the care of their immortal fouls. They must learn to dwell together as heirs of the grace of life, and be found walking in all the ordinances and commandments of God, blamelefs. Thrice happy the married pair who thus fpend their lives together, for after death they shall not be separated!

(Here the Minister shall desire the parties to join hands, &c.)

CONCLUDING PRAYER.

FOLLOW with thy bleffing O Lord that duty in which we have been engaged at this time. Enable the parties who have now been joined together in a marriage covenant, to live as becometh the candidates for a bleffed immortality. May it be their chief ambition and happy attainment to be found interested in that everlasting covenant which is well ordered in all things and fure. Grant O Lord that each of us who are here prefent, may feriously confider and lay to heart, that the time is drawing near when every earthly connection shall be diffolved; may we therefore rejoice as though we rejoiced not, weep as though we wept not, buy as though we possest not, and use this world as not abusing it, seeing the fashion of it passeth away. Be thou O God we humbly pray, our guide through life, our support in death, and our portion for ever more, through Jesus Christ our Lord. AMEN.

MARRIAGE.

FORM III.

EXHORTATION.

MARRIAGE has been defined, (not improperly,) a state which enlarges the scene both of our comforts and our cares. A happy marriage affords all the pleafures of friendship, all the enjoyments of fense and reason, and indeed all the fweets of domestic life. In this state, there is a certain superiority in one of the parties, so tempored with an equality in other respects between both, by reason of the near union of their persons and interests, that it founds and requires certain duties common on both fides, as well as fome diffinct and peculiar to each. The whole duties of the conjugal state may be summed up in one comprehensive word, Love. It is true indeed that the scripture enjoins women to reverence and to obey their husbands: but on the other hand, husbands are enjoined to treat their wives with gentlenefs, tendernefs and condefcenfion. When we reflect on the lafting duration as well as the intimate nature of this union, it is evident that it ought not to be formed hastily, rashly and inconsiderately. It should be the refult of mature deliberation, and of as compleat a knowledge as possible of each others natural temper, disposition and habits. There is nothing of fo great importance to us as the good qualities of the person to whom we are united for life. They not only make our prefent state agreeable, but often determine our happiness to all eternity. It is a great misfortune, however, that in forming this connection, the generality of both fexes are more attracted by wealth, fplendour and external appearances than by the qualities of the heart and mind. There are few in comparison, who are sufficiently aware that the chief happiness of the married state depends upon the prudence, difcretion, good temper and virtuous dispositions of the partner of our lives. But whatever

in the world, nothing is more certain than this, that fortune and happiness are two very distinct ideas: a discovery made by too many, when alas! it is too late.

Do we then look for happiness in the married state; let us be well satisfied that the object of our choice is governed by the principles of virtue and religion. An inattention to this point is the chief fource of that unhappiness which clouds matrimonial life. Those who are led by religious principles have a pledge to give, and it is a pledge worthy of being trusted, that they will discharge their duty to their fellow creatures, according to the different relations in which they may be placed. Where this is wanting, there is little fecurity for happiness in the married state. But even when married persons are governed by the best principles, perfection must not be looked for on either fide. In the progress of the matrimonial life, it is fcarcely possible, but that the husband and the wife will discover faults in each other which they had not previously expected. This must be the result of intimate connection and uninterrupted society. What then is to be done in consequence of such a discovery? Is affection to be repressed? Is it to be permitted to grow cold and languid, because the object of it appears tinctured with some defects which escaped our notice in that hurry of spirits and that dazzled state of mind peculiar to the season of growing attachment? By no means, my friends. The knot being tied, and a marriage covenant solemnly entered into, we must bear with one another's frailties and infirmities, and so sulfil the law of Christ.

FORMS

FOR BAPTISM.



BAPTISM.

FORM L

PRAYER.

ALMIGHTY and most merciful Father! Thou art holy in all thy ways, and righteous in all thy works; a God of truth and without iniquity, just and right art thou. We would adore thee as the true and the faithful God, who keepeth covenant and mercy with them that fear thee, and observe thy commandments. We blefs thee O Lord, that we were early baptized into the christian faith, and instructed in the duties of the christian life. We esteem it our highest honour, and inestimable privilege, that we are called by the facred name of Christ Jesus our Lord, through whom we have access by one Spirit unto the Father, and we are perfuaded that there is no other name under Heaven, given among men, whereby we can be faved.

Encouraged by thy gracious promife, that thou wilt be a God not only unto us, but to our children after us, we defire to dedicate this infant to thy fervice whom we now prefent before thee. Pour down, we befeech thee O heavenly Father, thy Spirit upon our feed, and thy bleffing upon our offspring, that they may fpring up as Willows by the water courfes, that they may become trees of righteousness, the planting of the Lord, in whom he will be glorified. Hear these our prayers O Lord, and accept of our persons and services through the merits of our Redeemer, who is God over all, bleffed for ever more. AMEN.

(The Minister shall now call upon the parent or sponsor to present the infant that is to be baptized, saying as follows.)

Do you present this child to be baptized, professing it to be your earnest desire that he (or she) may be admitted a member of the visible church?

(The parent or sponsor having declared the above to be his request, the Minister proceeds

to give a short discourse on the nature of Bap-tism, as follows.)

DISCOURSE.

The holy facrament of Baptism was instituted by our blessed Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ himself in these words, "Go ye and "teach all nations, baptizing them in the name "of the Father, Son and Holy Ghost." Such is the gracious condescension of the most high God towards us, that he not only vouchsafes to regard mankind, and to give us promises of good things, but moreover, for the ratifying and confirming of these his promises, to enter into a covenant transaction; a method which tends to convey to the heirs of promise strong consolation, at the same time laying them under the strongest ties and most binding obligations.

When the first covenant was broken and violated by the disobedience and apostacy of our first parents, God was mercifully pleased to enter into another and a better one, established upon better promises, whereof Jesus

Christ is the furety and mediator. By this new and gracious covenant, the Almighty promises to be a God to his people and to their feed after them, to bestow pardon and remission of sin, regeneration and sanctification, the aids and affishances, the consolation and support of his holy Spirit, with a right and title to eternal life, happiness and glory.

God, knowing how flow mankind are naturally in apprehending spiritual things and how apt to forget them, hath thought fit to appoint certain outward visible signs and symbols to represent the bleffings of his covenant, to be received as figns and pledges of those bleffings, and to remind the receivers of their own duty and obligations. Such is the element of water used in the sacrament of Baptism, which points out and leads us to reflect upon our guilty and polluted state by nature; the necessity of washing implying uncleanness, for that which is already clean needeth not to be washed. But it denotes the means devised by the wifdom of God for our recovery and their efficacy, even the blood of Jesus Christ, who was holy, harmless, undefiled, a Lamb without spot and without blemish, which cleanseth from all sin; and the purifying influences of the Holy Ghost the fanctifier. It further represents the freeness of these blessings, being obtainable like water, without money and without price. "Ho! every one that "thirsteth, come ye to the waters of life and "drink freely!"

The being fprinkled with water, is intended to teach the baptized person, to shun and avoid all silthiness and pollution both of slesh and spirit, and to maintain purity of heart and holiness of life and conversation. Persons are washed with water in the name of the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, not that they should be at liberty to desile themselves with sin at pleasure, but that as this action is a profession of dedication to the holy Trinity, so they might be careful to serve these adorable persons in righteousness and true holiness throughout the whole of life.

As God promises to be for his people, so he requires that they should be for him; that

they should abstain from whatever he hath forbidden, and do what he commands. The adult, persons grown up to the years of discretion, by failing to perform the conditions of God's covenant, forfeit all claim to the bleffings thereof, which bleffings, none can warrantably claim, without complying with the conditions to which they are annexed. If any, then, would derive comfort from the confideration of being called by the worthy name of Christ, and having a place in his house on earth, they should examine how far they are possessed of the dispositions and qualifications required to conftitute a real christian. This we are concerned to do particularly when we have occasion to witness the administration of Baptism. Persons by Baptism are admitted to a participation of church privileges, but by unbelief and disobedience, they cut themselves off from all spiritual benefits. In a word, Baptism saves not as it is merely the putting away the filth of the flesh, but when together with this there is the answer of a good conscience towards God.

(The Minister shall next desire the parent or sponsor to hold up the child, and take the vows of him as follows.)

Do you believe that the scriptures of the Old and New Testaments contain the mind and will of God, and that the Confession of Faith and Catechisms of this National Church, are agreeable to, and sounded upon the holy scriptures, and are you sincerely desirous that your child should be baptized in this faith? Do you promise to train up your child in the nurture and admonition of the Lord, in the knowledge of the grounds and principles of the christian religion? and do you surther engage, through divine assistance, and according to the best of your power, that you and your family shall serve the Lord?

(The Minister shall next pray to the following effect.)

O LORD our God, with thee is the fountain of life, and from thee every good and perfect gift proceeds: look down from Heaven,

the habitation of thy holinefs, upon thy fervants now affembled in this place: Fulfil the promife thou hast made to thy church, that thou wouldst be with them always to the end of the world, while they observed the ordinances of thine appointment. Deny us not thy presence on this folemn occasion, O our God, deny us not thy grace. Sanctify the element of water which is now exhibited and applied as a fign and fymbol of thy grace. Let the outward Baptism with water be accompanied with the inward Baptism of the Holy Spirit. Grant, O gracious God, that whatfoever guilt or pollution may cleave to this child in confequence of his relation to the first Adam, may be effectually removed by the blood of Christ, to whom, with thee O Father, and the Holy Spirit, we would afcribe glory and honour, dominion and praise, now and ever more. AMEN.

(Here the Minister is to demand the child's name, which being told him, he is to say (calling the child by his name) while he sprinkles a little water on the sace of the child.)

I Baptize thee in the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost.

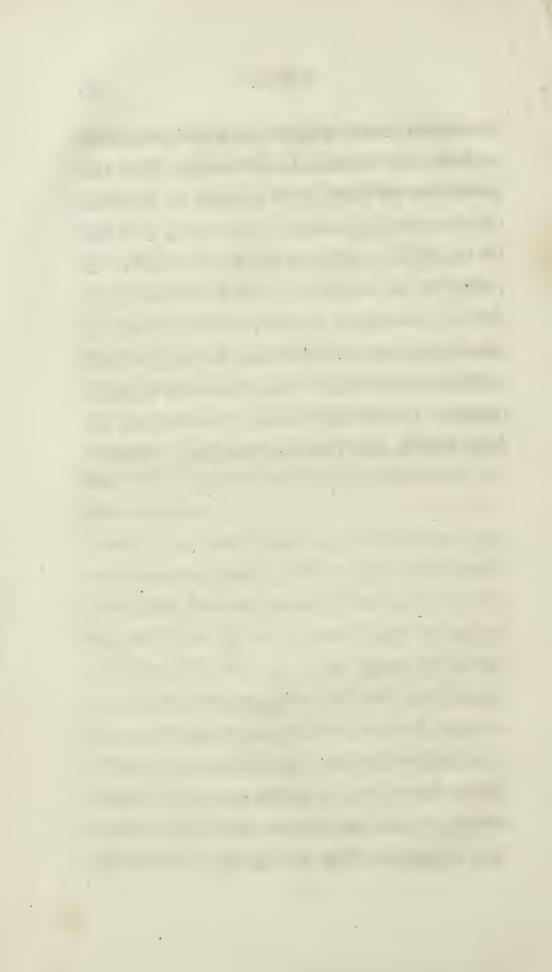
(The Minister then concludes with Prayer as follows.)

FOLLOW with thy bleffing, O gracious God, the folemn fervice in which we have now been employed. Ratify in Heaven what has been done upon earth. May the child that has now been admitted a member of the visible church, be received into the number of thine adopted children, and have a right to all the privileges of the fons of God. If it shall seem good unto thee to remove him from this transitory state in his infancy or childhood, we pray, that of thine infinite mercy thou wouldst receive him to dwell with thyfelf in glory. If thou art pleafed to lengthen his days here below, preferve him from the evil that is in the world: may he be kept by thy Almighty power through faith unto eternal falvation.

We blefs thee, O heavenly Father, for thy goodness manifested to this family on the present occasion, that there is a living mother and a living child, that thou hast been pleased to spare both root and branch. Continue thy goodness to thy handmaid we beseech thee, and restore her to perfect health, that she may walk before thee in the land of the living, and pay her vows in the presence of thy people. Impress the hearts of both parents with a lively sense of the duties which they owe to thee, to their family and to their offspring. May they be careful to train them up in the nurture and admonition of the Lord, as becomes those who have a due sense of the value of immortal souls.

May it be their pleasure, as it is their duty, to be teaching their children thy sacred truths when they sit with them in the house, when they walk by the way, when they lie down, and when they rise up. And grant, O Lord, that all their endeavours to instruct their families may be accompanied with earnest prayers to thee, for the effectual teaching of thy holy Spirit. We pray, O Lord, that thou wouldst enable each of us to remember that thy vows are upon us. We were early dedicated and

devoted to thee in Baptism. As we have sworn to keep thy commandments and to sight the good sight of faith, give us grace to perform our facred engagements. May we be ever led by thy Spirit, and may thy word dwell in us richly in all wisdom. Grant O God, that this may evidently appear by the soundness of our minds, the purity of our hearts, and the holiness of our lives. Hear these our humble requests, O heavenly Father, for the sake of Jesus Christ, our Lord and Saviour. Amen.

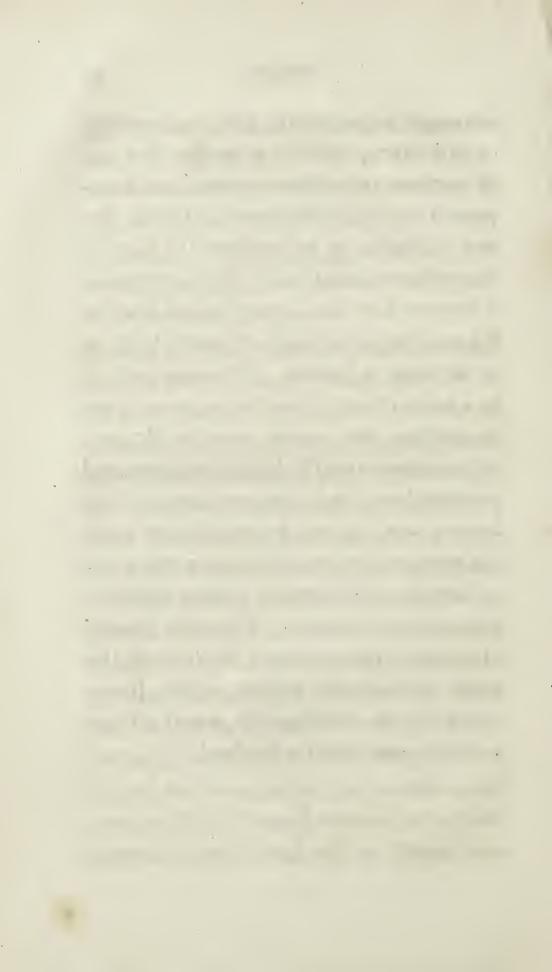


FORM II.

THE religion of our Saviour is simple, pure and spiritual, and not encumbered with ceremonies; for all fuch rites and ordinances he hath abolished, appointing only two, Baptism and the Communion, both of them plain, eafy and fignificant, and which had in them nothing that could feem strange either to Jews or Gentiles. Baptism is a religious rite which was generally practifed before our Saviour instituted it; for the Gentiles, in their solemn acts of devotion, made use of sprinklings and ablutions, and the Jews baptized all profelytes to their religion. Our Lord, in like manner, appointed this ceremony as a form of admission into his fervice, and a public acknowledgment from the admitted persons that they would, from thenceforth, be his disciples, that they would glory in his cross, and own him for their Lord and Master. This ordinance hath often been considered by pious christians, as a proper emblem of moral purity, as a suitable representation of the washing or cleansing of the soul from sin by the blood of Christ, and the influences of his Spirit.

When a parent brings his child to be baptized, he doth folemnly dedicate and devote him to the Lord, at the fame time that he puts in a humble claim, in behalf of his child, to all the inestimable blessings of that covenant which was ratified by the shedding of the blood of Tefus. The lawfulness and expediency of infant Baptism, appears from the general practice of the church, and from what the law of nature and nations teaches concerning a state of infancy. In all civilifed focieties, parents have ever been allowed to covenant for their children as well as for themselves, and we find accordingly, that children, before they arrive at years of discretion, are entitled to various advantages and privileges; they are part of the community, and treated as fuch. Since, then,

infants are subjects of the state, and members of civil fociety, by the fame reason, they may be members of religious fociety, and incorporated into the visible church of Christ. But how is Baptism to be performed.? Is it by immersion or sprinkling? At the beginning it seems to have been a very general practice, but not always, to plunge the whole body into the water at Baptism. This might answer in a warm climate where bathing was a general practice, but in cold countries like ours, fuch a custom would be highly dangerous, and accordingly we find, the generality of christians are now baptized by fprinkling or pouring water on the face, which being only a fign or fymbol, is sufficient for all the purposes of this positive institution. The great concern of baptized perfons should be, to attain that purity of heart and holiness of life, (reprefented by the washing with water) without which no man shall see the Lord.



FORM III.

THAT was a very honourable testimony which the Almighty gave of Abraham the Father of the faithful, in Gen. xviii. 18. "I know Ab-" raham (faith God) that he will command his " children and his household after him, and " they shall keep the way of the Lord, and do " justice and judgment." To deferve the same character will be the ambition of every pious parent and head of a family. Now, in order to this, two effential points must be carefully attended to. First, to convey good instruction to our families; and fecondly, to exhibit a good example before their eyes. In the first place, it is the indispensable duty of those who have the charge of youth, to feafon their tender minds early with the fundamental principles of religion, beginning with those truths

which are most simple and easy to be understood, and when children have arrived at greater maturity, let them be instructed in the more sublime doctrines of the Gospel.

In order to engage young persons to the practice of religion, we must represent it to them in the most amiable and alluring light. We must try to convince them that wisdom's ways are ways of pleafantness, and all her paths are peace; that the path which religion points out, not only leads to compleat and endless happiness in a future state, but to peace, to joy and contentment in the present state of our existence—that by adhering to the path of duty, we shall ensure to ourselves much prefent enjoyment, arising from the approbation of conscience, and the esteem and confidence of the wifest and most worthy of our fellow creatures,—but that a contrary course, that is, a profane, vicious and immoral life, will be followed with disquietude, disappointment and mifery.

But, in the fecond place, another duty incumbent on those who have the charge of youngpersons, is, to set a good example before them. Without this, our best instructions will fignify but very little, and lose their influence. It will be vain for a parent to talk to his children of the amiableness, the pleasures and the advantages of a religious life, if he shews by his own irregular conduct, that he feels none of its attractions, and that he has no delight in spiritual pleasures, no relish for divine exercifes and enjoyments. Parents should confider that their children have eyes to observe their conduct as well as ears to hear their instructions, and that a desire of imitation is natural to mankind; more especially at an early period of life, children are apt to look up to their parents as the models of wisdom and excellence. How necessary is it then, that in them they should behold living examples of devotion towards God, of kind affections and fincerity towards men, as well as of fobriety and felf-government!

" I will walk within my house (says pious "David) with a perfect heart." Happy the parent who adopts the same worthy resolution!

Thrice happy the children who are under the tuition of fo good a parent. The religious impressions which are thus early made upon the mind, will probably never be entirely essaced; and though they should disappear for a time, yet there is every reason to hope, that God will be pleased to seal the instructions of pious parents, and to crown a religious education with his special grace and blessing. "Train "up a child (saith Solomon) in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it."

FORM IV.

Baptism is a folemn rite or ceremony, whereby persons are admitted members of the visible church according to Christ's appointment. This ordinance is administered by washing with water in the name of the several persons of the adorable Trinity. But what is the spiritual meaning of this washing with water? and what is meant by using the sacred names of Father, Son and Holy Ghost in this ordinance?

In the first place, this washing with water implies a humble acknowledgement of some pollution and desilement, otherwise there would be no need of washing. Whosoever is baptized doth profess and declare that he is by nature a desiled creature, a sinner, and therefore unfit for communion with a thrice holy God,

until he is washed and purified: Accordingly, we read in Matthew iii. 6. that the Jews who attended on the ministry of John, were baptized of him in Jordan, confessing their fins; and therefore they came to the water seeking to be purified.

But in the fecond place, Baptisin implies a belief of the bleffed provision which God has made in the gospel for the purification of our fouls from fin and all its pollutions. He has provided for the removal of the guilt of fin, by giving his own Son for an atoning facrifice, whose blood cleanfeth from all fin. He has also provided for subduing the power of fin, by the effusion of his holy Spirit to renew and fanctify our corrupt nature. Hence we are faid to be faved by the washing of regeneration and renewing of the Holy Ghost: and the water made use of in Baptism is a significant emblem of both these bleffings, viz. of the blood of Jesus, and of the purifying influences of the Holy Spirit.

But further, christian Baptism implies a humble acceptance of the blessings purchased

by Christ, and a consenting to all the terms and conditions of the new covenant. When we are baptized in the name of the Father, Son and Holy Ghost, this implies that we make choice of God as our portion, Christ as our faviour, our advocate and interceffor, and the Holy Spirit as our guide and our fanctifier. In a word, the parent (or fponfor) by prefenting the child to be baptized, doth folemnly devote him to the Lord, and enrols his name in God's family, as one who hopes to enjoy all the privileges of God's adopted children, and who, by this folemn act, is bound to renounce the devil, the world and the flesh, and to walk constantly, in all the ordinances and commandments of God, blameless.



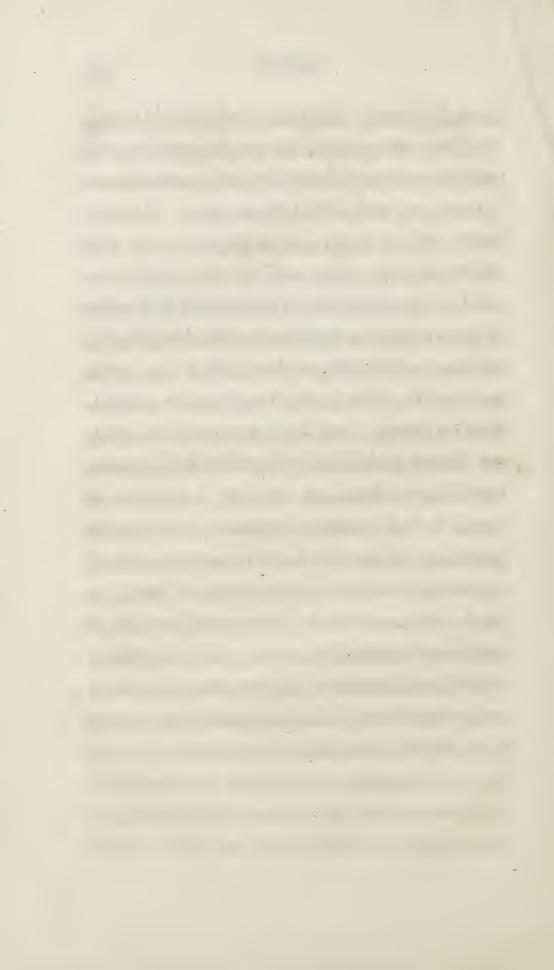
FORM V.

IRUE religion is in a great measure an inward and spiritual thing: but it is of vast importance towards the prefervation of any particular religion in the world, to have some of the most considerable points of it held forth or represented in visible ceremonies, to strike the fenses of men, and to dwell upon their imagination. The God of nature knows our frame, how much we are touched and affected by things fenfible, and therefore he hath condescended to deal with us in this manner, in all ages of the church; and upon this account the two chief bleffings of the new testament, viz. cleanfing from the defiling principles of fin by the Holy Spirit, and washing from the guilt of fin by the blood of Christ, are held forth to our fenses in the two great ordinances of



FORM VI.

I HOPE you are duly sensible that your children are a great trust committed to you by the Lord. Remember that when God bestows a child upon you, he fays to you in effect as Pharaoh's daughter faid to the mother of Moses, "Take this child and nurse it for " me." Now this is a great and weighty trust indeed, for in your hands are deposited the hopes of the next generation. Families are the feminaries and nurferies both of church and state. If then, they are once corrupted, other focieties cannot long continue in a flourishing state. By many ties, parents are bound to attend to their education of their children. It is a duty repeatedly enjoined in scripture to train them up in the nurture and admonition of the Lord. (Prov. xxii. 6. Eph. vi. 4.) Our



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children are parts of ourselves: to us, as instruments in the hands of God, they owe their existence in the world, and therefore we are bound to make every exertion to promote their happiness and to prevent their misery. To this we are also bound, by the vows we take when we prefent them to be baptized, which would otherwise be a solemn mocking of God. And it cannot be denied, that parents have many advantages for discharging this duty. Children while young and teachable, are immediately under their parents eye: Youth is the moulding age; the heart is then tender and impressible: a young twig may easily be reduced to any form, but when once it grows up to a tree, it will be difficult to bend it; it will become stiff and untractable.

Further, parents have power and authority over their children, in as much as they depend upon them for protection and fublishence; and fure their authority should be exerted in a special manner to promote the spiritual improvement of their offspring. Remember how God was provoked with Eli for his indulgence

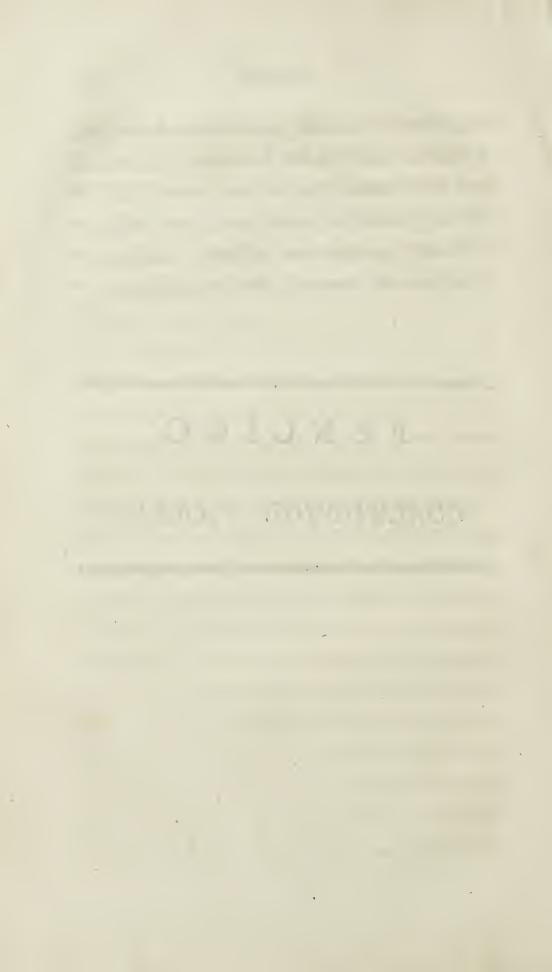
flicted on him. (I Sam. ii. chap.) Think of this, ye parents who can patiently endure to fee your children trampling on the laws of God: Think of this, ye who can without reproof or correction, fuffer them to lie, to fwear, to profane the Lord's day, or to be guilty of any other fin which God has forbidden in his word. Remember David's indulgence to his fon Adonijah, and how he was punished for it; he raifed an infurrection against him in his own kingdom. (I Kings i. 6.)

But still farther, remember, parents, that if you neglect to instruct your children in the principles of religion and virtue, God will require their blood at your hands at the last day. How will you be able in that day to look up to God with confidence, or to meet your children, who will then justly reproach you with your cruel negligence, and charge you with being the authors of their misery? God grant that christian parents may lay these things to heart, so as to make conscience of training up their young ones in the fear of the Lord.

conclude by addressing you in the words of Moses to the people of Israel, (Deut. xxx. 19.) "I call heaven and earth to witness this day against you, that I have set before you life and death, blessing and cursing: therefore chuse life, that both thou and thy seed may live."

FENCING

COMMUNION TABLES.



THE LORD'S SUPPER.

FENCING TABLES.

DISCOURSE I.

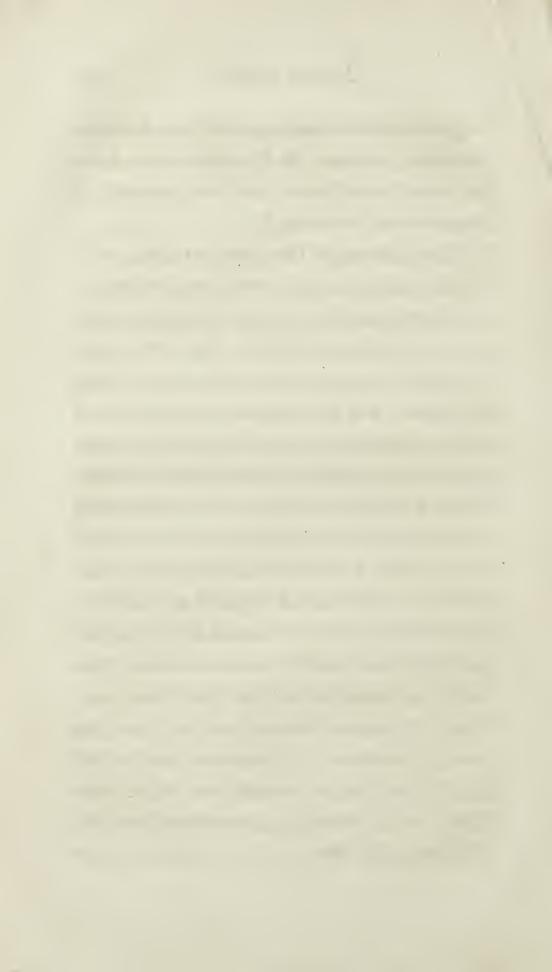
THE facrament of the Lord's Supper, is not a ceremony of man's invention, but it is an inflitution and appointment of Jefus Christ the King of Zion, the Head of the Church, to whom all power in heaven and on earth was committed by the Father. It was the will and pleasure of our Lord and Saviour, that his death should be commemorated by his followers, in such a manner as he shewed them the same night in which he was betrayed; namely, by giving thanks suitable to the occasion, breaking bread and delivering it to his disciples, and pouring wine into a cup, desiring them all to drink of it. For this reason it is, that the table on which the bread and wine

are ferved up is called the Lord's Table. It is he that covers it with the heavenly provision, and invites us to partake, that our souls may be fatisfied as with marrow and fatness. "Come," says he "eat of my bread, and drink "of the wine which I have mingled. Eat O "friends, drink, yea drink abundantly O be-"loved." But we must remember, that it is a spiritual repast which is here provided: It is not the body, but the soul that is here fed. The bread and the wine are no more than symbols of Christ's body and blood. Our faith must therefore be exercised on Christ and him crucisied, otherwise, we can derive no spiritual benefit from this ordinance.

It is therefore of the highest importance, that our commemoration of a suffering Saviour be attended with suitable affections. We should remember Christ in this ordinance, with a penitent sense of our sins, which were the causes of his death; with an ardent love and gratitude for his dying love to us; with an humble saith and considence in the merit of his death to procure our acceptance with God, and with

a voluntary dedication of ourselves to him and his service for ever. And hence we may learn the character of those who are prepared to communicate at this feast.

They, and only they, are prepared, who are true penitents, fully convinced of their fins, and deeply fensible of their malignity, especially as nailing Christ to the cross, and thoroughly determined to forfake them. They are fuch as feel the constraining influence of the love of Christ, and are determined, through grace affifting them, to live no more to themfelves, but to him that died for them and rose again. Examine yourselves, and try whether the characters I have now named apply to you. If they do, you need not perplex yourselves with endless doubts and scruples respecting the qualifications of worthy communicants. Rather be exhorted to lay aside your fears, and humbly approach the table of the Lord, to render unto him the facrifice of praise and thankfgiving, and to receive fresh tokens and pledges of his unchangeable good will and affection towards you.



THE LORD'S SUPPER.

FENCING TABLES.

DISCOURSE II.

An opportunity which to some of us may never occur again, is, in the good providence of God, given us this day, of celebrating the wonders of redeeming love, and of personally devoting ourselves to the service of our God and Saviour. The numberless instances of his undeserved goodness to us, the guilty children of men, claim this grateful return. If we reslect upon the circumstances in which our blessed Redeemer appointed this solemn ordinance, we must feel ourselves under strong obligations to comply with his dying request. He had now finished his public ministry, in the course of which he had endured much contradiction from sinners. He had just so-

lemnized his last passover, and was ready to offer himfelf up as a public propitiatory facrifice for the fins of the world. It was then, my brethren, even on that night in which he was betrayed, when he was confcious that his enemies lay in wait for him, thirsting for his blood, and that he should soon be forsaken by all his friends, and left alone to encounter all the rage and malice of earth and hell, that he enjoined this ordinance to be observed. Even in these trying circumstances, our Redeemer was fo mindful of the confolation of his church, that he instituted this facrament as a pledge of his love, as a memorial of his fufferings and death, and as the means of conveying all the rich and ineftimable bleffings which he purchased by his death, to all true believers and fincere penitents. Can you then refuse to comply with fo reasonable a request? Surely my friends, if a dying parent or brother had given you a charge almost with his expiring breath, you could not lightly have acted contrary to it. How much greater regard do you owe to what the bleffed Jesus appointed the

fame night in which he was betrayed? In the early and purer ages of the church, we learn that the followers of Jesus were very strict in observing this his dying command. We read in Acts ii. 42. that "they continued "stedsaftly in the apostles' doctrine, and fel-"lowship, and in breaking of bread, and in "prayers."

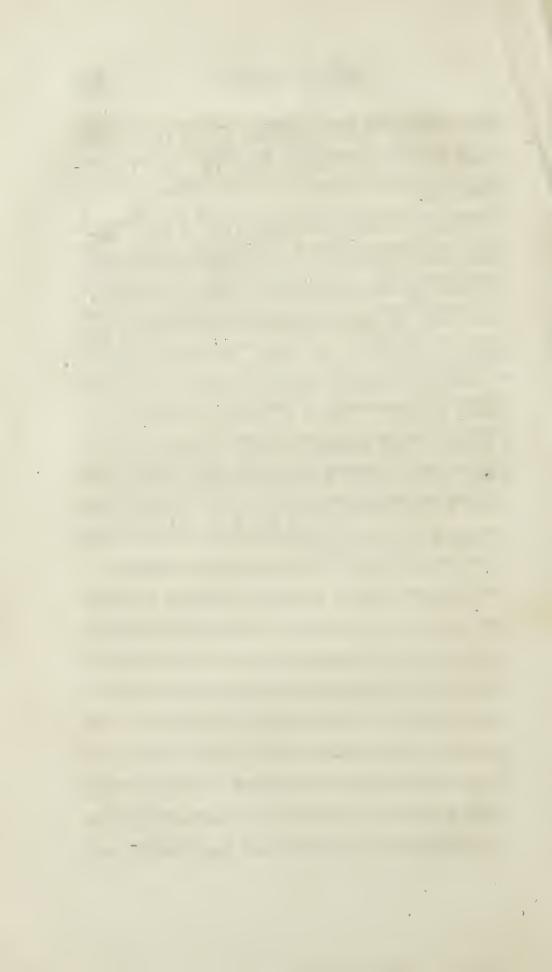
The holy Communion appears to have made a part of the fervice, at every religious meeting, especially on the Lord's day; for we find Pliny in his. famous letter to Trajan the Roman Emperor, concerning the christians, declaring, "that they used to meet on a set " day before fun rifing, and after other parts " of worship, they used to bind themselves by " a facrament, or folemn oath, to do no evil." And though I am far from thinking it necesfary to falvation that we should exactly follow them therein, yet furely, the zeal of the primitive christians was infinitely preferable to the coldness and infensibility of these in our days. Let no man therefore excuse himself from commemorating the death of Christ, by

faying, that this is only a positive institution, which may easily be dispensed with without much hazard. It is a duty binding on us, because our Redeemer has enjoined it, even though we should not be able to discover the usefulness or propriety of it. But must we not all acknowledge that this ordinance of Christ adds greatly to the solemnity of our worship, that it assists our faith, and strengthens our social affections? It is peculiarly serviceable, as it recalls to our minds the most important sacts and principles of christianity, and lays us under the strongest obligations to lead a holy and heavenly life.

Neither let any man object, that religion being a personal thing, a sacred transaction betwixt God and the soul, there is no occasion for making a public profession of it. For nothing is more clearly taught in scripture than this, that they who believe the doctrine of Christ, ought to profess their belief before the world, and that they who have entered into the spirit of the gospel, will be sound in the practice of all its institutions. Like Zacharias and Elizabeth,

they will be found walking in all the commandments and ordinances of the Lord, blameless.

Finally, let us remember, that as with the heart man believeth unto rightcoulnels, so with the mouth confession is made unto salvation: and let our Saviour's awful words be deeply engraven on each of our hearts: "Whosoever shall confess me before men, him "will I confess before my Father who is in heaven, and whosoever shall be ashamed of me before men, of him also shall I be ashame" ed, when I come in the glory of my Father, with my holy angels."



THE LORD'S SUPPER.

FENCING TABLES.

DISCOURSE III.

It is the peculiar excellency of the gospel of Christ, that it is spiritual and plain in its doctrines and precepts, and easy and simple in all its institutions; so that our blessed Redeemer might justly say, "my yoke is easy, and my burden is light." One of these simple institutions we have now immediately in view, and that in obedience to one of those plain precepts, "do this in remembrance of me." And may I not on this occasion address you, my brethren, as Naaman's servant did his master, "My father, if the prophet had bid "thee do some great thing, wouldst thou not "have done it; how much rather then, when "he saith to thee, wash and be clean?" All

that the Redeemer requires of you in return for his aftonishing love, is, that you celebrate the memorial of his death, by eating and drinking at his table. He does not require of you what is hard and difficult to perform, fuch as to go upon a pilgrimage to Jerusalem, and there to offer up costly facrifices. He does not require of you to scourge and torment your bodies by way of penance for fin, nor to abstain from food and nourishment. No, the duty he enjoins is both pleafant and eafy to perform, namely, to fit down and feast with him at his table; "Take, eat," faith he, "this " is my body broken for you. This cup is " the new testament in my blood, shed for you, " drink ye all of it." Can we refuse a request fo reasonable and easy, when it is made by him who loved us and gave himfelf, an offering to God of a fweet fmelling favour? Shall we refuse to drink wine at his table, who, upon the crofs, drank vinegar mixed with gall for our fakes? Did our Saviour drink a cup of wrath in our stead, and shall we not thankfully receive from his hand the cup of bleffing?

Let each of us rather on this solemn occasion, adopt the resolution of the pious Psalmist, "I " will take the cup of falvation," fays he, " and " I will call upon the name of the Lord: I will " pay my vows to the Lord now, in the pre-"fence of all his people." When our Redeemer fays, "Do this in remembrance of " me," should not our hearts reply, Lord, what is it that we would not do for thy fake, who hast done and suffered so much for us? Whom shall we remember if we forget thee? If we forget thee, O our Saviour, let our tongues cleave to the roof of our mouth, if we remember not thee, let our right hand forget her cunning. Are we determined this day to obey the dying command of our Redeemer, and do we expect and desire to enjoy communion with him at his table? Then we must resolve, through grace assisting us, that we thall have no fellowship with the unfruitful works of darkness, but rather reprove them. Remember that as often as we fit down at the Lord's Table, we folemnly engage ourfelves to maintain a perpetual war against all the ene-

mies of Christ without and within us. And whenever we prefume to come to this table of the Lord, without this war maintained in our conversation, we are guilty of the body and blood of Christ, we eat and drink judgment to ourselves, not discerning the Lord's body. Let every man examine himself, therefore, before he partakes of the holy facrament; for to the wicked, God faith, "what haft thou to "do, to declare my statutes, or that thou " shouldst take my covenant in thy mouth? " feeing thou hatest instruction and castest my "words behind thee?" Remember, "they that " are in the flesh cannot please God." (Rom. viii. 8.) And "the works of the flesh are ma-" nifest, which are these, adultery, and every " fpecies of impurity, idolatry, witchcraft, "hatred, variance, emulations, wrath, strife, " feditions, herefies, envyings, murders, drunk-"enness, revellings and such like." For them that do fuch things, there is a cup in the hand of the Lord, and the wine of it (faith the Pfalmist) is red, but it is the cup of indignation, and the wine of the fierceness of his wrath. Rev. xvi. 19.

Let us then who expect to enjoy communion with our Redeemer on this folemn occafion, resolve from henceforth to renounce all ungodliness and worldy lusts; let us crucify the flesh, with all its irregular appetites and defires. Let the grace and mercy of God, revealed in the gospel, powerfully constrain us to prefent ourselves as living sacrifices, holy, and acceptable to God, which is our reasonable fervice. Draw nigh thus to God, and he will draw nigh to you: cleanse your hands ye finners, and purify your hearts ye double minded. Come to this feaft of love, hungering and thirsting after righteousness, for God hath promifed to fatisfy the longing foul, and to fill the hungry with good things. Let the meek, the peaceable and the charitable, draw near to their Father's table; for the meek shall eat, and shall be satisfied: Let the merciful draw near, for they shall obtain mercy: 'The mourners in Zion, for they shall be comforted: The pure in heart, for they shall see God: And the poor in spirit, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven.

He who will, at the last day, say to you to whom the characters now mentioned apply, "Come ye blessed of my Father, inherit the "kingdom prepared for you from the begin-"ning of the world," has now covered a table for you in the presence of your enemies, and authorises his Ministers to invite you, saying, come ye blessed souls, receive these tokens of your Redeemer's love, as pledges and earnests of future bliss, to strengthen you in your pilgrimage-state, and to enable you to rejoice in hope of the glory of God.

THE LORD'S SUPPER.

FENCING TABLES.

DISCOURSE IV.

We are now, my brethren, about to commemorate the most important event that ever happened upon earth: an event accomplished upwards of seventeen hundred years ago, but never to be forgotten: an event that extends its happy consequences to the remotest periods of eternity: I mean, the sufferings and death of Jesus Christ, our adorable Redeemer. Christ crucified is now to be evidently set forth before your eyes. You are called to contemplate him by faith, "coming from Edom, with "dyed garments from Bozrah, travelling in "the greatness of his strength, mighty to save." In this amazing transaction, you may behold salvation wrought out for fallen man, in a

manner consistent with the honour of the divine perfections. In Christ Jesus, mercy and truth have met together; righteousness and peace have kissed each other.

This great falvation wrought out by the Son of God is the admiration of angels; they defire to pry into this mystery of redeening love. It is the envy of the fallen angels, who have no lot nor part in it: well does it therefore become us, to whom the blessings of falvation are freely offered, to celebrate the memory of redeeming love, in obedience to our Saviour's dying command, "Do this in remembrance of me." But in what manner are we to remember the death of Christ? What are the qualifications of worthy communicants, and who are debarred from this table? This will appear, if we consider some of the chief ends of this facred institution,

In the first place, this ordinance was appointed to be a memorial of Christ's sufferings and death, and of the inestimable blessings which he hath purchased for his church, by shedding his blood upon the cross. Therefore,

all those are debarred from this holy table, who are grossly ignorant of the doctrine of the gospel, and of the ends of Christ's death. For such persons to partake of the Lord's Supper, would be a solemn mocking of God, and deceiving their own souls, seeing they cannot discern the Lord's body.

- badge of our christian profession, to testify to the world, that so far from being ashamed of the cross of Christ, we glory and triumph in it. We triumph in it as the sole foundation of our hope of eternal life. At the Lord's Table, we solemnly acknowledge that we have forfeited our title to life, and confessing our sins, lay our hand upon the head of the great facrifice of atonement. Therefore I debar from this holy table, all insidels who deny the Lord that bought them, all those who are ashamed of the cross of Christ, and trust in themselves that they are righteous before God.
- 3. This ordinance was appointed to promote the spiritual nourishment and growth in grace of true christians, and therefore supposes

a principle of fpiritual life being already received and implanted in the heart. Therefore I debar from this holy table, all unconverted finners, who have never experienced the mighty power of divine grace quickening their dead fouls, and uniting them to Chrift by a living faith. As many as profess to be the disciples of Jesus, without being thus united to Chrift, may be compared to dead and withered branches, and can receive no more benefit from coming to the Lord's Table, than a dead man can from meat and drink. Where there is no principle of life, it is impossible to derive nourishment or refreshment from the best of food.

4. This ordinance was intended to promote union and brotherly love among those who profess to be children of the same Father, redeemed by the same Saviour, animated by the same Spirit, and heirs of the same glorious hopes; and therefore I debar from this holy table, all those, who, instead of cherishing kind affections, harbour malice and ill-will in their breasts against their fellow christians.

Hear to this purpose our Saviour's own decision, (Math. v. 23, 24.) "If thou bring thy "gift to the altar, and there rememberest that "thy brother hath ought against thee, leave "there thy gift before the altar, and go thy "way; first be reconciled to thy brother, and "then come and offer thy gift."

5. Another end of coming to the Lord's Table, is to renew our covenant with God in Christ, to engage our fidelity to him, and to receive the feal of his faithful promifes to us. For all the bleffings and privileges which Christ has purchased and promised in the gospel, are fealed in this ordinance to the worthy receiver, and therefore it is called the new testament or covenant in his blood. And the language of our appearance at a communion table, is, that we highly value an interest in this covenant, which is well ordered in all things and fure; that we are fenfible we greatly need the bleffings of it; that in order to receive thefe bleffings, we are refolved to ftand to the terms of this covenant; and that we "join ourselves "therefore to the Lord in a perpetual cove"nant, never to be forgotten." And if this is the language of our hearts too, and we are fincere from time to time in our covenant transactions; we may then comfortably expect a constant supply of the blessings of it in the present world, according to our various states and circumstances in life, and the eternal blessings of it in the world to come.

THE LORD'S SUPPER.

FENCING TABLES.

DISCOURSE V.

Every inftitution of God challenges our veneration and regard. But that divine ordinance, now more immediately in our view, has a peculiar folemnity stamped upon it by a variety of circumstances. It leads us to the contemplation of death, which is a subject that naturally tends to make men serious and thoughtful. But it is not death in its common form, or the death of an ordinary person, that is brought to our view in this holy sacrament of the Supper. This institution recalls to our thoughts the cruel and ignominious death which our adorable Redeemer suffered upon the cross; which is the source of all our comfort as guilty creatures, and the only soundation

of our hope of eternal life. In the death of the bleffed Jesus, we may behold the divine justice fully satisfied—mercy glorified, and a door of hope set open to every returning, penitent sinner.

Sure, then, it is with reverence and awe upon our fpirits, and with the most exalted apprehensions of the divine perfections so illustriously displayed in the work of our redemption, that it becomes us to draw near to God in this ordinance. Let us remember that holiness becomes God's house, and in a special manner becomes his table.

Habitual holiness is required of all those who would be worthy communicants. The Lord's Table is not to be viewed in the light of an ordinary, where all the guests that enter, of whatever character, are to be promiscuously entertained. No, my brethren,—The facramental bread is children's bread, and it is not to be cast away upon the profane and immoral. In the primitive ages of the church, we read, that after sermon was done, and when they were going to celebrate the Lord's Supper, an

officer stood up and cried, "Holy things belong " only to those who are holy;" and then feveral of the congregation were to depart. Nay, the very heathens themselves were so sensible of the absolute necessity of preparing themselves for the worship of their Gods, that before the celebration of their fuperstitious rites, they used to cry out, Procul este profani, i. e. Let all wickedand unprepared persons be gone. Hearts full of rancour and malice, are not meet to come to this feaft of love. Feet that walk in the unhallowed paths of fin, are not fit to tread in God's holy courts. Mouths that are polluted with profane fwearing and evil speaking, are not fit to eat and drink the facred fymbols of Christ's body and blood. In a word, Christ debars from his holy table, all profane and fcandalous finners, who live in the allowed and habitual violation of his righteous precepts, or in the habitual neglect of those duties whereby his disciples should be distinguished from the men of the world.

But on the other hand, Christ, the master of this feast, invites and encourages every

humble, penitent finner to draw near his table, and to be partaker of the facred fymbols of his body and blood.

Perhaps, O Christian, you are deterred by a consciousness of guilt and infirmity, of the weakness and imperfection of your graces, from obeying your Redeemer's dying command; but, to remove this objection, confider, it is not the weakness of our faith, that unfits us for this facrament; 'twas instituted on purpose to strenghen it. 'Tis not the languishing of our love that unfits us; it was instituted on purpose to inflame it. 'Tis not the faintness or obscurity of our hope that unfits us; it was inftituted on purpose to confirm and eftablish it. 'Tis not, in a word, the fcantiness of our graces and gifts, that unfits us for this facrament; it was instituted on purpose to convey and communicate more to us. But it is our living in wilful fin, our perfevering impenitently in a wicked and difobedient course, that disqualifies and unfits us for this ordinance. Remember, O fearful chriftian, that perfection in holiness is not the

that you appear at the table of the Lord, not to declare to the world, that you are more holy and righteous than your neighbours, but rather, you profess there, that, being conscious of much guilt and imperfection, you renounce all considence in your own righteousness, and desire to fly to the atonement of Jesus as your only refuge, and resolve through affishing grace, to live henceforth, not to yourselves, but to him who died for you, and rose again. Are these the views and sentiments with which you desire to fit down at the Lord's Table?—Then you may assure yourselves of being acceptable guests at this spiritual feast.



THE LORD'S SUPPER.

FENCING TABLES.

DISCOURSE VI.

When we are entering upon the solemn service of this day, it becomes us, my christian brethren, to recollect our obligations to the goodness of God, who hath delivered us from the power of darkness, and has translated us into the kingdom of his dear Son. It may tend to cherish our gratitude, to increase our love to God, and confirm our purposes of holy obedience, if we consider the state of darkness from which we are delivered, and the glorious kingdom into which we are translated or introduced:—if we reslect on the difference between the service in which we are now engaging, and what would probably have been

our employment, had we continued in that darkness which involved our ancestors while they were pagans; and had not God delivered us from that corrupt, superstitious and dangerous form of christianity, which we call popery. First, we should remember, that we are descended from beathen ancestors, who were under the power of darkness, and subjects of a kingdom, full of ignorance, idolatry, fin and mifery. Had we not been favoured with the light of the gospel, we might now have been joining in facrifices offered to devils or dæmons; we might have been paying homage to the departed spirits of our kings and generals, and commemorating their heroic deeds, instead of celebrating the death of our adorable Redeemer. Had we remained in heathenish ignorance, like many of our forefathers, we might, perhaps, on this day, have been attending the facrifice of a beloved child or friend, offered in the most cruel manner, to an imaginary god, or we might be joining in some other rites and services, inhuman, of this island were notorious. It should excite and cherish our fervent gratitude, that we are translated from this dark and savage state, into the kingdom of God's dear Son; that we are favoured with christian privileges, especially this ordinance, so excellent in itself, so pleasing to a holy God, and so conducive to our spiritual improvement.

Again, It becomes us to acknowledge with gratitude the goodness of God, in delivering us from the power of popish darkness, and making us subjects of that kingdom of his dear Son, which is not of this world. The kingdom of the Pope is (as St. John foretold it would be, Rev. xvi. 10.) full of darkness, little better than the former darkness of paganism. The subjects of that kingdom are not allowed to read the scriptures. They are discouraged and kept from free enquiry, and their public prayers and praises are offered up in an unknown tongue. But let me on this occasion, particularly remind you, how grossly the Lord's

Supper is misrepresented, dishonoured and perverted by popery. Falsehood, sacrilege and idolatry are mingled with this sacred service.

The unhappy members of the church of Rome, are taught and obliged to believe, the abfurd doctrine of transfubstantiation, or, that upon pronouncing the words of consecration over the elements, by the priest, this is my body, the bread and wine are actually changed into the substance of Christ's sless and blood; a doctrine, I say, not only absurd in itself, and contrary to our understanding and senses, but contrary also to the very nature of the ordinance, which is a sign or symbol, and not the thing signified.

Again, the church of Rome afferts, that this facrament is a proper atonement for those on whose account it is presented; and that there is a fresh offering of Christ, every time the Mass is celebrated. This is a high indignity to our blessed Lord, as if his atonement were not sufficient. It is contrary to scripture,

which declares that Christ once suffered; that the body of Jesus was offered once for all. This sacrament, which we are about to celebrate, is a commemoration of a sacrifice once offered—not the offering of a new one.

- 2. In the church of Rome, facrilege is mingled with this fervice. The popish laity are denied the wine, because the church saith, that the bread contains the whole body of Christ; a notion grounded on the absurd doctrine of transubstantiation. It is also contrary to the command of Christ, who enjoins, that his disciples should all drink of the cup. It is contrary to the practice of the apostles and primitive christians, who partook of the cup as well as of the bread; and it is a wicked usurpation of the rights of christians.
- 3. Once more, in the church of Rome, idolatry is mingled with this holy inftitution. The papifts worship the host, that is, the facramental bread and confectated waser; as if Christ's real body were present. They kneel as it passeth by them in the streets, and wor-

thip it with divine worship, when lifted up at the altar. Thus they worship a god which the priest hath made.

These are the doctrines and practices of popish countries. And had not the kindness of God appeared to us in bringing about the reformation, these had been our tenets and practices, or we had died martyrs, for refusing to comply with them.

What infinite reason have we then, my christian and protestant brethren, to bless God, that we are delivered from all these errors, and that the solemn ordinance of the Lord's Supper is administered to us on this day, in its original simplicity and purity. See then, brethren, that you make your solemn approaches to God on this occasion, with an humble and thankful heart, desiring to remember and to reverence our Lord Jesus Christ, as the only King and head of the church, and to enter a public protest against all rivals and usurpers of his authority and dominion. Renouncing all other lords of your faith, you must pay your

homage to Jefus as the divine and all-fufficient teacher, as your only mafter and lord.

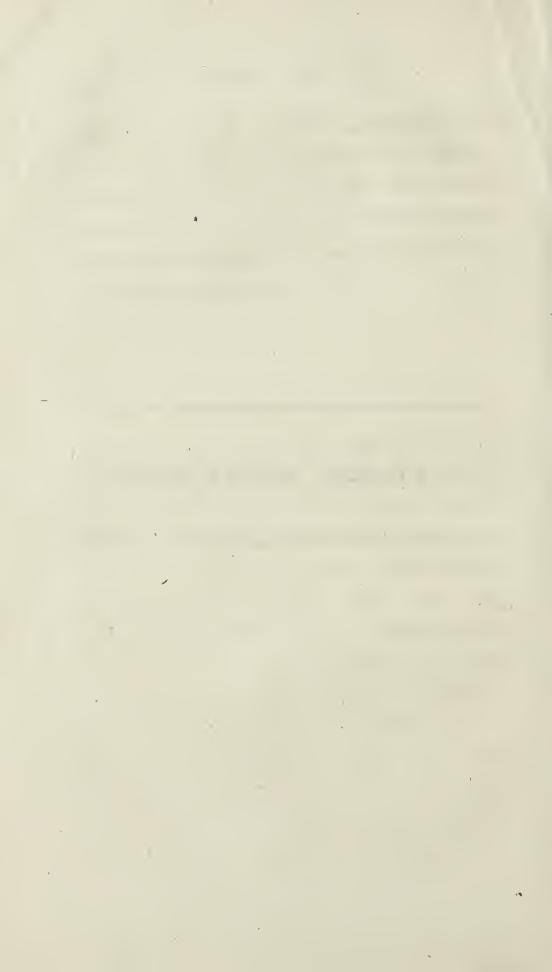
This day, you are called upon to celebrate the victories of your Redeemer over fin and death, and all the powers of darkness, and to dedicate and devote yourselves to his service, whom God hath exalted to be a prince and a saviour.

On this day, you are also to declare to the world, that you are of that number, who renounce all confidence in the flesh, who rejoice in the Lord Jesus, trusting your eternal interests in his hands, who is able to save to the uttermost all who come to God through him, being firmly persuaded that the gates of hell shall never prevail against his church, but that he will save all his faithful subjects with an everlasting salvation.

Finally, brethren, while you keep this feast with the most lively gratitude to God for your civil and religious privileges, it becomes you to think with tender compassion on those nations, who are yet sitting in darkness, and in the shadow of death. Beg of God to send

forth his light and his truth, to dispel the thick clouds of ignorance and error which overspread so great a part of the world, and to hasten the time, when a pure offering shall be presented to him in righteousness, from the rising to the setting sun. Amen.

TABLE SERVICES.



THE LORD'S SUPPER.

COMMUNION SERVICE.

TABLE I.

You are now, my christian brethren, come forward to the Lord's Table in obedience to his dying command, "Do this in remem-"brance of me." I hope you are duly sensible, that a bare historical remembrance of Christ, is not enough upon this occasion; for even Judas remembers Christ after this manner. He remembers with bitter repentance and insupportable anguish of mind, that he betrayed his holy and innocent Lord and master into the hands of his enemies. Pilate also remembers, that, to gratify the Jews, he passed sentence of condemnation against the blessed Jesus, although by his own confession, he found no fault in him. But it is with other sentiments

and views, that the friends of Jesus remember him at his own table. They remember him with the most lively gratitude, as that compasfionate Saviour, who looked with pity upon them in their low and loft estate, when there was no other eye to pity, or hand to help them. They remember him as the lamb of God that taketh away the fins of the world; and by faith, they behold him in this ordinance, bearing their fins in his own body on the accurfed tree. If you, my christian friends, thus remember your Redeemer, you will confider yourselves under the most binding obligations to love, to honour and to obey him, who loved you and gave himself for you. You must not forget, my brethren, that it is a practical remembrance of himfelf, which our bleffed Redeemer expects and requires of those who profess his name. It is such a remembrance as warms the heart, enlivens the affections, prompts us to imitate him, and to covet a participation of his Spirit, as well as of his merit. You are called to remember Christ upon this occasion, not only as your

merciful high priest, who has atoned for your sins by the facrifice of himself, but also as your teacher and your guide, who is endued with heavenly wisdom to instruct you, and who is also invested with authority to command you, according to the ancient prophecy concerning him, "I have given him for a "witness to the people, a leader and a commander to the people."

As often as you celebrate the memorial of your Redeemer's death, you must remember what he has taught you, as well as what he has purchased for you; firmly resolving, in an humble dependence upon the promised aids of his Spirit, to follow whithersoever he leads, and that you will testify your gratitude for his love, by every possible expression of it in your power, especially by a respectful and reverential regard to his instructions, and by a willing and chearful obedience to all his other commandments, as well as to his last and dying command, "Do this in remembrance of "me."

Trusting that you, my fellow christians,

have now approached this holy table, with fuch fentiments and dispositions as are becoming the solemn service in which you are engaged, I proceed to deliver to you the sacred symbols of Christ's body and blood.

"The Lord Jesus Christ, the same night in which he was betrayed, took bread, and when he had given thanks, (as has been done in his name), he brake it, and said, take, eat, this is my body which is broken for you, this do in remembrance of me."

Well does it become us, my brethren, to remember him, who remembered us in our low and lost estate, because his mercy endureth for ever. Can we ever forget him, who chearfully submitted to be wounded for our transgressions and bruised for our iniquities, that by his stripes we might be healed? Lord pour down thy Spirit upon us at this time, that we may look upon him whom we have pierced with our sins, and mourn; that we may remember our own evil ways, and our doings which have not been good, and may loathe ourselves for our abominations.

But, bleffed be God, we are not called to mourn on this occasion, as those who have no hope. For, if we are truly penitent for our past transgressions of God's holy law, we are encouraged to rejoice in the Lord Jesus, who hath magnified the law and made it honourable, and brought in everlafting righteoufness. "We joy in God" faith the apostle, "through Jefus Christ our Lord, by whom " we have now received the atonement." One great design of appointing this ordinance was, to kindle hope in the breafts of all-trembling, despairing, penitent sinners; and to consirm their faith in the great atonement, as fufficient to procure the compleat pardon of all their fins.

"After fupper, Jesus also took the cup, hav"ing given thanks, and gave it to his discip"les, faying, this cup is the new testament in
"my blood, shed for the remission of the sins
"of many; drink ye all of it. For as often
"as ye eat this bread and drink this cup, ye
"do shew the Lord's death till he come."

Behold now by faith, the Lamb of God,

that taketh away the fins of the world. Come now and let us reason together, faith the Lord, though your fins be as scarlet, they shall be white as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool. If we confess our fins with unfeigned grief and forrow, God is faithful and just to forgive us our fins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness: for the blood of Jesus Christ his Son, when applied by faith, cleanseth from all fin. Worthy, therefore, is the Lamb that was slain, and hath redeemed us to God by his own blood, to receive blessing and honour, and glory and power.

Is it not your enquiry now, what shall I render unto the Lord for all his benefits towards me? Say with the Pfalmist, I will walk before the Lord in the land of the living. I will take the cup of salvation, and call upon the name of the Lord. I will pay my vows unto the Lord now in the prefence of all his people. I will from henceforth live a life of faith and dependence upon the God of my salvation, and a life of obedience

and subjection to him. Because thou hast been my help, O my God, therefore, in the shadow of thy wings will I rejoice. Because thou hast inclined thine ear unto me, therefore will I call upon thee as long as I live. In every feason of danger, of trial and temptation, 1 will lift up mine eyes to those everlasting hills, from whence cometh my help. Because thou hast redeemed me with such a price, therefore I will glorify thee with my body and spirit which are thine. I refolve from henceforth to employ my time, my talents and all the influence I am possest of, in doing thy will, and promoting thy glory. Truly I am thy fervant, O Lord, I am thy fervant, and the fon of thy handmaid; thou hast loosed my bonds. I efteem it my highest honour, to be called by thy name. Let me partake of the unction of thy holy spirit, that I may walk worthy of the vocation wherewith I am called. I am thine, O Lord, by creation and by purchase, and I have this day, in the most solemn manner, declared that I am thine by covenant. I have fworn and I will perform it, that I will keep

thy righteous laws. O let thy hand be upon the man of thy right hand, upon the fon of man, whom thou madest strong for thyself: so will not we go back from thee. Quicken us, and we shall continue to call upon thy name. Cause thy face to shine upon us, and we shall be saved.

Go now from the Lord's Table, finging his praife.

THE LORD'S SUPPER.

COMMUNION SERVICE.

TABLE II.

W HO is this that cometh from Edom, with dyed garments from Bozrah? this that is glorious in his apparel, travelling in the greatness of his strength? I that speak in righteousness, (replies the great Redeemer) mighty to fave. Wherefore, O Almighty Saviour! art thou red in thine apparel, and thy garments like him that treadeth in the wine-fat? I have trodden the wine-press alone, (saith he) and of the people there was none with me. I looked, and there was none to help; and I wondered that there was none to uphold! therefore mine own arm brought falvation. Yea, my brethren, our adorable Redeemer trode the wine-press of the father's wrath, and

triumphed over principalities and powers in his own person alone; of the people there was none with him: for when he encountered the powers of darkness, they all forfook him and fled. But his heart was fo fully fet upon accomplishing the falvation of his church, that no difficulty which he met with could difcourage him from perfevering in it. Neither the rage and fury of his enemies, nor the treachery and timidity of his friends, could prevail to make him defift from his arduous undertaking, until he could fay, " It is finished;" then he bowed his head and gave up the ghost. Lift up your heads then, O ye gates, and be ye lifted up, ye everlafting doors, that the king of glory may come in. Who is this king of glory? The Lord, strong and mighty, the Lord mighty in battle; conqueror of fin, of fatan and of death. He fought, he bled, he died; but in dying he conquered. The strength of fin is the law; this strength he subdued, by obeying the precepts of the law, and fuftaining the penalty due to our transgressions. He destroyed death, and disarmed it of its sting.

He also destroyed him that hath the power of death, even fatan. He shook, yea, he overturned the foundations of his kingdom, broke open his prison doors, released his prisoners, delivered the prey out of the hand of the mighty, and having spoiled principalities and powers, he made a shew of them, openly triumphing over them on his cross. By this victory and triumph of our adorable Redeemer, his name is rendered famous forever: as the pious Pfalmist observes, "his name for-" ever shall endure, last like the sun it shall." Time, we know, has buried in oblivion many famous names and great events: and victories that have been celebrated with the utmost pomp that human invention could contrive, are now entirely forgotten. The marble pillars, the statues and monuments by which the great ones of the world hoped to perpetuate their names upon earth, are now gone to ruin and crumbled into dust, as well as their founders; but behold here a conqueror and a conquest, the remembrance of which has been kept up in the world for many ages, and will when time shall be no more, through the endless ages of eternity. It was to preserve the memory of this victory of our Redeemer, that the holy ordinance was instituted which we are now met to celebrate. And I fervently pray, that this great and memorable event may be remembered by you with the most lively gratitude, while I deliver to you the sacred symbols, according to Christ's appointment.

"The Lord Jefus, the fame night in which he was betrayed, took bread &c."

Lo I come, (faith the bleffed Redeemer) a body hast thou prepared for me. I delight to do thy will, O my God. Behold here the unparalleled love of Jesus. He not only offered himself a facrifice of a sweet smelling savour unto God, his heavenly Father; but he rejoices that a body was given him to make him capable of suffering in thy stead, O penitent sinner. He gave this very body to be broken, torn and wounded on thy account: Behold now by faith his broken body, and his blood shed for the remission of your sins.

"After fupper, Jefus also took the cup, &c." Behold now, in the death of your Redeemer, the goodness and the severity of God displayed at once in the clearest point of view: -- His goodness and mercy in sparing the guilty, and providing a facrifice in their room and stead: Behold, on the other hand, the inflexible justice of God, and the infinite evil of fin, for which no less a facrifice would be accepted than the shedding of Emanuel's blood. O Lord our God, how unfearchable are thy judgments, and thy ways past finding out! without controversy, great is the mystery of godliness, God manifest in the flesh. Even angels are lost in wonder, while they pry into the mystery of redeeming love. Let us, therefore, turn away our eyes from beholding vanity. Let us turn afide and fee this great fight. Behold in the person of our Redeemer, the Godhead! the fullness of the Godhead united to all the infirmities of human nature, fin only excepted. Behold the eternal Word, who was in the beginning with God, and who was God, made flesh, dwelling upon earth in poverty and

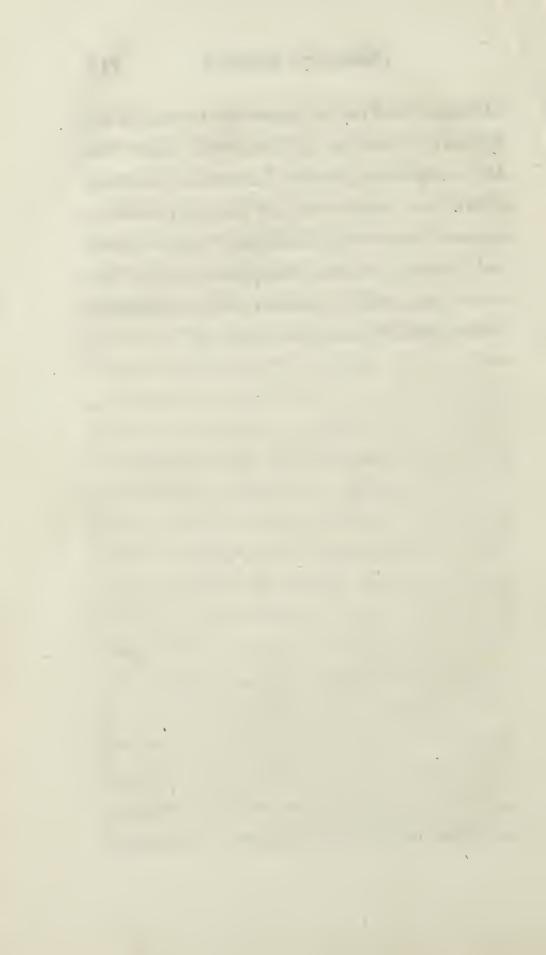
want, despised and persecuted, a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief, and at last sinishing a life of unparalleled afflictions, by a painful and ignominious death, being crucified upon mount Calvary betwixt two thieves. When we contemplate these things by faith, it well becomes us to stand amazed, and to glorify God, saying with those of old, we have seen strange things to day.

You have now, my christian brethren, commemorated the death of your Redeemer, according to his own appointment. You have profest, before God and the world, that you are his disciples, and redeemed by his blood; that you feel your obligations to him to exceed what you can ever pay; and that it is your firm purpose and resolution, to be wholly and forever his.

Let me then address you in the words of the Psalmist (1 Chron. xvi. 15.) "Be ye ever "mindful of his covenant." As you have given a fresh pledge and assurance of your sidelity and obedience, be careful to hold fast the profession of your faith without wavering.

I doubt not but that you have felt strong emotions of grateful affection to your Redeemer, while you have been feafting with him at his table: But beware, left these good impressions prove like the morning cloud, and the early dew, which foon paffeth away. Let the life you henceforth live in the flesh, be by the faith of the Son of God. If you are christians indeed, as nothing can feparate you from the love of Christ, so nothing can efface the remembrance of his love from your hearts. Remember, you have this day faid unto the Lord, in the most folemn manner, thou art my God and my all-fufficient portion. See then that you often remind your fouls of this transaction, and that you endeavour to act confistently with it. When afflictions difcourage you, think of him who was a man of forrows and acquainted with grief; who, for the joy that was fet before him, endured the cross, despising the shame, and is now set down at the right hand of the Majesty on ' high. When temptation is like to prove too hard for you, look by faith to the cross of

Christ, and the enemy will fly from you as ashamed. Think with joy of the victories and triumphs of your Redeemer, and put your trust in his promises; then may you humbly hope, that notwithstanding all your fears and infirmities, he will lead you forth to glory and to victory. The christian foldier has an unfpeakable advantage above all other foldiers, while he fights under the banner of the captain of falvation. In the army of an earthly prince, there is no absolute certainty of conquest: Though men may act with determined loyalty and courage, yet the event of war is ever dubious; but the christian foldier, the humble believer in Jesus, can triumphantly say in face of his enemies, the Lord is my light and my falvation; whom shall I fear? I can do all things through Christ which strengthens me. The christian may fay, even the very moment he has joined Christ's army, thanks be unto God who giveth us the victory, through our Lord Jefus Christ. Work out your own falvation therefore, with fear and trembling, relying on the grace of your Redeemer for your effectual affiftance, and on his merits for your final acceptance: And let all those who have this day enlisted under the Redeemer's banner, testify their loyalty to their King, by animating each other to fight the good fight of faith, and joining in this triumphant song, "we are conquerors, yea more than conquerors through him who hath loved us."



THE LORD'S SUPPER.

COMMUNION SERVICE.

TABLE III.

THE benefit of attending the Lord's Table depends much upon the frame of foul in which you go to it. The meek shall eat and shall be fatisfied. The weary and heavy-laden shall find rest. But if you come to this feast, entertaining high thoughts of yourselves, in vain do you expect communion with Christ, or any spiritual benefit. They are the hungry whom our bleffed Saviour fills with good things; but the rich, those that are full of themselves, he sends empty away. He resisteth the proud, and giveth grace to the humble. The language of David when he fat before the Lord, becomes every foul that approaches this table, "who am I, O Lord God, and what " is my father's house, that thou hast brought me hitherto?"

The more humble you are for the errors of your past conduct, and the deeper sense you have of your wants, the better will you be prepared to meet with God, and to receive gracious communications from him who is the high and lofty one, whose name is holy, and who dwells with him that is of a contrite and humble spirit, to revive the spirit of the humble, and the heart of the contrite ones.

Now, in order to obtain this humble frame, I would recommend to you the following method. Think what you were, what you were by nature, estranged from God, enemies to him, dead in trespasses and sins. Think my brethren, what you now are, how many and great your infirmities, how far you fall short of perfection; how strong remaining corruption is, and how weak your graces; in how many things you offend; how little care you have taken to walk worthy of your vocation, to live as the children of the great God, and coheirs with Christ. Think surther, how long

it was before many of you have been prevailed upon to join yourselves in covenant with God; how often God has called before you would answer; how often your Redeemer has knocked before you would open; how long it was before you chose the fear of the Lord, and fet yourselves to mind religion in earnest. Let me also exhort you to remember, where you are now fitting—at the table of the Lord; at the royal feaft of the King of heaven: You are about to join in the most awful, folemin ordinance, that ever was instituted. Think what you are about to do; to come under the most folemn vows and engagements to be the Lord's; to renew that covenant with the great, the glorious, the eternal, the holy and jealous God, which you have fo often violated. Let your thoughts be thus employed, my brethren, and you must increase in the grace of humility, which is the best preparation for receiving strength and comfort at this folemn ordinance. But I proceed to deliver to you the facred fymbols of your Redeeemer's body and blood.

The Lord Jesus, the same night in which he was betrayed, took bread, &c.

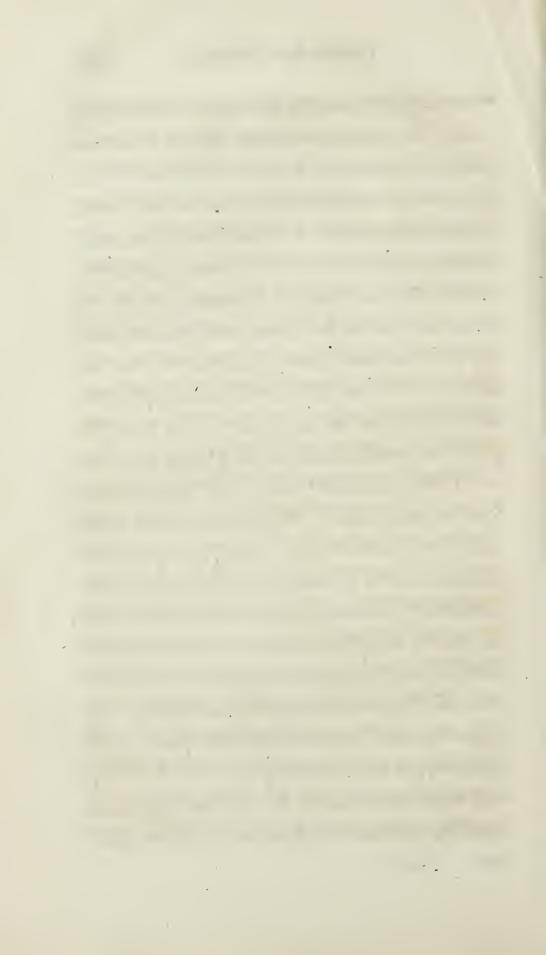
Remember what Manoah's wife faid to him, "If the Lord were pleafed to kill us, he would "not have received a burnt-offering, and a "meat-offering at our hands, neither would "he have shewed us all these things, nor would as at this time, have told us such things as these." And may not you say, O christians, if the Lord had pleasure in the death of sinners, he would not have provided and accepted such a facrisice as we are now commemorating; but because he delighteth in mercy, he hath set forth his only begotten and best beloved Son, to be a propitiation through faith in his blood.

After fupper, Jesus also took the cup, &c. Remember, now, the bitter cup which was put into your Redeemer's hands, from which nature shrunk back with dread and abhorrence, and no wonder it should; but grace prevailed over nature. Love to his church, and resignation to his Father's will, caused

him to drink off the very dregs of it, faying, "Father, not my will, but thine be done."

You have now, my brethren, professed to join yourselves with the Lord, in the bond of an everlasting covenant. God hath sealed exceeding great and precious promifes to you, if you are true believers and fincere penitents; and you have fealed your vows of obedience and fidelity to him, over the fymbols of Christ's body and blood. See, then, that ye labour to behave at all times like those who are under the folemn obligations of the everlasting covenant, and who know and experience its firm fupport and divine confolations. God is ever mindful of his promifes; and he observes and remembers how we fulfil ours. Let us not forget, that as we profess at the Lord's Table, to hope for falvation, through the fufferings and death of Jesus, so we solemnly engage ourselves to be conformed to the pattern of his life. " He that faith he abideth in him, ought " himfelf also to walk even as he walked." It should be our daily study, to cultivate that humility, meekness and charity; that purity, piety and heavenly-mindedness, which adorned the life of our blessed Redeemer.

Suffer me to observe, that it is not our devout behaviour at a Communion Table, or while we think the eyes of men do strictly mark our conduct, that will prove the fincerity of our religious profession. Take heed, christians, that your conduct through life, in every relation in which you stand connected, and every transaction in which you are engaged, may correspond with the profession you have made this day at the Lord's Table. Though I would by no means recommend to you a stiff, four, forbidding manner, which would rather injure than promote the cause of God and truth; yet I would admonish you on the other hand, against that easy and pliable religion which can accommodate itself to every tafte and company, however vain or vicious they may be. I would address you in the words of the inspired apostle, " be not con-" formed to this world, but be ye transformed "by the renewing of your minds, that ye " may prove what is that good, and perfect, "and acceptable will of God." You have named the name of Christ; depart therefore from all iniquity. You are children of the light; have no fellowship with the unfruitful works of darkness. You have been commemorating the love of Christ, who laid down his life for our fakes: Beloved, if God fo loved us, we ought also to love one another. Be ye therefore kindly affectioned one to another, with brotherly love, endeavouring to keep the unity of the spirit in the bond of peace, as becomes those who profess to have one Lord, one faith, and to be heirs of the fame eternal hopes. Faithful is he that hath called you to his fervice; and if you put your humble trust in his mercy and grace, he will not fuffer you to be tempted above what you are able to bear, but with the temptation, will make a way for you to escape. Now unto him that is able to keep you from falling, and to present you faultless before the presence of his glory, with exceeding joy: to the only wife God our Saviour, be afcribed glory and majesty, dominion and power, both now and ever. AMEN.



THE LORD'S SUPPER.

COMMUNION SERVICE.

TABLE IV.

Many ages before our bleffed Redeemer appeared upon earth, it was foretold by the evangelical prophet concerning him, "that he should make his soul an offering for sin; that the pleasure of the Lord should prosper in his hand; and that he should see the tra- vail of his soul and should be fatisfied." The subject of this prophecy is very clearly represented in the solemn ordinance which we are now met to celebrate. Let your faith be therefore exercised upon the agonies of your Redeemer, at this time, that suitable affections may be excited in your souls. Think, O christians, how painful must have been the sufferings of the bleffed Jesus, when he is represented as in

great travail of foul, to bring forth, or to accomplish the redemption and eternal falvation of his church. No heart of man can conceive, no tongue can express, the agonies of foul which he endured from the wrath of God and the curse of the law, when he condescended to place himself in the room of the guilty. Sure it was no ordinary pain that made him pour out that doleful complaint, "my soul is "exceeding forrowful, even unto death;" and again, to offer up prayers and supplications, with strong cries and tears, saying, "Father "if it be possible, let this cup pass from me."

Thefethings our minds ought to dwell upon, that we may be duly affected with the evil nature of fin, which could not be expiated by any other facrifice, but by shedding the precious blood of the Lamb of God. But in this ordinance, we may see clearly exhibited, the happy fruits and effects of these agonies of our Redeemer, which were his great support under all his sufferings. The Father promised him that he should see his feed: "He shall see of "the travail of his soul, and shall be satisfied."

It is a great comfort to a dying man to have the prospect of a numerous offspring, to perpetuate his name, and inherit his estate. This comfort Jesus had, in all the calamities of his life: this animated him to endure all with patience. He faw fome of his spiritual children weeping around him while hanging on the cross. He looked forward to the end of time, and faw a numerous offspring rifing up from age to age to call him bleffed, to bear up his name in the world, and to share in his heavenly inheritance. The apostle tells us, that for the joy that was fet before him, he endured the cross, despising the shame. His heart rejoiced at the happy prospect of promoting the glory of his Father, and the falvation of his church. "I have fatiated "the weary foul" might he fay, (Jer. xxxi. 25, 26.) " and replenished every forrow-"ful foul. Upon this I awaked and beheld, "and my fleep was fweet unto me." This rendered Christ's death, and his sleep in the grave, pleafant to him. It sweetened all the travail of his foul to the bleffed Jefus, that

he had fatiated the weary foul and replenished every forrowful foul. And here I would obferve, that from this expression, you may learn, whether you belong to that number who are interrested in the travail of Christ's soul. Are you weary and heavy laden? Do you feel your fins a heavy burden, too heavy for you to bear? Be of good cheer, for Christ was annointed to preach good tidings to the meek, to bind up the broken in heart. And let me add, for your comfort, his eyes are upon the affembly met here to day, and if there be one of his spiritual feed among us, he can distinguish him in the croud. He sees you listening to his word with eager attention, he fees you now at his table, commemorating his love; he fees your hearts breaking with penitential forrow, and melting at his cross. And the facrifice of a broken and contrite heart he will not despise. But I proceed to deliver to you the facred fymbols, which I pray may, through the influence of the bleffed Spirit, confirm your faith, enliven your hope, and inflame your love, that you may go from this ordinance, rejoicing.

The Lord Jesus, the same night in which he was betrayed, took bread, &c.

O taste and see now that the Lord is gracious, while you feed by faith on Christ the bread of life, which came down from heaven. When the human race was perishing for want of spiritual supplies, Jesus, the true bread, the bread of life, came down from heaven, that he might raise starving, perishing spirits up to everlasting life. He that eateth this bread shall not hunger, and he that drinketh of this cup shall not thirst, shall never find himself destitute of true comfort, but shall find all his best wishes gratified, and all his nobleft defires fupplied. Lord, evermore give us this bread, and though our cups should not overflow in the dangerous way of prosperity, O may they ever overflow with the fweetness of divine benediction.

After supper also, Jesus took the cup &c. Drink, yea drink abundantly, O beloved of the most high God; drink all ye that are believers in my name. Lord, we believe, help thou our unbelief. They that trust in

thee, shall never be ashamed of their hope. May we all who drink of this cup, find our hopes exalted, and our joys increased in him, whom having not seen, we love, and in whom, though now we see him not, yet believing, we rejoice with joy unspeakable, and full of glory.

You have now been contemplating by faith the travail of your Redeemer's foul. Christ crucified has evidently been fet forth before your eyes. O that the eyes of your understanding may be enlightened, that ye may be able to comprehend with all faints, the admirable dimensions of redeeming love, which paffeth knowledge. He who loved you fo well as to lay down his life for your fakes, role again for your justification. Though his days on earth were cut short, yet they are prolonged in heaven. He who once hung upon the crofs, and lay dead in the tomb of Joseph of Arimathea, has burst the bands of death, triumphed over the grave, and enjoys an immortal life. In fuch terms as these does he on this day address you O christians.

"Fear not, I am the first and the last; I am " he that liveth and was dead, and behold, I " am alive for ever more." He ever lives to make intercession for those humble penitents, who have fled to him for refuge. He lives, christians, to communicate his Spirit for your fanctification. He lives, to look after you in your pilgrimage through this wilderness. He lives, to fend down supplies to you according to your feveral exigences. He who shed his precious blood to redeem you out of the hands of your enemies, now lives in heaven to plead your cause, to urge your claims founded on his blood, and to folicit for you all the bleffings of time and eternity. He lives for ever to make you happy for ever. Well does it become you then to fay with the apostle, "I "know in whom I have believed, and I am " perfuaded, he is able to keep that which I "have committed to him against that day." For what end is he exalted? Isaiah will tell you (xxx. 18.) "He is exalted that he may " have mercy upon you." He has placed himself upon his throne, as upon an eminence,

if I may so speak, that he may the more advantageously scatter blessings among the needy croud beneath him, that look up to him with eager, wishful eyes, like the lame beggar on Peter and John, expecting to receive something from him. And shall not such grace and bounty in one so infinitely exalted above you, excite your love? It surely must, unless the principle of gratitude be lost in your breasts.

Let the love of Christ then constrain you to live from henceforth, not to yourselves, but to him who both died, and rose again, and revived, that he might be Lord both of the dead and the living. Go now from the Lord's Table under the lively impressions of redeeming love; and God grant that you may be enabled to walk humbly, watchfully and circumspectly, avoiding whatever may grieve the Holy Spirit, or interrupt the peace of your own minds. AMEN.

THE LORD'S SUPPER.

COMMUNION SERVICE.

TABLE V.

My thoughts are not your thoughts, neither are your ways my ways, faith the Lord; for as the heavens are higher than the earth, fo are my ways higher than your ways, and my thoughts than your thoughts. Who, that had beheld an infant, born in a stable, and laid in a manger for a cradle, who lived a life of poverty, reproach and perfecution, and at last died an ignominious death—who, I say, could have imagined, (judging on human views) that this was he who was to redeem Israel, that this was the very Christ, who is the power of God and the wisdom of God to every one that believeth? Yet such were the means by which it pleased God to accomplish

the purposes of his fovereign grace and mercy towards fallen man. O the depth of the riches, both of the wisdom and knowledge of God! how unfearchable are his judgments, and his ways past finding out! This is the doing of the Lord, and it is wondrous in our eyes. But bleffed be the God of our falvation, as the means by which our redemption was accomplished, are such as it could never enter into the heart of man to conceive, fo the exceeding riches of the divine grace through Christ Jesus to penitent sinners, far transcend what we have any adequate idea of. Neither the greatness nor the number of our fins, nor any other circumstance can exclude us from pardon, but our unwillingness to part with them. Come now, and let us reason together, faith the Lord; though your fins be as fcarlet, they shall be as white as snow; though they be red like crimfon, they shall be as wool. If ye be willing and obedient, ye shall eat the good of the land. Be not therefore faithless, but believing. Think not that God is straitened in his compassion as you

are straitened in your own bowels; or that because you find it hard to forgive your brother who offendeth you until feven times, God has in like manner, become implacable, through the multitude of your transgressions. No, my christian brethren; with our God there is plenteous redemption for every returning penitent finner. Let the wicked forfake his way, and the unrighteous man his thoughts; and let him return unto the Lord, and he will have mercy upon him, and to our God, for he will abundantly pardon: for my thoughts are not your thoughts, neither are your ways my ways, faith the Lord. What a rich and tender display of the divine grace and compassion have we set forth in the parable of the prodigal fon! His reception from his father, far exceeded his own expectations. "I am no " more worthy to be called thy fon, make me " as one of thy hired fervants," faid the poor prodigal, when he came to himself. But the father faid to his fervants, bring forth the best robe and put it on him; and put a ring on his hand, and shoes on his feet. The prodigal

only defired to be treated like an hired fervant, but lo! the fatted calf is killed for him, and his return to his father's house is celebrated with every demonstration of joy and gladness. In like manner, there is joy in heaven over every sinner that repenteth. Trusting therefore, that you have now approached the Lord's Table with penitent hearts, sincerely afflicted for your sins, and determined, through grace, to forsake them; I proceed to deliver to you the facred pledges of your Redeemer's love; which, I hope, you will receive with the most exalted apprehensions of his free grace, and pardoning mercy.

The Lord Jesus, the same night in which he was betrayed, took bread, &c.

Jesus now addresses you, O communicants, as he did Thomas of old, "reach hither thy "finger, and behold my hands; and reach "hither thy hand, thrust it into my side, and "be not faithless, but believing." Are you not ready to reply with the apostle, "my "Lord and my God."

In like manner after fupper, Jesus took the cup, &c.

Bleffed Jefus! thou hast drank at the hand of the Lord the cup of his fury; thou hast drunk the dregs of the cup of trembling, and wrung them out; and thou hast put into my hand this cup of consolation. Behold what manner of love! O precious blood, that cleanses from all fin! Drink, O my soul, and remember Jesus—drink, and mourn over thy past sins and follies—drink, and receive thy pardon—renew thy covenant—and forget thy forrows—drink, and forgive thy enemies—triumph also over the adversaries of thy soul—and rejoice in hope of the glory of God. Say now, O christian, blessed Jesus! I will remember thy love more than wine.

You have now, my brethren, subscribed with your hands unto the Lord: you have, in a very solemn manner, ratified and confirmed your baptismal vows and engagements, and having opened your mouths to the Lord, and taken the sacrament upon it that you will be his faithful servants, you cannot go back to the practice of sin, without incurring the most

aggravated guilt, and adding perjury to rebellion and disobedience.

Let me folemnly exhort you, who have this day avouched the Lord for your God, and have faid to Christ at his table, my Lord and my God, to remember that he is both: and do not expect, O communicant, that he should be thy God, thy portion, thy exceeding great reward, if he be not also thy Lord. Do not think he will be thy Jefus, thy ranfom to fave thee from hell, if he be not thy Lord, to govern thy heart and life. He is the author of eternal falvation only to those that obey him. Beware of imagining, that your faying Lord, Lord, either now or hereafter, will fecure an interest in his favour, if you are a worker of iniquity, and difregard his commands. If his interest in thee, and his authority over thee, will not prevail more than the entreaty of a friend, the gain of a little money, the allurements of pleasure, or the temptations of Satan, then thou hast no part or lot in the Saviour whose death we are now celebrating. But if you fincerely and unfeignedly take him to be

your Lord, he will then be your -God: and all bleffings, temporal, spiritual, and eternal are comprized in that. You are then his jewels, his treasure, his portion, his inheritance, his peculiar people, if he be your God. O how dear, how valuable, how precious are the relations, privileges and bleffings, that this contains! what need you fear? what can you want? what can you ask more? what can difmay, afflict or trouble fuch a foul? why art thou cast down, O my foul? why art thou disquieted within me? may you say, if you can add with David in another place, the Lord is my portion, and the lot of mine inheritance: or if you can fay with Thomas, my Lord and my God. All things are yours; his Spirit, his providence—his attributes, his promifes; life, death, things present, things to comegrace here, heaven hereafter-all things are yours, if ye be Christ's, and he be as you have now profest, your Lord and your God. Blessed then are you, though you have not feen him with your bodily eyes, or thrust your hand into his wounded fide, or felt the print of the nails in his crucified body: yet, having now by hearing of him, and receiving the facred fymbols, believed on him, and loved him, you shall see him hereafter in glory and triumph, and be for ever with him, to behold his glory, and to partake of it throughout the lasting ages of eternity. Amen.

THE LORD'S SUPPER.

COMMUNION SERVICE.

TABLE VI.

There is no disposition of mind more proper and becoming, when we approach to God in the solemnities of his worship, than a grateful one. To enter into his presence with thanksgiving, and his gates with praise; to be thankful unto him and bless his name, will be comfortable and edifying to our souls, and acceptable to him. But there is no religious fervice, to which this grateful temper is more suitable, than the ordinance now before us: in which we are called to recollect, to commemorate and celebrate, the most important and valuable favours, with which a finful world was ever blessed. And I trust, my fellow communicants, that your hearts are

now fo deeply impressed with a sense of redeeming love, that you are ready to adopt the devout and grateful language of the pious Pfalmist, (Pfalm ci. 1.) "Bless the Lord, "O my foul; and all that is within me, blefs "his holy name. Bless the Lord, O my soul, " and forget not all his benefits." Blefs the Lord, O christians, for his pity and love to the finful children of men; that while he paffed by those nobler beings, the angels that fell, he had compassion on the degenerate race of Adam. Bless the Lord, that he has ordered your lot in a civilized country, favoured with the light of the gospel, and where its ordinances are administered in purity, and not among those favage and barbarous nations, who offer up human facrifices, and bow the knee to idols. Bless the Lord, O christians, for appointing this ordinance, which is fo admirably fitted to help our devotion, to enflame our love, and to quicken us to all holy obedience. An ordinance, in which we fee that everlafting covenant fealed and ratified, as it were, before our eyes; which giveth the affurance of par-

don, peace and eternal life to every humble penitent believer. Bless the Lord, that no domestic calamity, or painful affliction, has prevented you on this day, from partaking of fo delightful a feaft. Bless the Lord, that you have no reason to be filled with terror or tormenting fear, in approaching your Maker at this time, but that having fuch a high priest fet over the house of God, who is touched with a feeling of your infirmities, you are encouraged to come to a throne of grace, with humble confidence and joy, that you may obtain mercy and grace to help you in every time of need. I will add, my christian brethren, that we should be thankful to see so many of our brethren and friends joining us in the folemn fervice of this day, joining in the fame act of homage, felf-dedication, love and hope. What a pleasure is it, to see some young christians coming to the Lord's Table; to fill up their father's places; entering into their fervices and labours, and joining themselves to the Lord in a perpetual covenant never to be forgotten! How delightful a fight must this

be to all the real friends of Jesus! It encourageth us to hope and believe, that he will still have a feed to serve him in this place, where we have so often remembered and celebrated his love, and had reason to say, "It is good "to be here." And I fervently pray, that you may on this occasion, abundantly experience the riches of divine grace, enlivening, strengthening, and comforting your souls, while you are partaking of the sacred symbols of Christ's body and blood.

The Lord Jesus, the same night in which he was betrayed took bread, &c.

Do this in remembrance of him who bare our fins in his own body on the accurfed tree, who suffered the just for the unjust, that he might bring us to God. If the Jews could not forbear saying, "behold how he loved "him," when they saw Jesus weeping at the grave of Lazarus, may we not with much more reason-cry out, behold how he loved us—when we think of his shedding, not tears, but blood, his vital blood for us. He liath loved us and washed us from our fins, in his own blood.

In like manner after supper, he took the cup, &c.

Imagine now, christians, that you see Jesus standing in the midst of you, as he did among his disciples, when he was newly risen from the grave, faying, peace be unto you, eat, O friends-drink this cup which is the new teftament in my blood. Rejoice, and be exceeding glad: as my Father hath loved me fo have I loved you: continue ye in my love. Behold here the fenfible figns and feals of my love. By these I give myself to you, as once I gave myself for you. By these tokens I convey to you all that I have. I make over to you that inheritance which I have purchased by my blood, even eternal life and happiness. For though I was once dead, I am alive again, and behold I live for ever more. Amen. Lord Jesus; live for ever. Because thou livest, we shall live also. Thou knowest how to pity us, because thou art he who suffered and died; and thou wilt never cease to pity and help us, because thou art he that liveth, and being raifed from the dead, diest no more; death thou wast tempted in all things like unto us, thou art sensible of our infirmities, and able to succour us in all the trials of life and death. And because thou livest, thou canst make thy death powerful and effectual to us: Thou canst make good all thy own promises, and put us in possession of the purchased inheritance. Even death, the last enemy, is now swallowed up in victory. O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy victory? Thanks be to God, who giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ.

You have now eaten of your Redeemer's bread, fee that you lift not up the heel against him. Remember that the solemn service in which you have been now engaged, is not only a commemoration of Christ's first appearance in a state of humiliation and suffering, but a sure pledge of his second coming to judge the world in righteousness, and to compleat the redemption of his church. If you are a sincere lover of Christ, you will rejoice to think of this great event; and, transported with

the glorious prospect, will be ready to exclaim, "come, Lord Jefus, come quickly." In this ordinance I fee thee darkly as through a glafs. O when shall I behold thee face to face! when will the fun of righteoufness break through all interposing veils, that the shadows may be done away, and that his faithful ones may fee him in all his glory! delightful are the approaches he now makes to our fouls: Even these distant and cloudy views are refreshing and comfortable, but how much will the pleafure be encreased, when I shall be absent from the body, and prefent with the Lord! Above all, when I shall put on my glorified body, and with the many thousands, and thousand times ten thousand of his saints that have ever lived upon the earth, shall ascend to meet him in the air, be publicly absolved and acknowledged by him, and by him presented holy and without blame, to God, even our Father, fee him arrayed in majesty and love, and fall worshipping at his feet!

Christians, let this glorious and triumphant day be often realized to your minds by faith.

Be watchful and diligent in your preparation for it. Gird up the loins of your minds, be fober and hope to the end for the grace that shall be revealed to you, at the appearing of Jesus Christ.

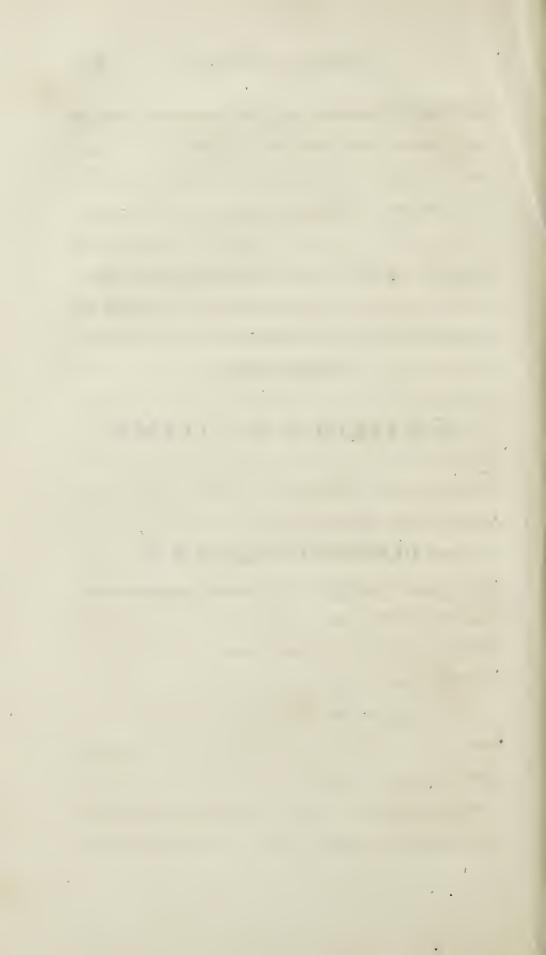
Go now from the Lord's Table, finging his praise.

CONCLUDING

EXHORTATIONS

TO

COMMUNICANTS.



THE LORD'S SUPPER.

EXHORTATIONS

To the COMMUNICANTS, at the conclusion of the SOLEMN ACTION.



EXHORTATION I.

Christian Brethren! The facramental table is now drawn, and I trust that many of you can fay from happy experience, truly our fellowship has been with the Father, and with his Son Jesus Christ. We have fat under his shadow with great delight, and his fruit was sweet to our taste.

Permit me now to remind you, that the great design of this ordinance is, to strengthen the principles of piety in your hearts, and to promote the practice of holiness and universal righteousness in your lives. If this end be

not in some measure attained, we lose the chief benefit of this institution. For the bread of life is given us to strengthen us for our work. The defign of this appointment is to shew forth the Lord's death; and the reason why he ordered his death to be fo often commemorated is, to strengthen our faith, and fix us in the belief of his meritorious fufferings, and of the accomplishment of the promifes which are made in the gospel; and that such a faith might bring us more and more in love with him. And the natural fruit of an increased affection for Christ is, a more ardent defire to be like him, a concern for his interest, and diligent endeavours to abound in his fervice. Every faithful communicant will make confeience of walking humbly, watchfully and circumfpectly. And remember, brethren, that loofe, carelefs, diforderly communicants are not worthy of the name or privileges of fuch. They are a difgrace to the fociety to which they belong. They dishonour their profession, and ought to be despised and avoided. Those that honour God, he will honour; but those

that defpife him, he will allow us to efteem lightly.

If your conversation be suitable to this great solemnity in which you engage, if you come hither for spiritual strength and improvement, and then go out into the world, and bring forth much fruit, and appear, and really are more ferious, more devout, more fearful of fin, more conscientious in the discharge of your duty than others are, you will deserve respect, and it is likely you will have it. For those who have no principle of real piety in their own hearts, yet usually shew some regard to holiness in others. But on the contrary, if any of us should go from this table, and walk as others walk, and be as vain and unguarded as those who make no more than ordinary pretentions to religion, fo far from commanding respect, we shall be despised both by God and man. Such a criminal behaviour on our part, will also harden the wicked and profane, and grieve the hearts of the righteous. Remember, it is not the name of a communicant that is honourable, but the fanctified

frame of mind, which is fuitable to this holy ordinance, and a conversation becoming the gospel. The best way of trying whether you profit by the ordinance of the Lord's Supper, is to confider whether it has any purifying influence on your heart and life. This is the best effect the facrament can have upon us, what will administer to us the best-grounded comfort, and is the best preparation for the ordinance upon its return. Confider and examine well, whether your facramental engagements are a restraint upon you in the season of temptation, and a spur to diligence in your fpiritual work. Confider whether they render you more like to God, and quicken you to renewed care to imitate the virtues of the great author and finisher of our faith, Christ Jesus. Confider whether they improve your heart, confirm and strengthen your habits of grace, and make you more strictly conscientious, more afraid of fin, less fond of the applause of the world, more indifferent as to the reflexions that may be cast upon you for unneceffary strictness and singularity, more useful among your acquaintance, more defirous of doing good, and more inquifitive after occafions of that kind.

This is the method you must take to know whether you gain by your attendance on the Lord's Table, whether the chief end of it be answered in you. Are you the holier for it? Doth it help you to do more than others? to exceed yourselves? This is a real benefit. Some look for raptures of joy, while they are at the table of the Lord, or some violent agitation of mind while they behold the reprefentation of our Saviour's fufferings; and are apt to imagine, that if they feel no fuch vehement emotion of spirit, but are calm and sedate, they are not in a good frame, and gain little by the ordinance: whereas it is possible you may gain leaft, when the natural paffions are most moved. The representation of Christ's death, when it strikes the imagination in a lively manner; has a mighty tendency powerfully to affect the mind. There were fo many moving circumstances with which that great event was attended, fuch as the terribleness of the fuffering, the innocence and goodness, the dignity and condescension of the sufferer, the horrible wickedness of his pretended friend who betrayed, and of the Jews who crucified him; the darkness which covered the whole land, the trembling of the earth, the rending of the rocks, and the like, that it is almost impossible these things should be called to your remembrance without your being affected; fo that possibly, some times, you may mistake the workings of the natural affections, for the exercise of devout and gracious ones. And if the natural affections only are moved, then all that you can reasonably conclude from fuch a kind of emotion at the Lord's Supper is, that you are men, and not stocks or stones, or brutes; that you have not lost the passions that belong to mankind.

But then, when you try your profiting by this ordinance, by the evidence I just now mentioned,—its reformation of your heart and conversation,—you are not in much danger of being mistaken. The christian that is assisted by this ordinance to see the great evil of

fin, and the love of Jesus in delivering from it, and to perceive the many forcible motives and engagements to all holiness of conversation that are here fet before him, fo as to be more in love with his duty, to have his pious refolutions more established, the tenderness of his conscience more encreased, and to be brought more under the influence of the doctrines and precepts of the gospel in all his actions; this is he who may be faid to receive most worthily, and to grow in grace, whether he has or has not the happiness of warm and melting affections. I fervently pray, that each of you, my fellow communicants, may have this comfortable and fatisfactory evidence, that you have not attended his table in vain.

And now, brethren, I commend you to God, and to the word of his grace, which is able to build you up, and to give you an inheritance among all them that are fanctified. AMEN.

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THE LORD'S SUPPER.

EXHORTATIONS TO COMMUNICANTS.

EXHORTATION II.

By the good hand of our God upon us, we have been carried through the most solemn part of the service of a communion Sabbath. We have professed to receive Christ Jesus the Lord, as he is offered in the gospel. Let it be our care and endeavour from henceforth to walk in him, to walk worthy of the vocation wherewith we are called, to live as becomes the redeemed of the Lord, and the expectants of glory, honour and immortality. We read in the history of Hezekiah (2 Chron. xxxi. 1.) that when the Israelites had finished the celebration of the passover, they all went out to the cities of Judah, and threw down the images, high places and idolatrous altars, till

they had utterly destroyed them all. We, my christian brethren, may derive a hint of useful instructions from hence. When the religious exercifes of a Lord's day, and especially of the Lord's Supper, our christian paifover, are finished, we must not think that our work is then ended. No: then the most difficult part begins; which is, to fubdue and destroy every thing in our temper and conduct that is offensive to God; to renounce all our idols, and manifest a holy zeal against fin in ourselves and others. The comforts we have enjoyed at the Lord's Table and the folemn engagements we have renewed, should increase this zeal in our breasts. Let us, with this view, confider that Jefus hath again been fet forth crucified among us; not merely to excite some present good affections to him, and give us a transient pleasure; but to be remembered and felt as an abiding principle and fource of obedience, an engagement to demolish every idol and lust in our hearts. Remember what an apostle saith (Heb. iii. 14.) " Now are we " partakers of Christ, if we hold the beginning

"of our confidence stedfast unto the end." The true christian maintains an uniform and consistent character. His religion is not merely the work of a Sabbath day or of a communion day, but hath an habitual influence upon his behaviour, in subduing his passions, spiritualizing his affections, and regulating his conduct in the several relations of life. He can say with the apostle, "I am crucified with "Christ, nevertheless I live; yet not I, but "Christ liveth in me, and the life which "I now live in the slessh, I live by the faith of "the Son of God, who loved me, and gave "himself for me."

When temptation affaults, you must remember the solemn surrender you have made this day of yourselves to your God and Saviour. When afflictions discourage you, and the world frowns upon you, remember the profession you have made at the Lord's Table. O my soul, thou hast said unto the Lord, thou art my portion; therefore, "although the sig tree shall "not blossom, neither shall fruit be in the "vine, the labour of the olive shall fail, and

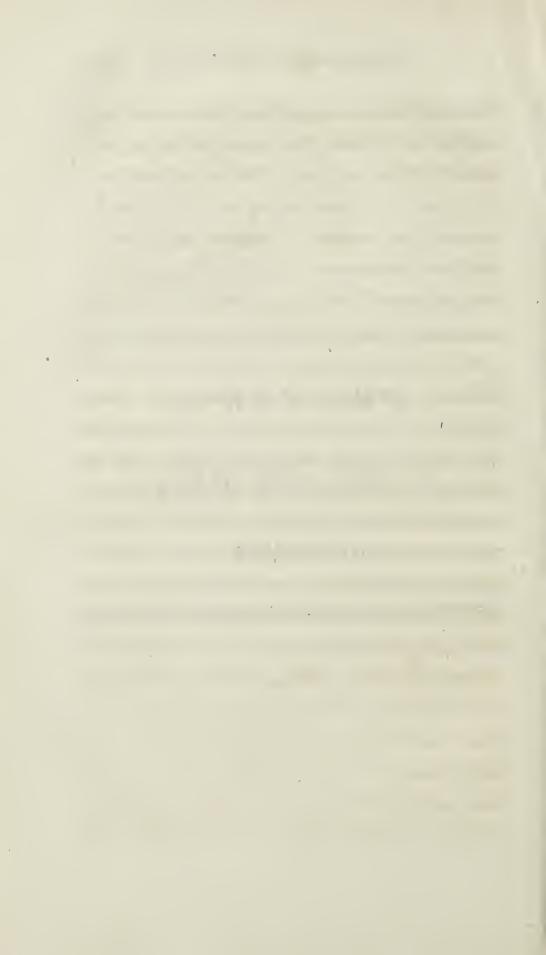
"the fields shall yield no meat; the flock shall be be cut of from the fold, and there shall be no herd in the stall; yet I will rejoice in the Lord, I will joy in the God of my salvation."

Let us go on then to feek our refreshment and happiness in God, for there only shall we find it. Let us watch against every thing that has a tendency to grieve his Spirit, and to interrupt his gracious communications to our souls. In a word, let me exhort you in the conclusion, in the language of the blessed apostle, "Fight the good fight of faith, lay "hold on eternal life, whereunto ye are also "called, and have professed a good profession "before many witnesses." Work out your own salvation with fear and trembling, relying on the grace of your Redeemer for your effectual assistance, and on his merits for your final acceptance. Amen.

PRAYERS,

BEFORE AND AFTER

SERMON.



DEVOTIONS for the CHURCH.

BEFORE SERMON.

PRAYER I.

O MOST glorious, and highly exalted Lord our God! Thou art greatly to be feared in the affembly of thy faints, and to be had in reverence of all that would draw nigh unto thee. We thy dependent creatures, would prefent ourselves before thee at this time, with sentiments of humility and profound veneration; adoring thee as the only living and true God, the only proper object of our religious homage and worship. For thou art every where prefent, to hear our supplications and praises: and thou art alone possest of infinite wisdom to contrive, almighty power to execute, and perfect goodness to desire our happiness. We are sensible O our God, that our

goodness cannot extend to thee, and that thy perfections and glory can receive no addition from our imperfect services. But it is good for us to draw near to God, for lo! they that are far from thee shall perish.

It is good for us to draw near to thee, to testify our entire dependence upon thee, and the innumerable obligations we owe thee, to excite and to improve good dispositions in our minds, that beholding as in a glass the glory of the Lord, we may be transformed into the fame image, from glory to glory, even as by the Spirit of the Lord. Affift us, O Lord, we entreat thee, to perform the folemn duties in which we are now engaging, in fuch a manner as shall render our fervices acceptable to thee through Jesus Christ our adorable advocate and intercessor, and beneficial to our own fouls. O thou, who haft conftant access to our minds! we earnestly implore thy divine influence and aid, to put us into a fuitable frame and temper of mind for conversing with heavenly objects, and to excite in us a spirit of genuine piety and devotion. May we

worship thee, the all-seeing Spirit, in spirit and in truth. When we profess to draw near thee with our mouths, and to honour thee with our lips, forbid that our hearts should be far removed from thee. We fervently pray, O heavenly Father, that no intruding cares may disturb our devotion, on this day of sacred rest, and that no mean desires and affections may interrupt our communion with heaven, or suspend our delightful intercourse with thee, the Father of our spirits. Quicken us that we may call upon thy name; open thou our lips, O Lord, and our mouths shall shew forth thy praise. All thy works praise thee, O God, and thy glorious perfections are engraven in shining characters on every part of thy vast creation. But thy faints are in a more especial manner bound to extol and to magnify thy name, and to join in that fong of praife, "Worthy art thou to receive bleffing " and honour and glory and power." What have we O God, that we have not received from thee? All that we are, all that we have, all that we can do, is wholly from thee! To

love thee above all is therefore our first duty, and to enjoy thee, our supreme felicity. Whom have we in Iteaven but thee, O our God, and there is none upon earth that we defire besides thee. Our flesh and our heart faileth, but God is the strength of our heart, and our portion for ever more. We rejoice in that eminent distinction conferred upon our nature, that thou haft formed us with powers that render us capable of maintaining an intercourfe with thee the author of our being, of knowing, loving and ferving Thee here, and of enjoying Thee, when time shall be no more. We bless thee for the continued use and exercife of our reasoning powers, and for all the testimonies of thy paternal care, which we have experienced fince we had a being in the world. We tasted of thy bounty even before we were capable of perceiving the hand from whence it came; and we must acknowledge with gratitude that goodness and mercy have hitherto followed us.

It is owing to the riches of thy goodness and forbearance and long suffering, that thou

art sparing us so long in a state of trial and probation, and bestowing upon us a variety of means for promoting our religious and moral improvement. To thee we are indebted for every thing that contributes to our comfort and enjoyment here on earth, and for all our prospects in a future and eternal state.

What shall we render to thee for all thy benefits, but especially for the spiritual bleffings bestowed upon us through Christ Jesus our Lord. We adore thee for that rich grace and mercy which thou haft manifested in the redemption of our apostate fallen race. Blessed be thy name, that when all had finned and come short of the glory of God, so that by the deeds of the law no flesh could be justified in thy fight, thou didft fet forth thy Son to be a propitiation, through faith in his blood, that thou mightest be just, and the justifier of them that believe in Jesus. We adore thee that he hath magnified the law and made it honourable; that he hath finished transgression, made an end of fin, made reconciliation for iniquity, and brought in everlasting right-eousness.

We bless thee for that new and gracious covenant, which is ratified by the shedding of his blood, for the exceeding great and precious promifes of the gospel, for the clear revelation of thy will and our duty, for the gracious influences of thy holy Spirit to enlighten, to fanctify and to comfort us during our pilgrimage here on earth, and for the animating prospects of glory, honour and immortality beyond the grave. Grant, O Lord, that thy rich and condescending grace and mercy, revealed in the gospel, may overcome the natural enmity of our hearts, and our disaffection to thy fervice. We fervently pray, that fuch a deep fense of thy loving-kindness and tender mercy may always dwell upon our minds, as thall effectually engage us to a constant course of obedience to thy holy laws, and to a patient and chearful fubmission to thy blessed will. Enlighten our understandings by thy holy Spirit, that we may perceive the extensive demands of thy law, with the awful penalty annexed to the violation of each of its precepts; and when we are fufficiently humbled by these views, O do thou lead us by faith to that Redeemer who is mighty to save; who is able to save even to the uttermost all who come to God through him, seeing he not only died for our fins and rose again for our justification, but ever lives to make intercession for us. Give us wisdom and understanding, O Lord, we beseech thee, that we may not be carried away by the deceitful pleasures of this vain world, but grant that our desires and affections may be set upon those pleasures which are at thy right hand, and which endure for ever.

Convince us daily more and more, that fin is the greatest of all evils, that guilt and misery are always inseparable, and that there is no solid or substantial happiness to be attained in this life, but what results from the testimony of a good conscience, from the consolations of thy holy Spirit, and the well grounded hope of acceptance with thee through the Son of thy love. Under a deep conviction of these important truths, may it be our chief study and

conftant aim, to please and obey thee, and to fecure an interest in thy favour which is better than life. Amidst the various cares and concerns of a prefent world, may we remember this one thing needful, and chuse the better part which shall never be taken away from us. Eye hath not feen, nor ear heard, nor has it entered into the heart of man to conceive, that happiness which thou hast laid up for them that fear thee; or that mifery which will be the portion of the finally impenitent! Impress upon our minds, we befeech thee, O Lord, a lively and affecting fense, both of the promifes and threatnings contained in thy word, that under their influence, we may be enabled to hold fast the profession of our faith without wavering. And grant, O heavenly Father, that our conversation may be in every respect, such as becometh the gospel of Christ. May we deny ourfelves, take up our crofs and follow our Redeemer, who not only suffered and died for our fakes, but hath left us an example that we should follow his steps. Though tempted to forfake the path of duty, may we

overcome in his strength, and be finally more than conquerors through him that loved us. For these purposes, we pray that thou wouldst bless to us all the means of spiritual improvement with which we are favoured. We humbly pray, that thou wouldst countenance all thy servants and people who are met together on this day, to worship thee, either in the stated, or more solemn duties of religion.

May gospel ordinances be dispensed in purity, and accompanied with power in the several corners of thy vincyard, that sinners may be converted, and turn to the Lord, and saints be edified and comforted. Let none be ashamed or disappointed who wait and hope for thy salvation. Look in mercy, we besech thee, on all such as are confined from thy courts, by personal or family afflictions, and by thy immediate teaching, make up to them the want of public ordinances. Pity the multitudes who are every where profaning thy holy Sabbath and give them repentance to salvation. Remember all those, with whom we have, at any time, gone to the house of God

in company, and let our prayers, though now feparated, be accepted for each other. Blefs each of us who are here before thee, with just and clear views of the truth as it is in Jesus. Give also a door of utterance to speak thy truth: Give the hearing ear and the understanding heart. Our waiting eyes are towards thee, let our help come from thee. All we ask, is in the prevailing name of Jesus Christ the righteous, who is worthy, though we are utterly unworthy, to whom with thee, O Father, and the Holy Spirit, we would ascribe glory and honour, dominion and praise, henceforth and for ever more. AMEN.

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DEVOTIONS for the CHURCH.

AFTER SERMON.

PRAYER I.

Follow with thy effectual bleffing, O Lord, the inftructions now delivered from thy word. May the great and interesting truths revealed in the gospel, not only gain the assent of our understandings, but sink deep into our hearts, and have a commanding influence on the whole of our conduct. May we imbibe the spirit, as well as doctrine of Jesus, our gracious Lord. Let the same mind be in us, which was also in him. May we walk worthy of that high and holy calling wherewith we are called, worthy of the important privileges conferred upon us, and of the glorious hopes that are set before us.

Raife our affections more and more, bleffed God, to those things which are above, and teach us to moderate our regard to all inferior and fenfible objects. Deliver us, we befeech thee O Lord, from all inordinate cares about the concerns of this life, from all distrust of thy good providence, from all repining language and discontented thoughts. And enable us in every state and condition, to be not only patient and refigned, but chearful and thankful; knowing that all things are ordered by thee in the wifest and best manner, and so that they shall work together for good to them that love thee. With the most lively gratitude would we adore that goodness and mercy of thine, that have attended us all our days, and supplied us with every thing necessary to fweeten our passage through this wilderness, and to prepare us for the happiness of a future state. We fervently pray, that the inestimable bleffings which we enjoy, may be extended to the whole human race. Send forth thy light and thy truth, O heavenly Father, to dispel those thick clouds of ignorance and

error, which overspread so great a part of the world, that thy ways may be known upon earth, and thy faving health among all nations. And wherever the light of the gospel shines, may it produce, by the power of God, the happiest effects on the minds and manners of men. May the wars of the nations end in the peace of the church, and the convulfions and revolutions of states and kingdoms, terminate in the advancement of the kingdom of God among men; that kingdom which cannot be moved. Pour down a more abundant measure of thy Spirit, to carry on thy own work upon earth. May every christian society flourish in knowledge, holiness and love. May thy churches on earth, desire and endeavour to refemble thy heavenly church, in which thou art obeyed, and loved, and praifed, with the highest delight, harmony and perfection. More particularly, we pray, that thou wouldst regard with thy special mercy, our highly favoured, but ungrateful nation. Though our iniquities testify against us, yet for thy own name's fake, continue to us the light of the

gospel, and the means of grace that we enjoy. Preferve us from public calamities, and put an end to those enormities which call for thy vengeance upon us. May that righteousness which exalts a nation flourish amongst us, and deliver us from fin, which is the reproach and ruin of any people. Bless all our rulers and governors, supreme and subordinate. Eminently blefs and long preferve our gracious Sovereign King George, his Royal Confort Queen Charlotte, the Prince and Princess of Wales, and all the Royal Family. Establish onr King's throne in righteousness. Continue to inspire him with a love of Justice, a zeal for religion, and a generous concern for the happiness of his subjects. Defend him against the evil defigns of malevolent and feditious men, and give him victory over all his and the nations enemies, both at home and abroad. Bless the King's counsellors, and all those who are invested with high trust and authority. Give them wisdom to discern, and integrity to purfue those measures which will most effectually advance thy glory, and the public

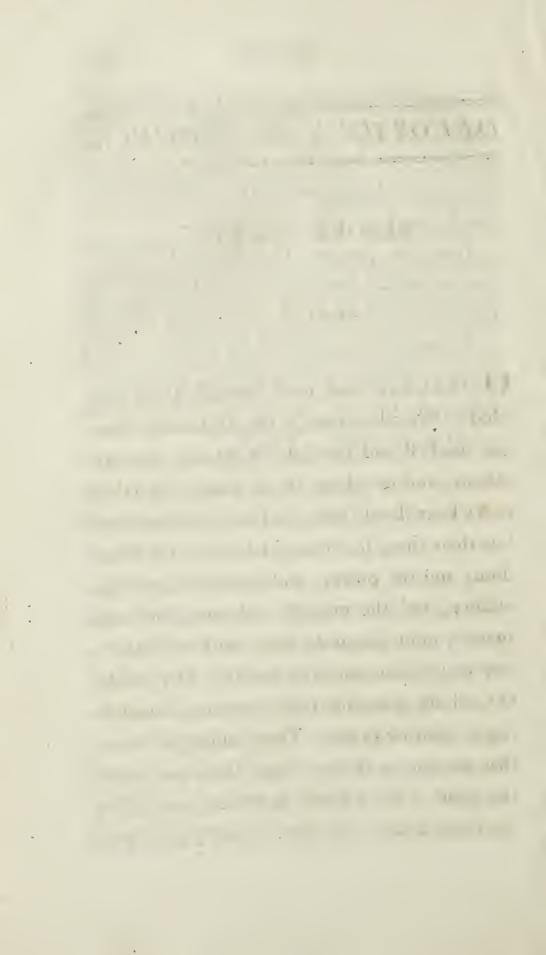
interest. Endue the Ministers of the gospel, of all denominations, with the spirit of their office, that they may be apt to teach, zealous, faithful and fuccessful. Bless all universities and feminaries of learning: may they be nurferies of piety as well as of science. Prosper, we befeech thee O Lord, the means of grace, and the labours of thy fervants, in that part of thy church where our lot is caft. We pray in a special manner, that thou wouldst bless thy fervant who flatedly labours in this place. Strengthen his hands, continue his usefulness: may he and his people be mutual bleffings and comforts to each other. Bless the whole body of this people, high and low, rich and poor. Encourage and encrease the number of those that truly feek thy face and fear thy name:

Be very gracious to all those whom we ought to have upon our spirits before thee, whether by the ties of nature or grace. Visit in mercy the sons and daughters of affliction, particularly those for whom our prayers are desired. Remove their disorders, if it be thy blessed will. Teach them to see thy hand in

all their fufferings, and meekly to acquiesce in thy will. Grant, we pray, that thefe light afflictions, which endure but for a moment, may work out for them a far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory. Prolong useful and defirable lives; and may fuch as are drawing near the gates of death be ready and refigned. Convince each of us, of our own frailty and mortality; of the shortness and uncertainty of this life, and the eternity of the next; that we may be careful fo to live, as we shall wish we had done, when we come to die. Call us not from hence, if it be thy bleffed will, till we have a well-grounded hope, that neither life nor death, height nor depth, angels, principalities or powers, things prefent or things to come, shall be able to separate us from the love of God which is in Christ Tefus our Lord. We defire now to cast all our cares upon thee, and to trust in thy mercy for supplying our various wants, and helping our infirmities, according to the riches of thy grace in Christ. Assist us in singing thy praises. Dismiss us from thy house in

peace. Accompany us to our respective dwellings; and grant that the religious exercises, in which we have this day been employed, may have a happy and lasting influence upon our future lives and conversations.

Hear our prayers, O Lord, and accept of our imperfect fervices, for the fake of Jesus Christ the righteous, our prevailing advocate and intercessor, at thy right hand: and we desire to ascribe, as is most due, glory to the Father, to the Son, and to the Holy Ghost, world without end. Amen.



DEVOTIONS for the CHURCH.

BEFORE SERMON.

PRAYER II.

O ETERNAL and most blessed Lord our God! We adore thee as the Alpha and Omega, the first and the last, of whom, through whom, and to whom are all things. To thee every knee should bow, and every tongue confess their sins; for thine, O Lord, is the kingdom, and the power, and the glory, and the victory, and the majesty. Among the gods there is none like unto thee, neither are there any works like unto thy works. Thy works O God are immense, full of wonder, demanding everlasting praise. Thou callest the things that are not, as if they were; thou quickenest the dead. Thou saidst at the beginning, let there be light, and there was light: Thou

faidst and it was done, thou commandedst and it stood fast. At thy voice, O Lord God omnipotent, the earth quakes, the pillars of heaven tremble. The rocks melt like wax; the fea is dried up, and the foundations of the hills are moved. Who would not therefore fear thee O God? Who would not glorify thy name?—Thou, Lord, hast a mighty arm: strong is thy hand, and high is thy right hand. Thou art able to fulfil the defires of thy faithful fervants, who put their humble trust in thy mercy. Thou art able also effectually to subdue all the enemies of thy holy and righteous government. O Lord God of hofts! Bleffed is the man who trusteth in thee; yea blessed is the man whom thou chusest, and causest to approach unto thee, that he may dwell in thy courts. We blefs thy name, who art encouraging us to draw near to thee, by revealing thyfelf in thy word as the proper object of our trust and confidence; not as an absolute God, who is a confuming fire to all the workers of iniquity; but under the amiable character of the Father of mercies in whom compassions flow;

God in Christ, reconciling a guilty world to thyself, not imputing to penitent sinners their trespasses. Glory to God in the highest, for peace proclaimed on earth, and good-will to the fons of men. We defire now to come into thy house, in the multitude of thy tender mercies, and to worship in thy fear toward thy holy temple. Every time we appear in the tabernacles of thy grace, we must confess that we are called to the exercise of contrition and forrow. What reason have we, holy Majesty, to mourn at thy footstool over the ruins of our degenerate, fallen nature, and to exclaim with the deepest humility and abasement, how is the gold become dim! how is the most fine gold changed! The crown, alas, is fallen from our heads; wo to us finners. We would lament in thy presence, the fatal blindness and ignorance of our minds in spiritual matters. How apt are we to mistake the true way to happiness, and to seek the living among the dead! How often have we mistaken evil for good, bitter for sweet, and darkness for light! We have likewise infinite reason to be humbled in thy fight, on account of the coldness and infensibility of our hearts, which can hardly be allured by the gracious promifes of the gospel, or alarmed by the awful terrors of the law. We would lament in thy presence, O our God, the disorder and irregularity of our affections, and the prevalence of that carnal mind, which is enmity against God, and is not subject to his law. Who among us can understand his errors? Innumerable evils do compass us about. But we bless and magnify thy name, though we have continual cause of humiliation for what we are in ourselves, we are encouraged by the gracious discoveries made in the gospel, to rejoice in the Lord Jesus, and in the various offices and characters which he fuftains, as the Redeemer of his church and people: He is made of God to all that believe in him, wifdom, righteoulnels, fanctification and complete redemption. Teach us, we befeech thee, to flee to Jesus, as the only hope set before us, and to believe in him to the faving of our fouls. Quicken us, O Lord, by thine almighty grace, and fave us for thy name's fake, by the washing of regeneration, and the renewing of the Holy Ghost. May we be ingrafted into Christ, and become living and fruitful branches in him, the true vine. Convince us more effectually, we pray thee, of the vanity of the world, and its infussiciency to make us happy; of the vileness of sin and its tendency to make us miserable; of the worth of our souls, and the awfulness of that everlasting state, on the borders of which we are standing; and make us ferious and diligent in our preparation for it.

From henceforth may we labour chiefly, not for the meat which perisheth, but for that which endureth to everlasting life. May we ever act under the influence of that faith which is the substance of things hoped for, and the evidence of things not seen. May we approve ourselves true believers, by thirsting for God, for his enlivening power and presence. May our affections be fixed, not on present objects, but on that Saviour, whom having not seen, we love, and in whom, though now we see

him not, yet believing, we rejoice with joy unspeakable and full of glory. What we know not, teach thou us, and enable us faithfully to comply with the knowledge already received. May we fanctify thee, the Lord, in our hearts, and make thee our fear and our dread. May integrity and uprightness continually preferve us, and grant that our hearts may not reproach us as long as we live. We must confess, O Lord, that every day makes new discoveries to us of our own frailty and infirmity, in the hour of trial and temptation. As our day is, let our strength be. Suffer us not to be tempted above what we are able to bear, but with the temptation, make a way for us to escape. May the faithful God who hath called us to the fellowship of his fon Jesus Christ, consirm us even unto the end. May we be kept by his almighty power, through faith unto eternal falvation. Bleffed be thy name, O heavenly Father, for the diffinguished advantages with which thou haft favoured us, for promoting our spiritual improvement and growth in grace.

Thou hast been pleased to cast our lot in a land of light, in which thou haft built habitations for thyfelf; wherein we enjoy the ineftimable privilege of attending thy folemn worship, and of being instructed in the way of falvation. O Lord, fend forth thy light with thy truth on this day, that a willing people may come to thee, who shall worship thee in the beauty of holiness. Be graciously present with us, and with all the worshipping affemblies of thy people, met together on this day, throughout the world. Grace, mercy and peace be multiplied to all the Ifrael of God, to all those, of whatever denomination, who love our Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity. May their joys abound—may their number be daily increased. Enable thy fervants to speak the truth on this day, in demonstration of the Spirit, and with power; and may the hearers of the gospel receive with meekness the ingrafted word, which is able to fave their fouls. May they receive it with faith and love, lay it up in their hearts, and practife it in their lives. Visit in mercy the afflicted and distrest

who pant after thine ordinances, as the hart panteth after the water brooks; who, in the true spirit of devotion, are ready to exclaim, Bleffed are they that dwell in thy house! O when fhall we come and appear before God in Zion. We fervently pray, O Lord, that thou wouldst be the strength of their heart, and that they may abundantly enjoy the confolations of thy Spirit, who art not confined to temples made with hands. May each of us find, that it is good for us to draw near to God. May the ordinances of thine house be the joy of our hearts, and a day in thy courts be in our esteem preferable to a thousand elsewhere. Hear these our prayers, O Lord. Forgive our fins, and accept of our fervices; for the merits and mediation of our adorable Redeemer; and we shall ascribe glory to the Father, to the Son, and to the Holy Ghost, world without end. AMEN.

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DEVOTIONS for the CHURCH.

AFTER SERMON.

PRAYER II.

LORD our God, how many and wonderful are thy works which thou haft done, and thy gracious thoughts towards us; they cannot be reckoned up in order before thee. If we would declare and speak of them, they are more than can be numbered. We acknowledge ourfelves, O our God, entirely dependent upon thee. Without thee we are nothing, we have nothing, we can do nothing. We bless thee for the constant communication of so much unmerited favour; for all the bounties of nature, and the gifts of providence: but above and beyond all, for thine inestimable love, in the salvation of the world by Jesus Christ thy Son, our mediator, through whom thou art

indulging us with the means of grace, and reviving us with the hope of glory; through whom thou art raising fallen, guilty, degenerate and unhappy man, to a higher and a nobler condition, even than that of his first creation. For ever bleffed be thy mercy through our Mediator, that our views are not limited to the boundaries of time, that they are ftretched beyond the barriers of the world, into that new heaven, and that new earth, wherein dwell righteousness and happiness for ever more; and that, amidst the vanity and vexation that adhere to this condition of life, we are allowed and encouraged to confole ourfelves with the prospect of a better, nobler, and more divine life, beyond the grave, where fin and forrow shall never enter, where we ihall be at rest from all the troubles of mortality, and what is most to be defired and best of all, where we shall learn to love our God, our Saviour, and one another, after a nobler and more perfect manner, than we can poffibly attain in this feeble state of humanity. Make us duly fenfible, we befeech thee, O

Lord, of the advantages with which thou hast favoured us, and dispose and enable us to improve them to thy glory. Grant that the most flattering allurements of the world may never be able to shake our fidelity to thee, or to seduce us from the path of duty.

May the word of Christ dwell in us richly in all wisdom. May we ever approve of the things that are excellent, and delight to do thy will after the inward man. May thy teftimonies be the rejoicing of our hearts, and let thy statutes be our fongs in the house of our pilgrimage. Hold up our goings in thy paths, that our feet may not stumble. * Strengthen us with all might by thy Spirit in the inner man, and uphold us with thy powerful and almighty arm. Though we fall, yet let us not be utterly cast down, but do thou graciously restore our fouls, reclaim us from our wanderings, and lead us in the paths of righteousness for thy name's fake. In all our ways may we acknowledge thee, and never lean to our own understanding or our own strength. Let our waiting eyes be ever directed towards thee, whose wis-

dom is unerring, and in whom everlafting ftrength is to be found. Enable us, O Lord, to enjoy all the gifts of thy bounty with fobriety and moderation, and to yield what thou art pleafed to call for, with patience and refignation to thy will. And however our fpirits may at any time be in danger of being depressed by the forrows of life, or entangled by its fnares, may we still find the power of divine principle guiding us right, and strengthening us in our goings, that our path may be like that of the morning light, which shineth more and more to the perfect day. And as thou hast taught us to offer up prayers and fupplications for all men, we befeech thee to extend thy mercy and favour to all mankind. May all the kingdoms of the earth be brought to the knowledge and worship of Thee the only true God, and of Jesus Christ whom thou haft fent, whom to know is life eternal. Remove every obstacle that hinders the success of the gospel. Vouchsafe more of thy Spirit, O Lord, to all the churches and fervants in the world. Grant, that as their ignorance and

imperfections have divided and weakened them, have proved a frumbling-block to infidels, and hardened the wicked and ungodly; fo may their increasing knowledge, unite and strengthen them, and gain converts to the truth.

· Be very gracious to the lands of our nativity, and the church planted among us. Peace be within the walls of our Zion, and profperity within her palaces. Send thy reforming Spirit, O Lord, around the world, and restore a diffipated and diffracted age to piety and good morals. Give pastors according to thy own heart, who shall feed thy people with knowledge and understanding. Enrich our King and all connected with him, or placed in authority under him, with thy choicest mercies. And do thou fo direct public councils, that those measures may be adopted, which will tend to the preservation of domestic harmony, and the restoration and establishment of peace among the nations. Thine arm, O almighty God, has often been extended for . our defence and protection. In thee, we defire still to place our trust. O grant, that in desiance of all the attempts of our enemies, our liberties, civil and religious, may be preferved and conveyed to the latest posterity. Bless our land with the fruits of the earth in their season, and with such temperate weather as is necessary to bring them to maturity.

Let thy bleffing rest upon us, who are met together on this day, as a christian society, to worship and to serve thee. Let thy word which we have heard sink deep into our hearts, and bring forth fruit to thy glory. We rejoice to think, that while such multitudes are addressing thee at one and the same time throughout the world, thou hearest all their requests, thou knowest all their wants, and art both able and willing to supply them. Bless us, we beseech thee, and all whom we ought to remember at a throne of grace, with spiritual blessings in Christ Jesus, and with such a portion of worldly prosperity as thy wisdom shall see conducive to our everlasting happiness.

Let all the dispensations of thy providence, we pray thee, be sanctified to us. May thy mercies, as cords of love, draw us nearer to thyfelf; and may the strokes of thine afflicting hand wean us from sin, mortify us to this world, and make us ready for our departure hence, whensoever thou art pleased to call us. Guide us by thy counsel and support us by thy grace, in all our travels through this dangerous wilderness, and at last give us the victory over death, and a triumphant entrance into thy glorious kingdom in the highest heavens.

Affift us, gracious God, in finging thy praifes. Difinifs us from thy house with thy blessing. Hear and answer us; pardon, accept and bless us, for thy mercies' sake in Christ Jesus, to whom, with thee O Father, and the Holy Spirit, we would ascribe glory and immortal praises. Amen.

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DEVOTIONS for the CHURCH.

BEFORE SERMON.

PRAYER III.

O LORD! Thou art God, and there is none beside thee, our God, and we will praise thee, our father's God, and we will exalt thee; the God and Father of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, and therefore we have considence to approach the footstool of thy throne. We acknowledge ourselves bound by many ties and obligations, to praise and adore, to love and to serve thee: for thou art the former of our bodies, and the father of our spirits; our constant preserver, and bountiful benefactor. Early were we cast upon thy care, and thou madest us to hope, when we hung upon our mother's breasts. How often, Lord, hast

thou supplied our wants, relieved our pains, healed our diseases, preserved our souls from death, our eyes from tears, and our feet from falling! Bless the Lord, O our souls, and forget not all his benefits.

But while we celebrate the loving kindness of the Lord, and the praifes of our God, we have reason to blush and to be ashamed of our own conduct. Though thou hast nourished and brought us up as children, we have, alas! too often proved ungrateful, disobedient children to thee. In many instances our own hearts condemn us, and thou art greater than our hearts, and knowest all things. If thou art strict to mark iniquity, O Lord, who can stand before thee? But adored be thy rich and free grace, there is forgiveness with thee, that thou mayest be feared, and plenteous redemption. This is thy name, and this is thy memorial throughout all ages and generations, the Lord, the Lord God, merciful and gracious, longfuffering, and flow to wrath, abundant in goodness and truth, forgiving iniquity, transgreffion and fin. Thou haft no pleasure in the death of finners, but rather that they should turn from their evil ways and live. We adore thee, that thy wisdom hath devised an expedient, whereby mercy may be extended to humble, penitent finners, without any violation of justice. In Christ Jesus, mercy and truth have met together, righteousness and peace have kiffed each other. Justify us freely by thy grace, we befeech thee, O Lord, through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus. For his fake who was made fin for us though he knew no fin, may we be accepted as righteous in thy fight. And being justified by faith, may we have peace with God, through our Lord Jesus Christ, by whom we have accefs to that grace wherein thy people stand, and rejoice in hope of the glory of God. And we humbly pray, that our faith and hope may have a purifying influence upon our hearts and lives. May we be daily growing in grace, as well as in the knowledge of Christ. Save us we befeech thee, from the delutions of the

children of disobedience, who promise themfelves liberty, while they are the fervants of corruption. Let us never esteem ourselves possest of true liberty, till the Son makes us free, and then we shall be free indeed. And that we may be able to affert our spiritual liberty, we earnestly pray that we may receive the continual communications of thy enlightening, quickening and fanctifying Spirit, without which our fouls are dark, dead and polluted. May thy Spirit dwell in our hearts, and fanctify us wholly for thy fervice. Suffer not the pleasures, or riches, or honours of this vain world, to withdraw our hearts from thee, or to lead us to the commission of any forbidden act, which would offend thy purity, and grieve thy holy Spirit.

Enable us to walk circumspectly and without offence, redeeming time, because the days are few and evil. May we do justly, love mercy, and walk humbly with our God. May it be our happy attainment, through affisting grace, to be found walking in all the statutes and ordinances of the Lord, blameless. Search us, O God, and know our hearts, try us, and know our thoughts; fee if there be any hidden wickedness in us, which in time past we have overlooked or connived at, and lead us in the way everlasting. We bless thee, O Lord, for lengthening out our day of grace, and continuing to us the means of grace and falvation; that thine ordinances are still difpenfed among us, and that our teachers are not hid in a corner. But feeing Paul may plant, and Apollos may water, but thou givest the increase, we fervently pray, that the feed of the word, fown this day, may be watered with the dew of heaven, that thy fervants may not labour in vain, and that thy people may not be faithless, but believing. Let all the ministers of the gospel, and all the asfemblies of thy people, find thee a very prefent help on this day. While we feel our own infirmities, may we also see where our strength is to be found. Affist us, gracious God, as we are feverally to be employed at

this time. May we speak and hear thy word, as becomes the oracles of the living God. Incline thine ear to our requests, O Lord; do for us exceedingly above what we are able to ask, or think. All we ask, is in the prevailing name of Jesus, our advocate and intercessor, to whom, with thee O Father, and the Holy Spirit, we would ascribe blessing and honour, and glory and power, for ever more. Amen.

DEVOTIONS for the CHURCH.

AFTER SERMON.

PRAYER III.

O LORD our God! thou art giving us line upon line, precept upon precept, here a little and there a little. Thou art instructing us both by thy word and by the dispensations of thy providence.

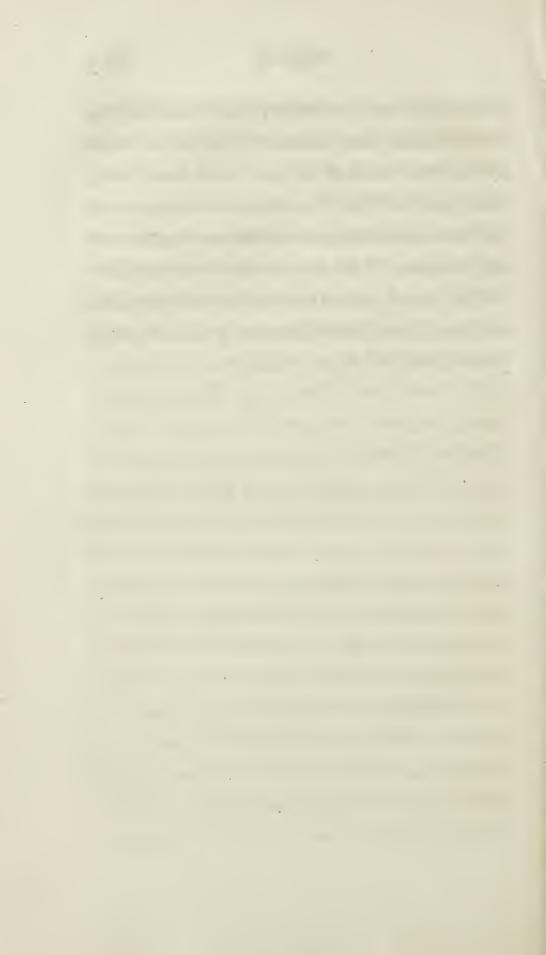
Help us to mark the judgments of thy mouth, and the operations of thy hands, and fo to ponder all in our hearts, that we may become wife unto falvation. We thank thee for every renewed opportunity of affembling together in thy house of prayer. May we remember that all our opportunities are uncertain, that our days are as a shadow, that the Judge standeth at the door, that we must ere

long give an account of the deeds done in the body, whether they be good or bad. O grant, that under these impressions, we may ever act, and think, and feel, and believe. Inspire us, we befeech thee, with the fentiments which become the candidates of glory, of honour, and of immortality. If there are any in thy presence at this time, O omniscient God, who are utterly unconcerned about the things which belong to their peace, living without thee, without hope in this world, and without care for a better, we pray thee, to arrest them in the carreer of folly, to awaken them to wife reflexion, and fober thought: We befeech thee, O Lord, to flew them their error, their mifery, their iniquity, and to lead them to that great Redeemer, who alone can rescue them from this vain world, who alone can deliver them from the bondage of corruption, and make them partakers of a divine nature, and of an eternal inheritance. May it be the great care of each of us, to give all diligence, to make our calling and election fure, that fo

when our earthly house of this tabernacle is diffolved, we may have a building of God, a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens. Make thy ways known upon the earth, and thy faving health among all nations. Let the gospel have free course and be glorified, from the rifing to the fetting fun. We pray for the conversion of Jews and Gentiles to the faith as it is in Jesus. We pray for the progrefs of the reformation abroad and at home. We recommend to thee our Sovereign the King, and all the branches of His Family, entreating thee to continue to us by their means, the invaluable bleffing of the protestant fuccession. By thy grace, animate those who are diffinguished by power, riches, or talents, that they may improve all for the public good. We earneftly pray, that the ministers of the gospel, of every denomination, may, with united affection, ardour, zeal, and eminent fuccess, be carrying on the work of the Lord. O thou God of infinite mercy, diffuse among christians of every profession, a spirit of forbearance, candour and love. Vifit all that are

in affliction, whether perfonal or relative, in mind, body or estate; graciously support them under their forrows, and in thine own time, fend them deliverance. If it shall please thee to lay thy chaftening hand upon us or ours, may we chearfully fubmit to thy will, after, the example of the Author and Finisher of our faith, who thus exprest himself upon the most trying occasion, "The cup which my Father " hath put into my hand, shall I not drink " it?" And, O Lord, we pray, that our minds may be ever deeply impressed with this perfuafion, that however dark and inexplicable the ways of providence may now appear to us, short-fighted creatures, there is a day coming, in which thy goodness and equity shall be acknowledged by all thy intelligent creatures—when thou shalt judge the world in righteousness by Jesus Christ-when tribulation and anguish shall seize all unbelievers and impenitent finners, but when the righteous shall lift up their heads with joy, because their complete redemption draweth nigh. May each of us be found in peace on that great decifive day, and join all thy redeemed people, in celebrating the praises of him, who loved us and gave himself for us. And now Lord, what wait we for? Our hope is in thy mercy. Let thine ears be open to the supplications of thy servants. Dismiss us at this time with thy blessing: and grant that we may ever dwell in thy house, and ever give thee praise, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

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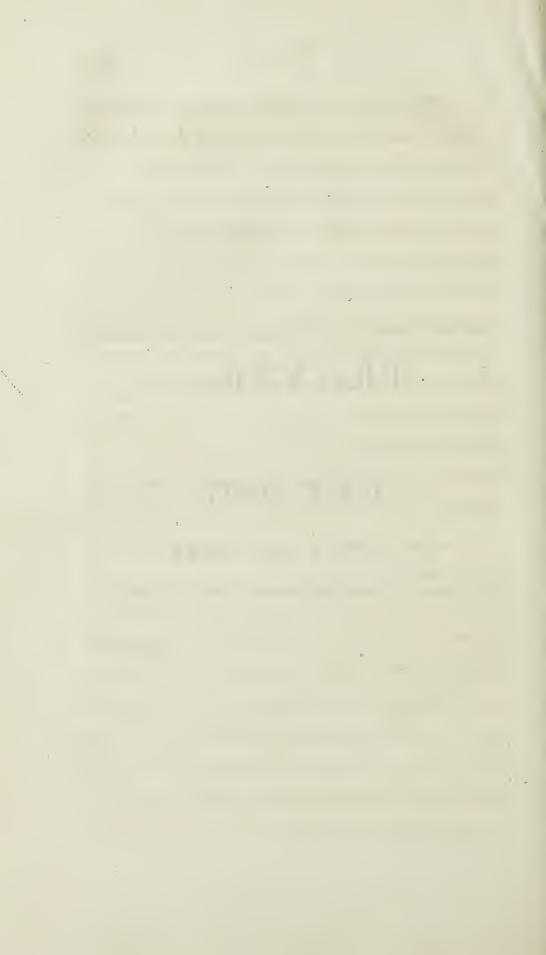


PRAYERS,

FOR A

FAST DAY,

IN TIME OF WAR.



PRAYERS for a FAST DAY.

BEFORE SERMON.

ETERNAL and Almighty Lord God! Thou alone art he whose name is Jehovah; the most High over all the earth. Thou livest and reignest for ever and ever. Thou reignest, let the earth rejoice, let the multitude of the ifles be glad: For though clouds and darkness are round about thee, righteousness and judgment are the habitation of thy throne, mercy and truth go continually before thy face; and thou art conducting and disposing all events for the general good of thy creatures, and for the particular benefit and advantage of those who feek thy face, and put their humble trust in thy mercy. May we learn to observe thy hand in the various revolutions and vicifitudes of human fociety. May we also learn to trust

in thee at all times, and to pour out our hearts before thee. It well becomes us, O Lord, thankfully to own thy goodness in all the comforts that we possess, whether personal or national, and humbly to adore thy wife and righteous providence, in all the troubles with which we are at any time vifited. And now, fince it hath pleafed thee to interrupt our national peace and prosperity, and to bring upon us the calamities of war, we defire to humble ourselves under thy mighty hand, and to offer up our united and fervent supplications unto thee, who alone canst help and deliver us, that thou wouldst display thy power and thy mercy in our behalf. Unto whom, O Lord, shall we go but unto thee, who art a present help in the time of trouble, and hast made thyfelf known as a God who heareth prayer. While fome trust in horses and chariots, or confide in an arm of flesh, we will trust in thee the Lord alone, in whom everlasting stréngth is to be found.

In compliance with the invitation of thy word, and the calls of providence, we are

now met together, to feek thy face, and to implore thy favour towards our guilty land. Gracious God, we pray, that thou wouldst pour out upon us, and upon all thy people on this day, a spirit of grace and supplication, a spirit of humiliation and repentance. Divest our minds, we beseech thee, O Lord, of every party-prejudice and corrupt affection.

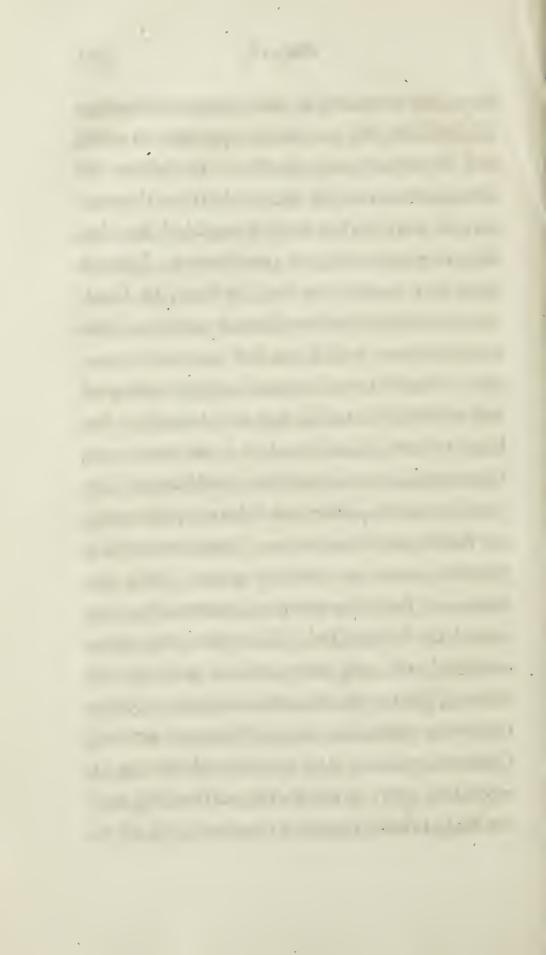
Enable us to lift up holy hands, without wrath or doubting, and to unite with one heart and foul, in feeking thy mercy to pardon our manifold offences, to heal our breaches, and to reform and fave our country. O most merciful Father, we defire with hearts full of grateful fentiments, to acknowledge the diftinguished favours with which in times past, thou hast visited us, and the manifold bleffings which we still enjoy, as christians, as protestants, and as Britons. We blefs thee that our happy lot was cast in a land of plenty, of light and of liberty. Surely the lines have fallen to us in pleafant places, and we have got a goodly heritage. We thank thee O Lord, and defire to magnify thy name, because thou

hast frequently defeated the counsels of our enemies, and turned them into foolishness, hast frustrated the repeated attempts of our adversaries, and prevented them from subverting our happy constitution. Blessed be thy name, thou hast helped us hitherto, and averted the destruction of our liberties and laws. O that we had duly improved our distinguished mercies, and that we had hearkened to the voice of thy commandments! Then had our peace been as a river, and our tranquility had been undisturbed.

But we must confess, O most holy and righteous God, that we have been too infensible of our mercies, and that we have grievously abused them. We are, alas! a sinful nation, a people laden with iniquity; our land is filled with fin against the Holy One of Israel; we who attempt to lead the devotion of others are men of unclean lips, and we dwell among an impure and perverse people. How is the gold become dim, and the sine gold changed! How are we degenerated from the faith, the purity, and the zeal of our ancestors!

How lukewarm have we become, in respect to the truths and ordinances of the gospel! How much has the power of godliness declined in our families and in our churches—and the more diftinguishing thy goodness hath been towards us, the more aggravated is our difobedience and rebellion against thee. We confess O Lord, that on account of our crying fins, thou mightest justly withdraw thy protection from us, and make us to feel the fevere effects of thy divine displeasure. But O most merciful Father, we entreat that thou wouldst not deal with us according to our deferts, but according to the multitude of thy tender mercies in Christ Jesus. Be graciously pleased to appear for us now in the time of our calamity, and avert the judgments which our fins have most righteously deserved. O Lord, be favourable to our land, and fave us for thy Name's fake. Save us from the evil defigns of all our enemies, whether without or within, and let no weapon that may be formed against Britain prosper. Let no foreign foe be fuffered to invade our coasts, to spread the

evils of anarchy and despotism among us. Suffer no internal enemies to fow the feeds of diffention, and to kindle the flames of war among our fellow fubjects, to overturn our government, and fubject us to civil tyranny or religious thraldom. Vain is the help of man: vain is the help of princes: our help only is in the Lord who made heaven and earth. To thee we would fly as our refuge from the storm, and our covert from the tempest. Be thou, we pray, our defence in the time of trouble. Thou Lord, haft delivered, thou dost deliver, to thee we humbly feek, and in thee we trust that thou wilt yet deliver. O God of mercy, let not our fruitful fields be laid waste, nor our rivers be turned into blood. Let not our commerce be annihilated, nor our towns and cities made defolate. Let not us, our fons and our daughters be carried captive, nor flain with the edge of the fword. Let not our houses be confumed, nor our temples be laid in ruins, or made the strong holds of the fons of violence. Pity O Lord, we pray thee, those nations where these outrages are committed, and these miseries are felt. Cause the rod of the oppressor to cease, and let the captives go free. O deliver the distracted nations of the earth from the horrors of war, and restore to mankind the bleffings of peace and good government. Impress upon our hearts, we befeech thee, O Lord, a lively fense of the inestimable privileges civil and religious, which we still continue to enjoy. Enable us to improve aright the day of our merciful visitation, lest the things that belong to our peace be hid from our eyes. Countenance us and all the affemblies of thy people, met together on this day, set apart for fasting and humiliation. Deny us not thy presence, deny us not thy grace. May we speak and hear thy word as becomes the oracles of the living God. Hear these our prayers, O Lord, and accept of our persons and fervices, for the merits and mediation of Jesus Christ the righteous, the one Mediator betwixt God and man. And we shall ascribe, as is most due, glory to the Father, to the Son, and the Holy Ghost, now and ever more. AMEN.



PRAYERS for a FAST DAY.

AFTER SERMON.

O LORD, thou art the high and the lofty One, who inhabitest eternity; holy and reverend is thy name. When we confider the awful glories of thy nature, we mean and finful creatures, have cause exceedingly to sear and quake, when we appear in thy presence: But when we reflect upon thy encouraging promifes and the exceeding riches of thy grace manifested in Christ Jesus, our drooping spirits are revived and comforted. Bleffed be thy name, thou hast declared in thy word, that though thou dwellest in the high and holy place, thou wilt also dwell with him who is of an humble and contrite spirit, and who trembles at thy word. We must confess, O Lord, that we have cause to be humble in thy presence, because we are so defective in those

dispositions of mind which would become perfons professing to observe a day of fasting and humiliation. Thine hand is not shortened that it cannot fave, neither is thine ear heavy that it cannot hear; but we are conscious that our iniquities have feparated between us and our God, and that our fins have hid thy face from us. Convince us, O Lord, we befeech thee, that our fins are the procuring cause of all the judgments which we either feel or fear; and enable us to return to thee in the exercise of unfeigned repentance, lively faith, and new obedience, lest iniquity prove our ruin. Promote in us that contrition and brokenness of heart, in which thou delightest. When we fee the ax laid to the root of the tree, and thy hand lifted up as if ready to strike the fatal blow, may we be alarmed and reclaimed, and bring forth fruits meet for repentance. Purify our hearts O Lord, by thy grace, and enable us to discover and to reform whatever is criminal or unchristian in our dispositions and practices. We have cause to lament in thy presence, on this day of humiliation, the

general corruption of manners that prevails in our church and nation. Iniquity abounds and the love of many waxes cold, both towards God and man. We defire more particularly to be deeply humbled under a fense of our own transgressions: and as we have each of us our share in the national guilt, grant that we may each of us contribute our part towards a national repentance and reformation. When thy judgments are abroad in the earth, may the nations of the world in general, and our own in particular, learn righteousness.

O Lord, we pray, that thou wouldst pity those who are suffering by the desolations of war, who are become widows and fatherless, through the ravage and sury of the sword, and relieve those who are afflicted whether in body, mind, or outward estate. Put a stop, we beseech thee, to that impiety and immorality which so much abounds among those who are engaged in war. Reform the morals of our armies, may they sear God, honour the King, and be of one mind. Inspire our commanding officers with prudence and side-

lity; and animate those who are to fight our battles for us, with courage and resolution: and grant us in thy good time, a safe, an honourable and a lasting peace. And we humbly and fervently pray, that thou wouldst extend the empire of thy Son Jesus the Prince of Peace, and cause it to become universal; that the nations may learn war no more. When, O when, shall that blessed period arrive, which thy word teaches us to expect! Lord, let us fee the dawn of that happy day. O thou fupreme ruler of the earth, thou King of kings, and Lord of lords, so influence, we pray thee, the understandings and wills of the potentates of the earth, that they may feek their own glory, in the happiness of their subjects, in encouraging useful arts, in diffusing knowledge, in promoting religion and good morals, and in maintaining the peace of the world. We pray especially, for the rulers of our own country. May thy choicest bleffings descend on the perfon and family of our gracious Sovereign, King George. May the crown fit eafy upon his head, and his throne be established in righteousness. May he long reign over a free, a loyal, and a happy people.

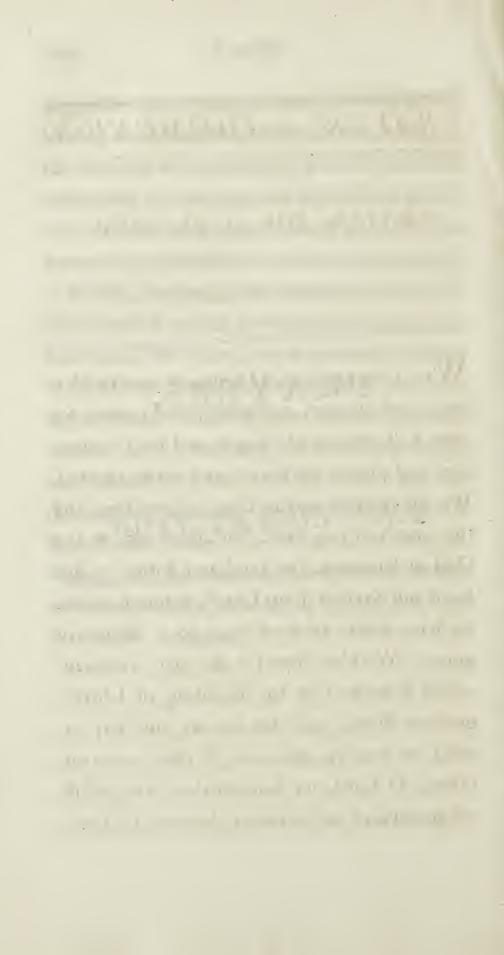
Let thy wisdom guide his councils, and di-· rect the officers of state in this critical juncture of affairs, that they may purfue those measures which shall have the happiest influence on the liberty, the peace, and the lasting prosperity of every part of the British Empire. Be graciously pleased to overrule the present commotions of Europe, for the most happy purposes. Let the wrath of man praise thee, and the remainder of it do thou restrain. Revive thy work, O Lord, in the midst of all these calamitous years, and cause real religion to flourish, that glory may dwell in our land. Bless the churches of Great Britain and Ireland, of every description, with thy presence. Put a speedy end to all strife and discord among professing christians, and engage them to cultivate peace and brotherly love, as becomes the disciples of the same Master. Awaken the zeal of thy ministers, of every denomination, and of thy people who are called by thy name, for promoting the interest of pure religion: and engage us all, to return to thee with our whole hearts, to devote what remains of our lives to thy fervice; to improve our feveral talents for usefulness; as much as in us lieth to live peaceably with all men, and by every means in our power, to promote the welfare of our country.

Finally, we pray, that amidst all the calamities which prevail in this lower world, we may direct our views, our hopes and pursuits, to that better world above, wherein dwelleth righteousness; that kingdom which cannot be moved; where love and peace and joy reign undisturbed for ever. All which we ask, in the name of Jesus, our great intercessor, whom thou hearest always, to whom, with thee, O Father, and the Holy Spirit, be ascribed honour and majesty, dominion and power, for ever more. Amen.

PRAYERS,

AT

THE COMMUNION,



PRAYERS at the COMMUNION.

PRAYER FOR A BLESSING

ON THE ELEMENTS.

WORTHY art thou, O Lord, to receive bleffing, and honour, and glory, and power, for thou hast created all things, and for thy pleafure and praife, they are, and were created. We adore thee as the God of our life, and the length of our days, but above all, as the God of falvation, the God and Father of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, through whom we have access to draw near to a throne of grace. We bless thee for the new covenant which is ratified by the shedding of Christ's precious blood, and that we are this day invited to receive the feals of that covenant. Grant, O Lord, we befeech thee, that while we partake of the outward elements of bread and wine, we may by a lively faith, behold Christ crucified evidently set forth before us, and feed on him to our spiritual nourishment and growth in grace. Excite in our fouls on this folemn occasion, all those devout affections which thou requireft in thy chosen people. O Lord, we humbly pray, that thou wouldst give us clearer views than we ever had heretofore, of the infinite evil of fin, and of the admirable dimensions of redeeming love. Grant us, we befeech thee, clear and fatisfying views of our personal interest in that everlasting covenant, which is well ordered in all things and fure; and give us the earnest of thy Spirit. in our hearts, fealing us to the day of redemption. Good Lord, pardon every one who hath fincerely endeavoured to prepare his heart for waiting upon thee, at this folemn feaft, though he be not cleanfed according to the purification of the fanctuary. Let not our iniquities provoke thee to hide thy face from us at this time, but do thou open the fountain of life, for the refreshment of thirsty souls, and grant us fuch abundant communications

of thy love and favour, as shall enable us to say, from our happy experience, this is Bethel, this is the house of God and the gate of heaven. Hear our prayers, O Lord, and accept of our spiritual facrifices, through the merits of our once crucified, and now exalted Redeemer, and we shall ascribe glory to the Father, to the Son, and to the Holy Ghost, now and ever more. Amen.

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PRAYERS at the COMMUNION.

PRAYER FOR A BLESSING

ON THE ELEMENTS.

Blessed through everlasting ages be the God and Father of Jesus Christ our Lord, who hath given us counsel thus to stand forth, in a degenerate age, to evince our firm reliance on the Redeemer of the world, for those divine consolations which can only support us both living and dying; and for those immortal joys, which are alone adequate to the wants and wishes of our rational nature and immortal duration. What shall we render unto thee O Lord, for any inclinations thou hast given us towards the best and noblest things, for any just views we have had of the vileness and deformity of fin, of the power and grace of a Redeemer, and of the infinite moment of eternal concerns. Not unto us, not unto us, in whom dwelleth no good thing, but only to thee, be all the praise, from whom descendeth every good and perfect gift.

We fervently pray, that thou, who hast called and invited us to the marriage-supper of the Lamb, wouldst cloathe us with the wedding garment. May we partake of this great gospel feast, with the deepest humility, with a firm faith in the blood of atonement, with ardent love, and chearful hope.

Bless to us this day, the provisions of thy house, and satisfy our souls with the bread of life. May we find Christ's sless to be meat indeed, and his blood to be drink indeed. Seal unto each of us the pardon of our sins, and grant that we may be strengthened and confirmed in our resolutions of living from henceforth, not to ourselves, but unto him who died for us and rose again. Grace thine own ordinance with thy presence, and enable us to return from it, with our consciences quieted, our corruptions subdued, our graces encreased, and our souls encouraged,

with our hearts enlarged to run the way of thy commands. We have heard with our ears, O God, our fathers have told us, of illustrious manifestations of thy grace, of glorious days of the Son of Man, which they have feen upon earth, while waiting upon thee in the ordinances of thine appointment. Yea, we can testify from our own experience, that thou hast never been to us a barren wilderness, or a land of drought. O let it appear on this day that thou art still the same God, rich in mercy, and nigh to fuch as call upon thee in fincerity and truth. Bow the heavens and come down; shine forth thou that dwellest between the cherubims, stir up thy strength, and come and fave us. May we hear thy voice, and taste thy goodness; may we feel the powerful influence of thy Spirit upon our hearts, communicating life and light and joy to our fouls. May we fee thy glory, as thou wert feen heretofore in thy fanctuary. Our waiting eyes are towards thee, O Lord, let our help come from thee. May grace, mercy and peace be upon us and upon all thy fervants and people throughout the world, which we beg through the intercession, and in the prevailing name, of Jesus, our strength and our Redeemer. Amen.

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PRAYERS at the COMMUNION.

PRAYER AT THE CONCLUSION

OF THE SOLEMN SERVICE.

Blessing and honour, and glory and power, be unto him that fitteth on the throne, and unto the Lamb that was flain, for ever and ever. O Lord God of our falvation, thou haft remembered us in our low estate, because thy mercy endureth for ever.

We bless thy name, that when we had deftroyed ourselves, in thee was our help found. Thou hast laid help on one that is mighty and able to save to the uttermost, all that come to thee through him. Glory be to God in the highest, on earth peace, and good-will to the son's of men! Glory be to the Son of God, the Prince of Peace who hath loved us and given himself for us, to redeem us from sin,

and all its fatal consequences, and left us such memorials of himself, and such precious pledges of his never failing love.

Adored, forever adored, be the amazing condefcensions of thy grace, that thou art willing to dwell with men, with rebellious men here upon earth, and that thou permittest finful worms to take thy covenant into their mouths. By this we know that thou favourest us; for if thou hadst been pleased to kill us, thou wouldst not have shewn us such things as thefe. Bless the Lord, O our fouls, and forget not all his benefits. O keep us ever mindful of thy vows which are upon us, and enable us to live as becomes thy redeemed people. May the love of Christ constrain us; may the Spirit of Christ assist us; may our whole life be a hymn of gratitude and of praise; may we never esteem any thing too much to do, to hazard, or to fuffer; never esteem any thing too dear to facrifice, by which we may shew our gratitude to the great fountain of our happinels. Be furety O Lord, unto thy fervants for good. Be pleafed to shed abroad thy fanctitifying influences on our fouls, to form us for every duty thou requireft. Fill our breafts with good affections towards thee our God, and towards our fellow creatures.

Help us always to realize thy presence, and to remember that every fecret fentiment of our fouls is open to thy view. Under fuch a conviction, may we guard against the first risings of fin, and the first approaches to it. May we be so joined to Christ Jesus our Lord, as to become one spirit with him, and feel his invigorating influences continually bearing us on, fuperior to every temptation and to every corruption; that while the youths shall faint and be weary, and the young men utterly fall, we may fo wait upon the Lord, as to renew our spiritual strength, to run without wearinefs, and to walk without fainting. May we go on continually from one degree of faith and love, of holiness and zeal, to another, till we appear perfect before thee in Zion, to drink in immortal vigour and joy, from thee the everlasting fountain of both. While we are here on earth, we are subject to many infirmities,

and exposed to many trials and difficulties. Bleffed God, to thine almighty power we flee for aid and refuge. O thou that favest by thy right hand them that put their trust in thee, firetch out thine omnipotent arm to fave us. We put ourselves under thy protection; let thy grace be fufficient for us, and thy strength be made perfect in our weaknefs. Give us thy Holy Spirit to abide with us for ever. May we continually receive from him those communications of light, and life, and fortitude, and joy, which will furnish us for what remains of the days of our pilgrimage here on earth, till we finish our course with comfort and well-grounded hope, and are permitted to lay hold on that crown of righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous judge, shall give to us at that day, and not to us only, but to all them that love his appearing.

(Here introduce the general intercession.)

Forgive, gracious God, what thy pure eye hath feen amifs in our folemn fervices. May the precious blood of Christ, shed for the re-

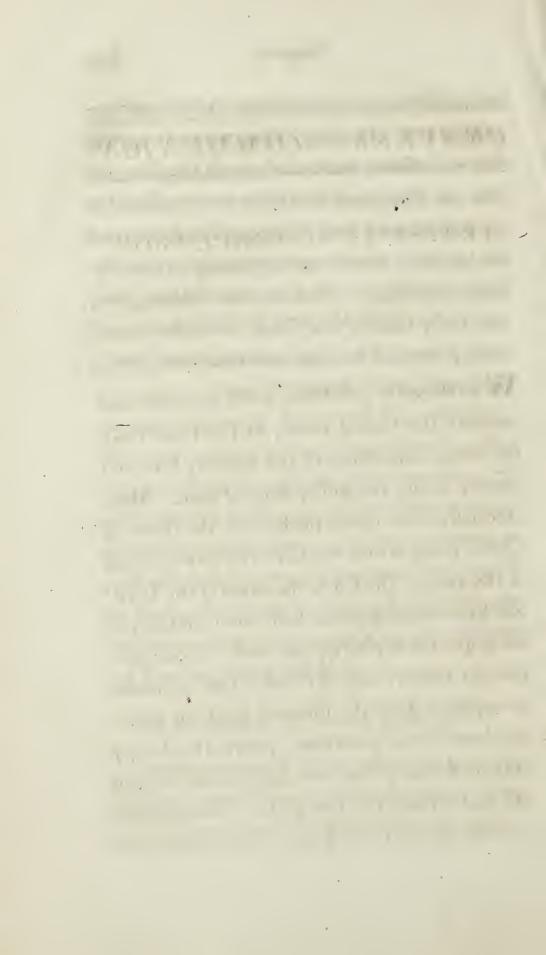
mission of sin, atone for all our defects and imperfections. In every thing we must confess that we offend, but we rejoice in the thought, that our Redeemer liveth for ever to plead for us, and that we shall be accepted and crowned for his sake, who is worthy though we are utterly unworthy. Now to the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, one God, we desire to ascribe glory and honour, dominion and praise, for ever more. AMEN.

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PRAYERS at the COMMUNION.

PRAYER AT THE CONCLUSION

OF THE SOLEMN SERVICE.

We defire, with all our fouls, to adore and magnify thy bleffed name, O Lord our God, for all the expressions of thy fatherly love and bounty to us, the guilty sons of men. More especially, for those pledges of thy love in Christ Jesus, which we have this day received at thy table. Blessed be the name of the Lord! we have done as thou hast commanded us; we hope for thy salvation, and it is our purpose to observe all thy holy and righteous precepts. May the spiritual food, of which we have been partakers, prove the happy means of conveying new supplies of spiritual life and strength to our souls. Breathe unto us O Lord, we besech thee, new hearts, new

affections, new aversions and desires, that we may love thee with more fincerity, and ferve thee with more fidelity, than we have done in time past. Give us a spiritual discernment, that we may know the things that are freely given to us of God, and that we may walk as becomes our high privileges and glorious profpects. We confess ourselves unworthy, but thy bounty, O Lord, never fails: the love of our Saviour is not diminished, and the virtue of his propitiation is never exhaufted. Grant, therefore, we befeech thee, that the holy facrament which we have been receiving, may never turn to our judgment or condemnation: but that it may inspire us with strength and vigour, to perform all our holy purposes, and resolutions; with comfort and consolation, under all the afflictions and calamities of life, and with courage and fortitude at the hour of death. Pardon, O God, those imperfections that have accompanied us in attending thy holy ordinance at this time. Forgive the deadness and dulness of our affections, the wandering of our thoughts, and the diffractions of our minds. Let the fincerity of our holy purposes and resolutions be accepted, notwithstanding our weakness and frailty. Olet this commemoration of our crucified Saviour, influence all our thoughts, words and actions; that our conversation may, from henceforth, be fuch as becometh the gospel of Christ. God grant that each of us who have this day furrounded thy table, may be living witnesses of the grace of our Redeemer, and of his all-fufficiency to bless and save all who put their trust in him. May we rejoice in him as our Saviour and our King. May we follow wherever he leads us: though tempted may we overcome in his ftrength, and be finally more than conquerors through him that loved us.

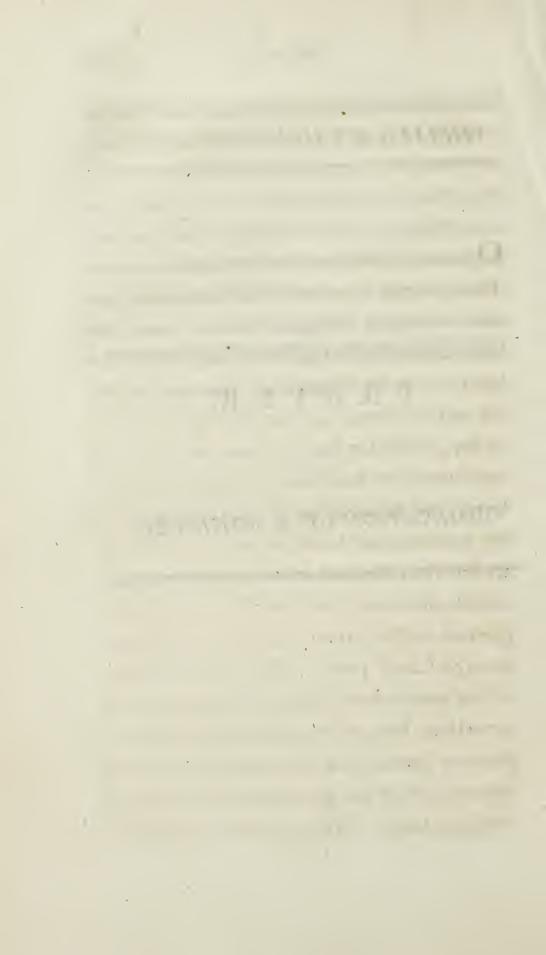
(Here introduce the general intercession.)

We bless thee, O Lord, for all thy goodness which thou hast made to pass before us, fince we assembled together on this solemn occasion. We beseech thee, that by all the ordinances of thy house, the dispensations of thy providence, and the manifestations of thy grace, thou wouldst train us up, and prepare us for thy worship and service in heaven; where we hope to behold thy face in right-cousness; where the Sabbath is perpetual, and the joy complete and eternal; where we shall join the general assembly, and church of the first born, in celebrating the praises of him that sitteth upon the throne, and of the Lamb, for ever and ever. Amen.

PRAYER,

AT THE

ORDINATION OF A MINISTER.



ORDINATION PRAYER.

O MOST bleffed and glorious Lord our God! Thou art rich in mercy, and nigh to all those that call upon thee in fincerity and truth. Our fathers trufted in thee, and they never had cause to be ashamed of their hope. Blesfed be thy Name, thou art still the same God to day, yesterday and for ever, without any variableness or shadow of turning. Many, O Lord, and valuable have been the displays of thy goodness and loving kindness to us, who are less than the least of all thy mercies. We would adore thee, in a special manner, for the spiritual bleffings thou hast conferred upon us through Christ Jesus. We adore thy Name for his meritorious death, his triumphant refurrection, his glorious ascension, and for the precious benefits bestowed upon his church in consequence of his prevailing intercession at thy right hand. We bless thee, O Lord, for the extraordinary and miraculous gifts of the Holy Spirit that were bestowed upon the prophets and apostles in the first ages of the church, which rendered the gospel triumphant over the opposition of powerful enemies.

We blefs thee for the ordinary influences of thy Spirit communicated to pastors and teachers in fucceeding ages, by which means a church has been maintained and supported upon earth, against which thou hast promised the gates of hell shall never prevail. We bless thee that the gospel message has reached our ears, who dwell in these remote parts of the earth. We hear the glad tidings of great joy, that God is in Christ reconciling the world to himself, not imputing to penitent finners their trespasses: and thou hast honoured us fo far, as to commit to us the ministry of reconciliation. What am I Lord, (may each of us fay of himfelf,) and what is my father's house, that thou hast brought me hitherto? Unto us who are less than the least of all faints, is this grace given, that we should preach among the Gentiles, the unsearchable riches of Christ. This treasure

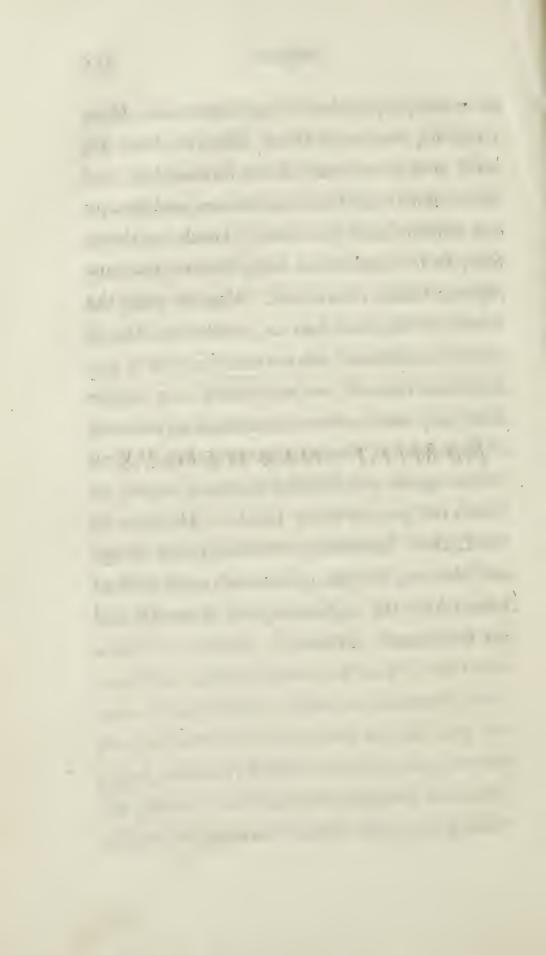
is put into earthen vessels, that the excellency of the power may appear to be of God. We adore thee, that though the prophets do not live for ever, yet instead of the fathers, thou art raising up the children, to perform the services of thy fanctuary, and that while fun and moon endure, thou halt ordained a lamp for thine anointed. Thou hast promised, and encouraged us to hope, that when we are gathered to our fathers there shall be a feed to ferve thee upon earth, who shall declare thy righteousness and falvation to generations yet unborn. We blefs thee O Lord, who haft inclined, and in some measure fitted this man, whom we now fet apart in thy Name, to the work of the ministry. Endue him we beseech thee, with the spirit of his office, and make him an able minister of the New Testament. Grant that he may make full proof of his ministry, that so he may deliver his own foul, and promote the spiritual improvement of his hearers. As he is called in thy fovereign providence to dispense the bread of life unto thy household, endue him, we befeech thee, with

wisdom and fidelity, with zeal and utterance, that he may divide the word aright, giving to each his portion of meat in due feafon. By an impartial manifestation of the truth, may he commend himself to every man's conscience in the fight of God. Lord, who is sufficient for these things? The most exalted angel might well tremble to undertake the arduous task. We entreat that thou wouldst cause thy fervant now entering upon the holy ministry, and us who have for fome time been employed in thy fervice, to experience that our fufficiency is of God; and that when we are weak in ourselves, we may be strong in the Lord, and in the power of his might. Being thus affifted, may thy word prosper in our mouths, and thy work in our hands. May the gospel which we preach, prove the favour of life, unto life, and the power of God to the falvation of many fouls. And we fervently pray, that the fervice in which we are this day engaged, and every fimilar occasion, may increase our fidelity, our zeal and diligence in the important duties of our facred office, and quicken

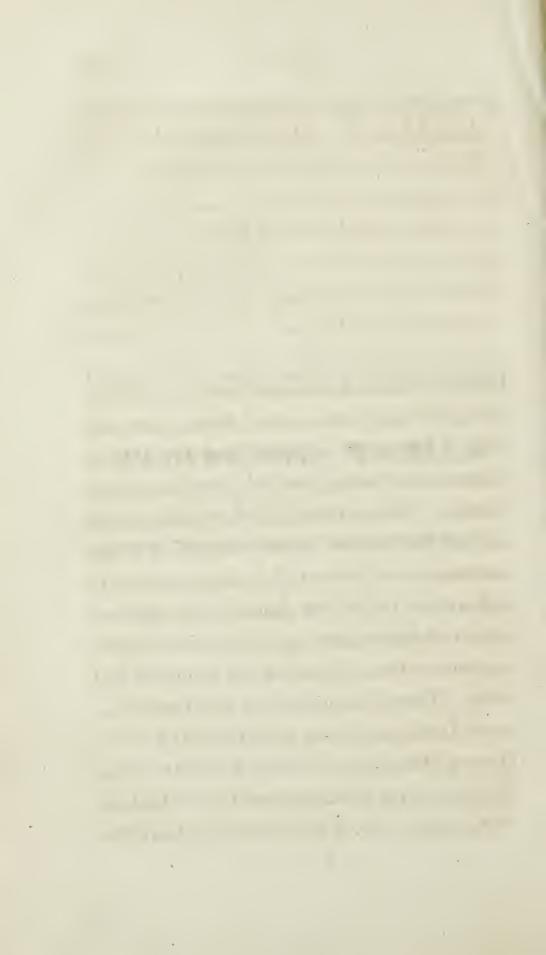
us in our preparation for our latter end. Convince us, we pray thee, that ere long we must give an account of our stewardship, and others shall enter into our labours, and occupy our stations in thy church. Teach us therefore, fo to number our days, that we may apply our hearts to wifdom. May we work the works of him that fent us, while our day of grace is continued, that when the time of our departure cometh, we may finish our course with joy, and receive that animating fentence of approbation, from our great master, "Well " done good and faithful fervants, enter ye " into the joy of your Lord." Hear us O Lord, from heaven thy dwelling place, accept and bless us, for the merits and mediation of Jesus Christ the righteous, our strength and our Redeemer. AMEN.

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FAMILY DEVOTIONS.



FAMILY DEVOTIONS.

MORNING

PRAYER I.

EVER bleffed and glorious Lord God! Thou art a great God and a great King, above all gods. The earth is thine, and the fulness thereof; the world, and all they that dwell therein. We are thine, for thou hast created us, and on thee we entirely depend for the continuance of life and all its enjoyments. It is therefore fit that we should daily acknowledge our dependance upon thee, and our obligations to thee, in united acts of prayer and praise. It well becomes us to give thanks unto the Lord, and to fing praises unto thy name, O thou Most High; to shew forth thy loving kindness in the morning, and thy faithfulness every night. Look not upon us at this time,

we befeech thee, as we are in ourselves, but in the face of thine anointed. Be merciful to our unrighteousness for the sake of Jesus thy well-beloved Son, who hath fulfilled all righteoufness, and give us to experience the bleffedness of those whose transgressions are forgiven, whose fins are covered: And grant, that thy pardoning mercy may be accompanied with thy fanctifying grace, to subdue effectually the remaining corruption of our hearts, and to correct the irregularities of our lives. Put thy fear into our hearts, that we may never depart from thee. And being thus prepared, do thou, Lord, lead us forth to all the duties and events of the day. In the feveral stations and callings in which thy providence has placed us, may we ever abide with thee, not being flothful in bufiness, but fervent in spirit, serving the Lord. Teach us the value of time, and enable us to improve it to the best advantage. May we occupy our feveral talents, as becomes those who are conscious that they have an account to give.—Whether we eat or drink, or whatever we do, may we do all to thy glory. May our eyes be ever watchful to observe the descent of mercies from thee; and may a grateful fense of thy hand and thy love in them, add a favour and relish to all. While in this world of trial, may we accustom ourselves to expect afflictions, and when they come, may we be reconciled to them, by remembering, that they come from thee, and by firmly believing, that the fame love which gives us our daily bread, appoints our daily crosses. May we learn to take up our cross and follow Christ, manifesting the same temper and spirit that was in Christ Jesus. Like him, may we fay in all trying circumstances, "The cup which my Father hath " given me, shall I not drink it?" Preserve us, O Lord, from the influence of those temptations, to which we are daily exposed. Make us duly fensible of our own weakness, that our hearts may be raifed to thee in humble and fervent supplications for the needful supplies of grace and ftrength. When we are engaged in the fociety of others, may it be our defire and our care, to do and to receive

as much good as possible. When we are alone, may we remember that our heavenly Father is with us: May we enjoy the pleafure of thy presence, and feel the animating power of it, awakening our fouls to an earnest defire to think and act as in thy fight. May we be folicitous daily to be answering the great purposes of life, by honouring thee, and diffusing knowledge and happiness in the world. May all our days on earth be spent as becomes those who are defigned for an eternal existence, that we may at last finish our course with joy, and have an entrance ministered to us abundantly into thy heavenly kingdom, through the merits and mediation of Jesus Christ our Saviour and Redeemer. AMEN.

FAMILY DEVOTIONS.

MORNING

PRAYER. II.

omost High and holy Lord God! Thou art worthy to receive bleffing and honour, and glory and praife, from all thine intelligent creatures; for thou haft created all things by thy power, thou ruleft and preferveft all things by thy providence, and filleft all places with thy prefence. We are in thy hands, as the clay is in the hands of the potter. From thee we have received our existence, and on thee we depend for all the comforts of life. We adore thy name, for the high rank which thou hast affigned to us in the scale of Beings; that thou hast made man a little lower than the angels, and crowned him with glory and dignity. We adore thee, who hast formed us

rational and moral agents, capable of the refined and exalted pleasures of devotion; capable of maintaining an intercourse with thee the Father of our spirits; of imitating thy perfections in some degree, here on earth, and of enjoying confummate blifs with thee in heaven, when time shall be no more. We bless thee, O Lord, who hast not confined us to that knowledge of thee and of our duty, which may be discovered by the mere light of nature, and thy works of creation and providence, but hast given us thy word to be a light to our feet and a lamp to our paths, to be the unerring rule of our faith and practice. When we had become vain in our imaginations, and were corrupted by fin, in thee was our help found. Thou didst contrive and reveal a glorious plan of falvation, whereby thou mayest be just, and the Justifier of all that believe in Jesus. Through the tender mercy of our God, the day-spring from on high hath visited us who fat in darkness and in the shadow of death, to give us light, and to guide our feet into the way of peace. We adore thee for the

knowledge of thy truth, for the promises of thy mercy and grace, and for the joyful prospect of immortal life, so clearly revealed by that Saviour who was himself the conqueror of death, and having rifen from the grave, and ascended into heaven, is become the first fruits of them that slept. Possess our minds, O Lord, we befeech thee, with fuch a deep fense and firm perfuation of those important truths thou hast revealed in the gospel, as shall powerfully influence and regulate all our thoughts, words and actions. By a patient continuance in well-doing, may we feek for glory, honour and immortality. Shed abroad thy love in our hearts by the Holy Ghost, that we may love thee the Lord our God, with a supreme affection, and that we may love one another with pure hearts, fervently. By thy grace affifting, may we faithfully fulfil the duties belonging to our feveral places and stations, May we render to Cæfar the things that are Cxfar's, and to God the things that are God's; -may we bear one anothers' burthens, and fo fulfil the law of Christ. To do thy will

may we take delight, and may thy law be written upon our hearts. May it be our study and our delight to diffuse happiness, and to alleviate mifery all around us, that we may approve ourselves followers of God as dear children, who delighteth to exercise loving kindness and tender mercy upon the earth. Pity, O Lord, all who are under afflictions of whatever kind: Over-rule every circumstance of diftress and woe, for the wifest and best . purposes, and teach thine afflicted children, to feek their relief and comfort from God. Give us grace, O Lord, to hold fast our integrity, and never let it go, that our hearts may not reproach us as long as we live. Help us to maintain a conscience void of offence towards thee, and towards man; and having done our duty according to the measure of power thou hast given us, then to cast all our cares on thee, who hast hitherto cared for us. We thank thee, O our God, for all thy goodness to us and ours, throughout our past lives; especially for the safety and rest of the past night, and for the ability and opportunity of

meeting together this morning, as we are bound by duty and obligation to do; to express our gratitude for thy providential care and goodness to us. God forbid, that the frequent returns of thy mercies should make us inattentive to their value, or forgetful of the bountiful Giver of all our bleffings. O grant that we may never be made fensible of their worth, by being deprived of them. Graciously continue thy protection and favour to us this day. Save us from sin, we beseech thee, and from all other evils, if it be thy bleffed will. May we go out and come in, under the sense of thy presence, and rejoicing in thy protection and favour. Hear these our prayers, and grant us acceptance in thy fight, through the merits and intercession of Jesus Christ the righteous, our prevailing Advocate at thy right hand, - and we shall ascribe glory to the Father, to the Son, and to the Holy Ghost, world without end. AMEN.

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FAMILY DEVOTIONS.

MORNING

PRAYER III.

INFINITELY bleffed and glorious God! we adore thee as the Alpha and Omega, the first and the last, of whom, through whom, and to whom are all things. Unto thee every knee should bow, and every tongue confess their fins. Unto thee we defire to lift up our fouls at this time, O thou that dwellest in the heavens! To whom should we go but unto thee? Doubtless thou art our Father, though Abraham be ignorant of us, and Ifrael acknowledge us not, thou art the guide of our youth. Early were we cast upon thy care, and goodnefs and mercy have hitherto followed us. Thou, Lord, haft nourished and brought us up as children, but alas! we must confess with shame and contrition, that we have proved undutiful, disobedient children to thee. Too often have we given a deaf ear to thy voice, while we have liftened to the counfel of our enemics. Too often have we indulged the passions and appetites which we ought to have opposed and subdued, and have left our duty unperformed. Enter not into judgment with us O Lord, we befeech thee, for if thou art strict to mark iniquity, who can stand before thee. Grant us redemption, we humbly pray, through the peace-speaking blood of Jesus, even the forgiveness of our fins, according to the riches of thy grace: and grant, that we may live from henceforth as becomes the redeemed of the Lord, the children of the light, and the candidates for a bleffed immortality. May our conversation be without covetousness, and grant that we may be content with fuch things as we have. May thy bleffed will fet bounds to our defires, and regulate all our passions. Save us we befeech thee from the fnares of prosperity and adversity. Suffer us not to forget thee in our abundance, nor to

question thy goodness in our distress. Firmly perfuaded that all things shall work together for good to them that love thee, may we chearfully fubmit to all the disposals of thy providence. May we be anxiously careful for nothing, but in every thing, by prayer and fupplication with thankfgiving, make our requests known to thee our God. While we pray for ourselves, we would humbly recommend the interests of mankind to Thee, our common parent. May thy bleffings both temporal and fpiritual, be continued to every rational creature, on the face of the whole earth. May they be chearfully accepted, gratefully acknowledged and wifely improved. May thy good providence open a way for the increasing prevalence of truth and righteousness. To this end, may the everlafting gospel be more extensively propagated in its original purity and fimplicity. And may those who are already favoured with the christian doctrine, learn, value and practife, the truth as it is in Jesus. May all nations enjoy the bleffings of a wife and equal government. In this our native country, may every thing conducive to real happiness, prevail more and more. May our superior advantages produce superior virtue: Bless our rightful Sovereign King George, and all the branches of the Royal Family. Over-rule public counfels to the public good. May our magistrates dispense justice in the fear of God-and may the ministers of religion, by doctrine and example, greatly promote the interests of folid piety, and universal goodness. In tender mercy, O.God, regard all who are in diffress of mind, of body, or outward estate. Be the father of the fatherless, and plead the cause of the widow. Be the everlafting support of all those who call upon thy name. And do good unto all, as their various cases and circumstances may require. We defire this morning, to offer thee the facrifice of thanksgiving for the watchful care of thy providence exercised over us, by night and by day. We laid us down to fleep, and bleffed be thy name, we have arisen in fafety. We recommend ourselves to thy protection, the enfuing day. May we walk in

thy fear, all the day long. In all our thoughts, words and actions, may we endeavour to approve ourselves in thy sight, and, by a steadfast adherence to duty, may we be prepared for all events. When that most awful event shall arrive which will remove us from the present state of existence, grant, O merciful God, that we may depart in peace, and be admitted to spend a happy eternity in that kingdom which thou hast prepared for the righteous from the foundation of the world. Now, to the only wife God, be glory through Jesus Christ, for ever and ever. Amen.

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FAMILY DEVOTIONS.

EVENING

PRAYER I.

() Almighty and most merciful Father! Thou art God over all, bleffed for ever; a being infinite, eternal and unchangeable! Thy glorious name is exalted above all bleffing and praise; and the perfections of thy nature are worthy to engage the love, and to command the veneration, of all thine intelligent offfpring. We blefs thy name, that we are of the number of those whom thou hast endued with reason, and designed for immortality; and that, guilty and unworthy as we are, yet, through the merits and intercession of our great High Priest, we are not only permitted, but invited to pour out our hearts before thee, and to address the feat of sovereign majesty,

purity and goodness. We rejoice in all thy goodness which thou hast made to pass before us, in every period of our existence. We adore that goodness which supplies our wants, and gives us all things richly to enjoy, which preferves us from dangers, and bestows on us so many valuable bleffings to fweeten the journey of life, and to render our passage through this world, agreeable and delightful. But above all, we praife that goodness, which confines not our hopes to this short and perishing life, but encourageth us to extend our views into eternity, and to look for a happy state beyond the grave, which shall know neither imperfection nor end. Suffer us never to be infensible of thy mercies, by which we are encompassed, enlivened, comforted and redeemed from fin and mifery. May the chearful obedience of our lives, bear continual and honourable testimony to the gratitude of our hearts. Alas! O Lord, every time we prefent ourselves at the footstool of thy throne, we have cause to lament before thee, the perverseness of our wills, the treachery of our hearts,

and the inconstancy of our good affections; our proneness to corrupt inclinations and finful lusts, and our reluctance to the practice of what is good and excellent. We have finned; O Father, against heaven and in thy fight, and are no more worthy to be called thy children. But our hope is in thine infinite mercy through Christ Jesus. For his sake who is worthy and hath redeemed us by his own blood, pardon our fins, and pity our infirmities. We earneftly implore the continual supplies of thy grace, to improve in us every virtuous inclination and divine disposition. May thy Holy Spirit fix and strengthen our wavering hearts, support our pious purposes and resolutions, inspire us with divine principles, and fuggeft to our minds, proper motives and useful truths on all occasions. Affist us, we entreat thee, O thou God of all grace and mercy, to furmount all the opposition we may have to encounter, in the course of a pious and virtuous life. And grant that neither the frowns nor flatteries of men, nor the corruptions of our own hearts, nor the difficulties which attend the practice of virtue, nor the deceitful pleafures of vice, nor things prefent, nor things to come, may ever separate our fouls from the love of God and goodness, or cause us to defert our duty in any instance. Prepare us, O Lord, for all the unfeen events, which are ordained to befal us in the course of thy providence, during our continuance in this uncertain world. With respect to our outward condition and circumstances in life, we would refer ourselves entirely to thy wise disposal. Lead us whithersoever thou wiltdeal with us as thou pleafest—Give us poverty or riches, prosperity or adversity, as shall feem best to thine infinite wisdom and goodness: only blefs us, we entreat thee, with ferenity, composure, and fatisfaction of mind, and enable us to adorn every flation of life in which thou shalt think proper to place us, by a pious and becoming conduct. May a fense of our entire dependence on thee, and of the uncertain nature of all earthly enjoyments, preferve us from pride and insolence, from a forgetfulness of God, or an ungenerous treatment of our fellow creature, while our circumstances in life are easy and prosperous; and grant, O Lord, we entreat thee, that a consciousness of our own integrity, a well-grounded fense of thy favour, through a Redeemer, and the firm hopes of everlafting happiness, may support us under all the evils of life, and arm us against the fears of death and diffolution. O Lord, we pray, that in the multitude of thy tender compassions, thou wouldst favour all our brethren of mankind with the same spiritual privileges which we enjoy. Blefs in a special manner, the lands of our nativity. Pour out thy Spirit upon all ranks and degrees of men among us. May our friends and relatives be the objects of thy peculiar care and love, and may our enemies be interested in thy pardoning grace. We thank thee, for the mercies of this day, and of all our past years, mercies more than we can reckon up, and infinitely more than we deferve. From our experience of thy goodness in time past, we are encouraged still to feek for refuge under the shadow of thy wings. May the Shepherd of Ifrael,

who never flumbers nor fleeps, watch over our family and interests, during the filence of this night. When we awake in the morning, may we find thee at our right hand, and then we shall not be greatly moved. Incline thine ear to our requests, and accept of our persons and services, through the merits and mediation of Jesus Christ the righteous, to whom, with thee, O Father, and the Holy Spirit, we would ascribe, as is most due, everlasting praise and glory. Amen.

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FAMILY DEVOTIONS.

EVENING

PRAYER II.

O thou, whose name alone is Jehovah, thou art the most high God over all the earth. Thy greatness is unsearchable, thy understanding is infinite, and thy tender mercies are over all thy works. From everlasting to everlasting thou art God, with whom there is no variableness, neither shadow of turning. Thou, O Lord, sillest heaven and earth with thy presence. Thou searchest the heart, and triest the reins, of the children of men. Thou knowest our down-sitting and our up-rising, and art intimately acquainted with all our ways. Yea, all things are naked and open to the eyes of that God with whom we have to do. Impress upon our minds, we beseech thee, O

Lord, a deep and lively fense of all thy glorious perfections, that we may worship thee in the beauty of holiness, and sanctify thy name, in our religious approaches to thee. May we be enabled to draw near thee at this time, with an awful and reverend fense of thy majesty upon our spirits, and with an humble trust and confidence in thy mercy. We are vile, O Lord, what shall we answer thee? we have lost our original righteousness, our natures are wholly depraved by the apostacy of our first parents, and our lives have been stained with many actual transgressions. But in this we would rejoice, that though we are finners. we have an Advocate at thy right hand, Jesus Christ the righteous, who is the propitiation for our fins. This is a faithful faying, and we esteem it worthy of all acceptation, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners, even the chief of finners. Enter not into judgment with us, thy unworthy fervants, O Lord, but hear that bleffed Advocate in our behalf, who maketh intercession for transgreifors, and whose blood cleanfeth from all fin.

Blot out our fins as a thick cloud from the book of thy remembrance, and cast them into the depths of the fea: and we humbly pray, thou wouldst enable us firmly to believe, that though our fins have been as scarlet, yet through faith in the blood of atonement, they shall be whiter than snow, and though in number, more than the fands on the sea shore, they shall by this means, be covered and done away. Against all the fiery darts of the wicked one, may this prove to us an impenetrable shield; under the most distressing accusations of guilt, may Christ crucified appear to us a hiding place from the wind, and a covert from the tempest of divine wrath. And grant that the riches of thy grace in Christ, may overcome our natural enmity, and the disaffection of our hearts to thee and thy laws. May the love of Christ constrain us to live from henceforth, not to ourselves, but to him who died for us; and rose again. May we have fellowship with Christ in his death, and feel the power of his refurrection raifing up our fouls to newness of life. Lead us in the paths of

righteousness, we befeech thee, O Lord, for thy name's fake. Cast us not away from thy presence, and take not thy Holy Spirit from us; otherwife like Samson, our strength will depart from us, and we shall become like other men. O lead us, we pray, Lord, in that narrow but safe way, in which thy presence is obtained and enjoyed; and whenever we are tempted to turn aside from it, either to the right hand or to the left, let us hear thy gracious voice faying to us, "this is the way "walk ye in it." Preferve us by thy grace, from stepping aside into the paths of the destroyer, and teach us to look upon every forbidden enjoyment, as an accurfed thing. Search us, O God, and know our hearts; try us and know our thoughts; fee if there be any wicked way in us, and lead us in the way everlafting.

We bless thee, O Lord, for thy goodness to us through the past day, and for every circumstance that is comfortable in our lot on this evening. Continue thy loving kindness to us, and perfect what concerneth us. May each of us in this family, and all whom we

ought to remember in thy presence, dwell this night in safety under the shadow of thy wings. Spare us, if it be thy blessed will, to see the light of a new day, and as our day is, let our strength be. Hear and accept of us, for the merits of our Redeemer, who is God over all, blessed for ever more. AMEN.

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FAMILY DEVOTIONS.

EVENING

PRAYER III.

O Lord, our God! Thou art infinitely great, and infinitely good. Thy glory transcends all our thoughts, and thy tender mercies are over all thy works. Innumerable are the obligations which thou hast laid us under, to worship and to serve thee; for we are the daily objects of thy bounty, and we appear this evening at thy footstool, the living monuments of thy long-suffering patience and forbearance. We adore thy name, that while thy glorious perfections check and forbid our approaches, we are encouraged, nay invited, by the revelation of thy grace in the gospel, to draw near unto thee, and to put our trust in thee, as our merciful and reconciled God

and Father in Christ Jesus. We would confels our transgressions unto the Lord, humbly pleading, that thou wouldst forgive our fins and iniquities, and give us grace to forfake them in time to come. We have cause to be humbled in thy presence, on account of our early apostacy from thee our God, and the prevailing alienation of our hearts and affections from thee. Thou didst indeed create us O Lord, after thy own bleffed image, in an holy and happy estate: but alas! man being in honour, did not long continue, but foon became vain in his imagination and pursuits, and reduced himfelf too nearly, to a level with the beafts that perish. We must acknowledge with forrow and contrition, that fin hath corrupted all our powers, and perverted them from the ends for which we were made. We are fo averfe to good, and fo prone to evil, that we must acknowledge it is owing to thy rich mercy and free grace, that we are yet fpared in the land of hope.

Bleffed be thy name, that where fin abounded, grace did more abound; Christ was exalted

as a Prince and a Saviour, to give repentance to Ifrael, and forgiveness of sins. O grant, that he may be made to every foul amongst us, what he is to all thy faithful people, wifdom, righteousness, fanctification and redemption. From that infinite fulness that dwells in Christ, may we receive grace sufficient for us, to pardon our fins, and fubdue our iniquities. Grant, that by the powerful influence of thy Holy Spirit upon our hearts, we may be enabled daily to die unto fin, and to live unto righteoufness; to lay aside every weight, and the fin that doth most easily beset us. O let not fin reign in our mortal bodies, that we should obey it in the lusts thereof. Let there be no fin in us, but what is known and felt, hated, lamented and refifted by us. May we hate every false way, and esteem thy precepts concerning all things to be right. Transform us more into that bleffed image, after which thou didst create us; and make us partakers of a divine nature; that we may at length be qualified for feeing thee as thou art, and meet to be partakers of the inheritance of

the faints in light. While thou art pleafed to continue us in a state of trial and probation, preferve us from the evil that is in the world. Give us hearts to know thee, to love and obey thee, and to trust in thee at all times and in all fituations. Deliver us we befeech thee, from every thing that may prove a hindrance to our falvation, or that may retard us in running our christian race with patience and fortitude. Suffer us not to be overcharged with the cares of this life, to be enfnared by its pleasures, nor to fink under its burdens. May we be kept by thy almighty power, through faith unto eternal falvation. The fame mercies that we ask for ourselves, we entreat also for our brethren of mankind. O bring nigh unto thee all those that are yet afar off. May the glad tidings of falvation be published to all the ends of the earth, and grant that the power of religion may prevail among all who have a form of godlines. Bless the church and nation to which we belong, and all ranks and orders of men, from the King upon the Throne, to the meanest subject. Prosper the

ministration of gospel ordinances in this corner of thy vineyard. Encourage and encrease the number of those that truly fear thy name, and feek thy face. Be the God of this family, and grant that we may be thy faithful fervants devoted to thy fear. May the portion of Jacob be the choice of each of us. May the strength of Ifrael be our ftay, and the atonement of Jesus our refuge. Be very gracious to our absent friends. We recommend them to thy favour and protection, who art the confidence of all the ends of the earth, and of those that are far off upon the fea. Forgive those who have done or wished us evil, and give us from the heart to forgive them. We recommend to thy tender compassion the fick and afflicted, the poor and the needy, the tempted and difconfolate, the widows and fatherless. Be thou a prefent help to them in time of trouble. O Lord, draw near in mercy, as a reconciled God and Father in Christ, to those who are drawing near the gates of death. Prepare each of us for that great change which will bring us down to the grave, the house appointed for -

all living. We befeech thee to preferve us in our integrity to our dying day, that we may finish our course with joy, and our flesh may rest in hope that when Christ who is our life shall appear, we may also with him appear in glory. We defire now to ascribe the praise due to thy name for that goodness of thine which has protected us and provided for us through the day past. Impress, we beseech thee O Lord, fuch a deep fense of thy loving kindness and tender mercies upon our hearts, as shall awaken our gratitude, constrain us to a more careful obedience, and encourage our constant trust in thy providence and grace. May goodness and mercy still follow us. To thy gracious protection we commit ourselves and all our interests, during the filent watches of the night, that no evil may come nigh our persons or our dwellings. With our souls may we defire thee in the night,—with our spirits within us, may we feek thee early. Incline thine ear to our requests, O Lord, and accept of us, for the fake of Jesus Christ, our strength and our Redeemer. AMEN.

FAMILY DEVOTIONS.

FOR THE LORD'S DAY

MORNING.

Holy, holy, holy Lord God Almighty, who art, and wert, and art to come. Thou art the former of our bodies, the Father of our fpirits, and the fountain of all our happiness. We desire on this morning of thy day, to draw night to the footstool of thy throne, with all that humility and veneration, which greatness like thine can inspire in minds like ours. We desire at this time to join our humble adorations with the more exalted services of angels and arch-angels, and those myriads of blessed spirits who behold thy face in righteousness, and celebrate thy praises, without interruption, and without weariness. We rejoice, O Lord, that though thou art the high and the losty

One who inhabiteth eternity, yet fuch is thine amazing condescension, that thou dost not disdain to hear the voice that arises from the dust. To this man wilt thou look, and with this man wilt thou dwell, who is of an humble and contrite spirit, and who trembles at thy word. We rejoice, that though we are apoftate guilty creatures, unworthy to lift up our eyes to that place of purity where thine honour dwelleth, that we have a powerful Advocate at thy right hand, Jesus Christ the righteous, who is the propitiation for our fins. We blefs thee, who art revealing thyfelf in the gospel, feated upon a throne of grace, waiting to be gracious and merciful to every returning penitent finner. We adore thy name, that notwithstanding our unfruitfulness in time past, yet thou art lengthening out our days of grace, and making the outgoings of the evening and the morning to rejoice over us. This is the day which the Lord hath made; which he hath fet apart peculiarly for his own worship and fervice; we will rejoice and be glad in it. Save now, we befeech thee, O Lord, fend

now prosperity. We bless thee, that the gate of thy temple is still open to receive us. May we enter thy gates with thanksgiving and thy courts with praise. May we on this day, worship thee, who art a Spirit, in spirit and in truth.

Enable us by faith, to realize thy glorious and thy gracious presence, to solemnize and to encourage our hearts. O grant us the affistance of thy holy Spirit in every part of the facred fervice. Raife us above that dulnefs and languor which fo often oppress us; and preferve us from the intrusion of vain and wandering thoughts. May our confessions of fin, our prayers and supplications, our praises and thanksgivings, be the language of our inmost foul, and an acceptable facrifice, through Christ our Lord. Countenance all the wor-Thipping affemblies of thy people, who shall meet together on this day throughout the world. Enable thy fervants who administer in holy things, rightly to divide the word of truth; and grant that they may speak in demonstration of the Spirit, and with power. May the

the hearers of the gospel, receive with meekness the ingrafted word, which is able to save their fouls. May they receive it with faith and love, lay it up in their hearts, and practife it in their lives. O Lord, look with compassion upon those unhappy wanderers, who, not knowing the things that belong to their peace, devote this day to forbidden pleasure. May they be brought home to thy fold, and made to rejoice in thy holy word, which they now despise. Let this O Lord, be a day of comfort to the afflicted.—Let the oppressed and defolate, and the troubled in mind, flock to thy house, and find comfort there. O let them not return ashamed. Let the poor and the needy praise thy name. Be gracious to all who shall wait upon thee this day, hungering and thirsting after righteousness. May each of us who now worship at thy footstool, be of that happy number, and do thou fatisfy us with the goodness of thy house, even of thy holy temple. Affift us gracious God, as we are to be feverally employed, in speaking and in hearing thy word. Make thy grace fuffi-

cient for us, and thy strength perfect in our weakness. O fend forth thy light and thy truth, and do thou powerfully impress the weight of eternal things upon our minds. Difpose us, O Lord, to attend to the instructions of thy word, with an earnest desire to know thy will, and a fixed resolution to practise it. And do thou accompany it with fuch power to our hearts, that it may convince us of fin, determine us to our duty, and guide us to life everlasting. We commit ourselves to the protection of thy providence and grace, through the whole of this day. Preserve us from every evil that we fear or deferve; especially from that which we ought to dread as the greatest; from offending God; when we are professing to worship and to honour him. Enable us to discharge every duty to which we are called on this day, both public and private, in fuch a manner, as shall prove acceptable to thee, and comfortable and beneficial to our own fouls. Grant, O Lord, that every fucceffive opportunity, which thou affordest us of waiting on thee in thy house, may increase in us all those

holy dispositions, which will prepare and qualify us for the more exalted worship of heaven, where we shall join the General Assembly and Church of the first born, in celebrating the praises of him that sitteth upon the throne, and of the Lamb for ever and ever. Amen.

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FAMILY DEVOTIONS.

FOR THE LORD'S DAY

EVENING.

O MOST bleffed and glorious God! Thy name is excellent in all the earth; and thou hast fet thy glory above the heavens. Thou art great, and greatly to be praifed; thou art good, and greatly to be loved; and worthy to receive the united adoration and homage of all thy reasonable creatures. Thou needest not, indeed, our fervices, nor canst thou receive the least advantage from our praises: but never can we be more honourably or advantageoufly employed, than in celebrating thy perfections, admiring thy works, gratefully recollecting the past instances of thy goodness, and imploring the continuance of thy kind and favourable regards.

We defire this evening to bless thy name, that thou hast not made the wilderness our habitation, nor the barren land our dwelling, but that thou hast fixed our lot in a civilized and fruitful country, in a land of light and liberty, wherein we enjoy the inestimable privilege of attending thy folemn worship, and of being instructed in the way of falvation. We adore thy name for the continued communication of fo much unmerited favour, for all our enjoyments in the present life, and for our prospects in that which is to come. We ascribe praise to thy name, for all those powers. with which thou haft endowed our minds, and all those feelings with which thou hast replenished our hearts;—for the hopes thou hast inspired, the discoveries thou hast given, and the privileges thou hast vouchsafed. We bless thee, O Lord, that thy ways are not as our ways, nor thy thoughts as our thoughts; that even when we turned our back upon thee, and rebelled against thee, thy thoughts towards us were thoughts of peace, and not of evil; and therefore, instead of stretching forth thy mighty

hand to destroy us, thou hast made bare an arm of falvation in our behalf. And now, O Lord, as thou hast been graciously pleased to reveal to us the glad tidings of falvation, enlarge our minds, we befeech thee, that we may be better able to comprehend the breadth and length, and depth and height of the love of Christ which passeth knowledge. Impress upon each of our hearts a lively fense of our obligations to that bleffed Saviour who loved us and washed us from our fins in his own blood. Grant, O Lord, that we may not be of the unhappy number of those, who hear of this almighty Saviour and yet reject him, as the unbelieving Jews did. Let it never be faid of any of us, that he came to us, and we received him not. Enable us by thy grace, to receive him as he is offered in the gospel, to hearken to his instructions, to follow him as our guide and pattern, to rely on his atonement, and to fubmit chearfully to his authority.

Let it not content us, O Lord, to call ourfelves by the name of Christ; but may we remember that he came into the world, not

merely to give us a new name, but to make us new creatures. Lord, enable us then to put off the old man which is corrupt, and to put on the new man, which, after God, is created in righteousness and true holiness. May the word of thy grace, which we are favoured to hear from time to time, make us more fruitful in every good work. Through the powerful influence of thy Spirit accompanying the truth, may our faith be more and more strengthened, and our love towards God, and to one another, be made to abound: and grant that we may at last receive the end of our faith, even the falvation of our fouls. Hear, we entreat thee, O God of mercy, those intercessions, which have this day been offered up to thy divine Majesty, for all mankind. May the whole earth share with us in all our distinguished privileges as christians. May all the churches of Christ, wherever difperfed, and by whatever name distinguished, partake of his Spirit, and be abundantly watered with the dew of heaven. Bless all christian kings and magistrates, especially our

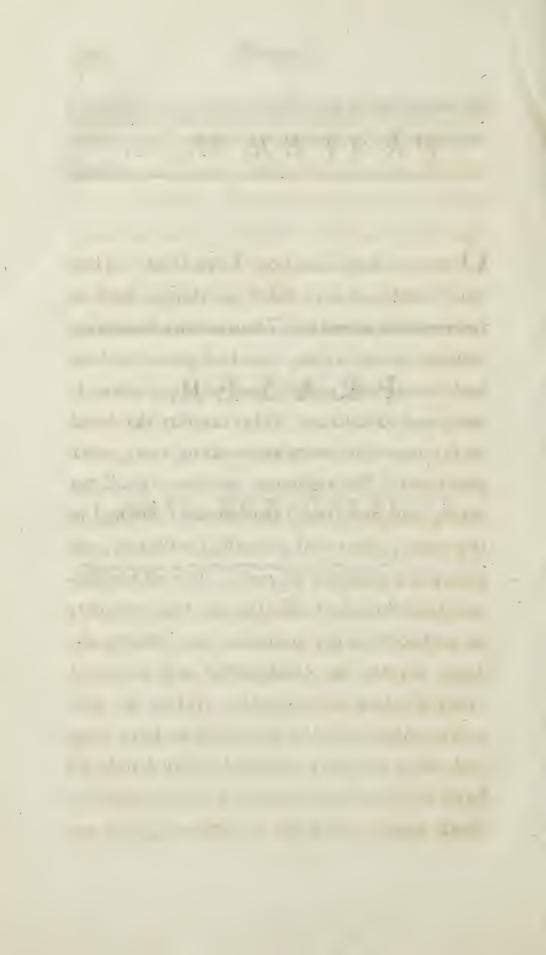
gracious Sovereign, King George. Make the ministers of the gospel, faithful, diligent and fuccessful. Hear the prayers likewise that have been offered up this day, for the afflicted and diffrest, whether in mind, body, or circumstances. May all their wants and ours, be abundantly supplied from thine inexhaustable fulness. O Lord, we bless thy name, for the renewed opportunity which we had this day, of waiting upon thee in thy house. We hope it has been good for us to draw near unto thee, in the ordinances of thine appointment. Pardon, we befeech thee, those imperfections that have attended our religious fervices, and accept of whatever has been in fincerity attempted with a fingle eye to thy glory. Wash us thoroughly from all our fins, in the fountain opened for fin and for uncleanness. Defend us from all the dangers of the, enfuing night, during the filent and defenceless hours of rest; and grant, that we may arise in the morning, with renewed vigour to engage in the services of the following day. Hear our prayers for ourselves, and our intercessions

for others, which we offer up in the name of Jesus Christ, our strength and our Redeemer. Amen.

PRAYER,

WHEN

VISITING THE SICK.



PRAYER, &c. &c.

O MOST high and holy Lord God. Thou ever livest and over rulest all things, both in heaven and in earth. Thou art the Sovereign disposer of all events, who hast power to heal, and to wound; to kill, and to bring alive; to fave, and to destroy. Who can stay thy hand, or fay unto thee with a prevailing voice, what dost thou? Yet righteous art thou in all thy ways, and holy in all thy works. Bleffed be thy name, thou dost not afflict willingly, nor grieve the children of men. It is in faithfulness that thou hast afflicted us, that we may be partakers of thy holiness: for, whom the Lord loveth, he chasteneth, and scourgeth every fon that he receiveth. When we ferioully consider what we are, what we have done, and what we have deferved at thy hand, we have just cause to wonder, that we enjoy so much good, and fuffer fo little evil; that our

pleasures are so great an over-balance to our pains and forrows, and that the afflictions we do experience, are deligned for our discipline, instruction, and everlasting benefit. We must acknowledge, with forrow and contrition, that we have been unprofitable fervants to thee, our great Lord and Master, who have been far from improving to thy glory, our time, our health, our talents, and opportunities of usefulness. How justly then do we deserve to be deprived of these mercies which we have abused, and to be visited with pain and sickness. It is of thy mercies that we are not confumed, even because thy compassions fail not. It well becomes us, O Lord, with humility and thankfulness to receive all the corrections and chastisements which thou art pleased to inflict, and to believe that to be good for us, which thy infinite wifdom and kindness allots for our portion. We adore thy name, that we can be in no circumstance of distress, in which thou art not able to support and deliver us. Thou knowest every pain we feel, every anxious thought that oppresseth

us: thou art also rich in mercy, and a prefent help in every time of need. We adore thee, that thou hast encouraged us to flee to thee in all our distresses, to call upon thee in the day of trouble, and that we have a great high priest at thy right hand to plead for us, who is touched with a feeling of our infirmities, who was himself a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief. For his fake, we humbly pray, thou wouldst forgive that folly which has made us so unmindful of thee in time past. We render thanks to thee for awakening our minds to the confideration of God and religion, even though it is done by a fevere stroke of affliction. We would esteem it a mercy, to be brought to seriousness and to prayer, by any methods which thou mayest be pleased to take for this purpose, be they ever so painful. O Lord, we find, that though we can live regardless of thee in times of prosperity, we cannot support adversity, without thy help: then we find, how wretched a condition it is to be in, not to have God for our friend. O fanctify that discovery

that it may effectually cure us of our forgetfulness of God, that it may cause us to return to thee with our whole heart;—and that we may never more forsake thee, the fountain of living waters.

Look in mercy, we befeech thee, upon thy fervant who now lies on a fick bed, in a low and distrest estate. Make this visitation of thy providence, beneficial to him. O may it be accompanied with fuch mercy, fuch grace to his foul, that he may have reason to all eternity to fay, that it was good for him to be afflicted. May he, in this confinement, learn, and be duly affected with, those great and bleffed truths of thy word which none of us regard with fufficient attention, in the hours eafe and health. O that he may favingly learn, that there is nothing so much to be defired as an interest in thy favour; that there is no hope for finful man, but in the mercy of God; that fin is the greatest evil, holiness the greatest good,—and that Christ is the only refuge for a guilty foul. We humbly entreat thee, O heavenly Father, that if it be confistent with

thy will, he may be raifed up again, and that he may be yet continued among us, living a holy, exemplary and comfortable life; happy in himself, and a bleffing to those with whom he is connected. May it please thee to moderate his fufferings, and do thou direct us to the best methods for his relief, and be mercifully pleafed to give fuccess to them. May he patiently submit to what he may have to bear, and under the sharpest pains which he may endure, enable him to adore and blefs thee, for not dealing with him according to the full defert of his fins. But above all, we request, that this affliction may be accompanied with the grace of thy Holy Spirit to him, that true repentance, and a lively faith and an ardent desire after holiness, may be wrought in his heart, and thereby he may be made fit, either to live or die; so that whatever be the issue of this fickness, it may end in the glory of thy name, and be made to contribute to the good of his foul. And, O Lord, teach us who are in health, to profit by what we sec others suffer. Let the sight of an afflicted

fellow-creature, fill us with thankfulness for the comforts we at present enjoy, and stir us up to provide against the hour of trial, which may one day come upon ourselves. O may we seek thee while thou art to be found, and call upon thee while thou art near. May we seriously attend to the voice of our Redeemer, and like Mary, choose that good part which shall never be taken from us. These mercies for our afflicted brother, and for ourselves, we humbly ask, in the name and through the mediation of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, to whom with the Father and the Holy Spirit, be ascribed endless praises. Ame'n.

PRAYER,

WHEN

DEATH VISITS A FAMILY.

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PRAYER, Gc. Gc.

O LORD, from everlasting to everlasting thou art God, the fame to day, yesterday, and for ever, without variableness or shadow of turning. Thou livest and reignest for ever and ever. We are but of yesterday, and we cannot boast of to morrow. Our foundation is in the dust, and we dwell in cottages of clay. Man that is born of a woman, is of few days and full of trouble: he cometh forth like a flower, he fleeth also as a shadow and is not. Lord, what is man? Surely every man living, even at his best estate, is altogether vanity. What man is he that liveth and shall not fee death? In this respect, there is one event to the righteous and the wicked; the precious and the vile. They all yield up the ghost and go down to the grave, the house of filence. We have daily instances of mortality before our eyes. Many of our neighbours and acquaintances, and of those who were near and dear to us, have

been fnatched away by death, the grand leveller, while we are yet spared, living monuments of thy patience and forbearance. Our lives, we acknowledge, are in thy hands, and all our enjoyments are at thy disposal. It well becomes us, therefore, to acquiesce chearfully in all thy appointments, to be dumb and not to open our mouth, even when the bitterest cup is administered to us, because it seems good in thy fight, O thou wife and fovereign physician of fouls! O Lord our God, out of the depths of affliction and forrow, we defire to lift up our fouls unto thee, for our help and our hope are in thee. Our friends are daily dying away,—we live in a world subject to dissolution and decay, but thou changest not, and thou haft been the refuge of thy people in all generations. The Lord liveth! let our hearts rejoice; and let the God of our falvation be for ever exalted. The Lord hath given, and the Lord hath taken away, bleffed be the name of the Lord! O let us never dare to harbour in our hearts a murmuring or repining thought, far less to say with our lips that the Lord hath dealt hardly with us. May we rather be thank-

ful that we ever possest the comforts which we now lament the loss of, and that we enjoyed them fo long. May we rejoice, that we had any thing to part with, whereby we might testify the strength of our faith in thy promifes; and our refignation to thy will. Bleffed be thy name, that we have still many comforts in this life continued to us, and that thou hast not bereaved us of all our enjoyments. Blessed be God, that we are not left to forrow as those who have no hope, for if we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so, them that fleep in Jesus, will God bring with him. We bless thee that life and immortality are clearly brought to light by that Saviour, who is the conqueror of death, and hath declared himself to be the resurrection and the life. Bleffed be thy name, that we have good hope through grace, that we and our departed friends, who died in the Lord, shall one day meet, never more to part, in those bleffed mansions. where fin and forrow never enter. May we comfort ourselves and one another with these glorious prospects. When we are overwhelmed with grief, may the confolations of thy

Holy Spirit support our souls. Let not our grief for the loss of even the excellent ones of the earth, exceed its due bounds. Instead of lamenting our loss in being deprived of them, let us rather strive to profit by their example. Let us remember how they shewed us the way of peace. Let us remember how thou didst strengthen them to resist the influence of prevailing wickedness. Let us not forget the patience thou gavest them in suffering, and the composure with which they were blessed in death; and by the recollection of these things, may we be encouraged and excited to pray for the grace which made them what they were.

Teach us, O Lord, by every instance of human mortality, to cease from man whose breath is in his nostrils, and to fix our dependence on him, who sayeth to his church, Lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world. O gracious God, what wait we for? our hope is in thy mercy. What though our tender parents die?—what though the friend who was as our own soul, or the minister by whose care and labours we were edified,

be taken from us? we know that our Redeemer liveth, and he ever lives to make intercellion for us. O that every stroke which separates the creature from us, might-ferve to unite us more closely to the Creator. On him may we live. To whom shall the widow or the orphan look, but to Him, who is the same yesterday, to day and for ever; and who is able to make all things work together for good. O look in mercy on every foul in this family. May this be the happy effect of their affliction, to wean their hearts from this vain world, and to engage them to set their affections on things above. Look especially on the younger branches of the family: - fuffer not their eyes to be dazzled with the false glory of this perishing world: let not their inexperienced minds be led away by the deceitful appearances of prefent things. Give them grace to feek thee early, that they may be glad and rejoice all their days. O that from this time, they may each one, cry unto thee, my Father! thou art the guide of my youth.

Gracious God, teach each of us to moderate our affections towards the things that are

feen and are temporal. Let the momentous concerns of eternity have a more powerful influence upon us from henceforth, than they have had in time past. On all occasions may we remember, that the time is short, that it becomes us to weep, as though we wept not; and to rejoice, as though we rejoiced not. May we give all diligence to make our calling and election fure; that fo, when our earthly house of this tabernacle shall be dissolved, we may have a building of God, a house not made with hands eternal in the heavens. Hear us in these things, O Lord, and accept of us in thy beloved Son, who is worthy, though we are utterly unworthy. To whom, with thee O Father, and the Holy Spirit, we defire to ascribe glory and honour, dominion and power, through eternal ages. AMEN.



